

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9540, 7.3810, 10.5959)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.9540, 7.3810, 10.5959)
contains.

XYZ(19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(19.1653, 9.6569,
10.9791)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD005C
RGB	173, 0, 92
RGB Percent	68%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.3216, 0.9999, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.47, 0.32
HSL	328°, 100%, 34%
HSV	328°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791
YIQ	62.2150, 73.5760, 65.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

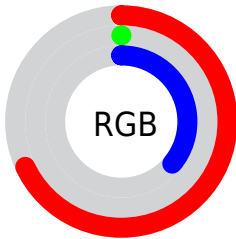
Format	Color
RYB	173, 0, 92
Decimal	11337820
CIELab	37.22, 63.80, -1.33
CIELCh	37, 63.819, 358.805
Yxy	9.6569, 0.4815, 0.2426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289527900 (0xFFAD005C)
YUV	62.2150, 14.6840, 97.1584
Hunter-Lab	31.0756, 55.7045, 0.8055

Details

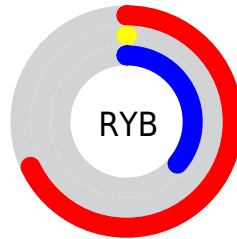
The XYZ color **19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **16.4300, 30.4816, 12.8071**, and the grayscale version is **4.5838, 4.8225, 5.2517**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.3554, 25.0140, 28.2397**, and **7.4525, 3.7826, 3.0267** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.1648, 9.6567, 10.9764**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7442, 10.2173, 13.0139**.

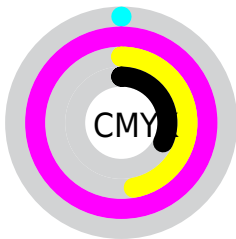
Distribution



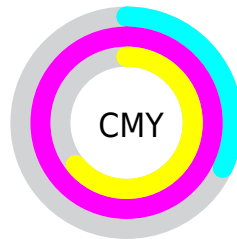
- Red (68%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19.1653, 9.6569,
10.9791


 19.1653, 9.6569,
10.9791

240.2804,
188.2055, 208.2564


 11.8945, 5.1721,
5.9388


 41.5279, 25.1481,
28.2576


 6.7436, 2.3486,
2.7397


 57.3505, 36.9233,
41.3328


 3.3471, 0.7992,
0.9633

 76.7543, 51.8974,
57.9234

 1.3399, 0.0000,
0.0000

 100.1048, 70.4549,
78.4480

 0.2128, 0.0000,
0.0000

 127.7673, 92.9800,
103.3250

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 160.1072,

119.8572, 132.9731

197.4898,
151.4709, 167.8107

■ 19.1653, 9.6569,
10.9791

■ 19.1653, 9.6569,
10.9791

■ 19.1648, 9.6567,
10.9764

■ 19.7442, 10.2173,
13.0139

■ 20.5412, 11.1514,
15.3138

■ 21.6283, 12.6016,
17.9082

■ 23.0393, 14.6338,
20.8136

■ 24.8030, 17.3039,
24.0445

■ 26.9448, 20.6612,
27.6142

■ 29.4877, 24.7501,
31.5349

■ 32.4527, 29.6113,
35.8182

■ 35.8594, 35.2825,
40.4749

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4147, 9.6569, 26.4637



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



17.6607, 9.6569, 3.0906

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



5.9602, 9.6569, 0.5767



5.7550, 9.6569, 42.6614

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



16.4300, 30.4816, 12.8071

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.9693, 9.6569, 25.0238



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



4.0614, 9.6569, 2.7532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



9.3393, 9.6569, 0.0256



3.4525, 9.6569, 10.0636



9.0197, 9.6569, 51.2370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791



15.2050, 9.6569, 1.1387



3.4525, 9.6569, 10.0636



5.0011, 9.6569, 37.1704

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1656, 9.6575, 10.9792



52.5469, 43.8970, 56.0829



10.9148, 4.7559, 39.8777



11.0010, 8.8632, 11.5533



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1656, 9.6575, 10.9792



34.2136, 17.2509, 19.0799



17.2655, 8.8974, 0.9737



8.1765, 8.0839, 9.2403



14.1085, 7.1060, 8.2170



0.4198, 0.2086, 0.3725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1656, 9.6575, 10.9792



34.2136, 17.2509, 19.0799



21.9405, 32.6858, 41.8253



8.1765, 8.0839, 9.2403



14.1085, 7.1060, 8.2170



0.4198, 0.2086, 0.3725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

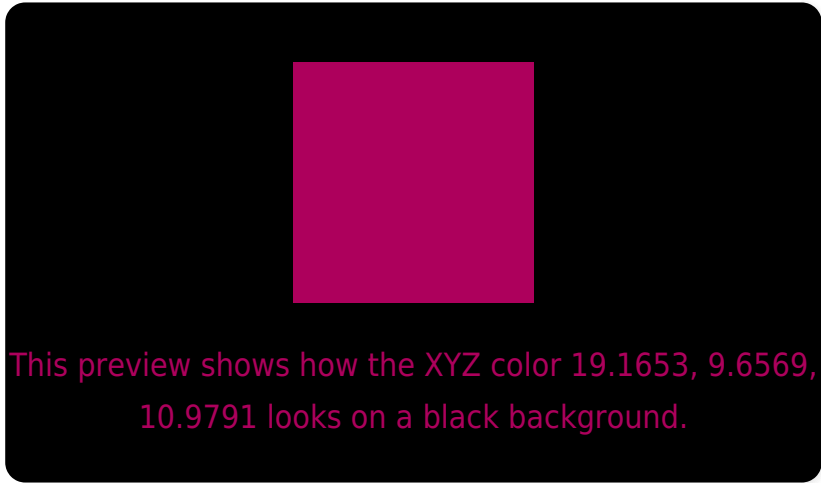
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1653, 9.6569,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791

Protanopia

10.7865, 10.3747, 23.6243

Deuteranopia

10.4147, 10.2390, 10.0217



Tritanopia

17.5731, 10.0028, 2.7548

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791

Protanomaly

11.2887, 7.6138, 18.0142

Deuteranomaly

11.8800, 7.9490, 10.1407

Tritanomaly

17.8597, 9.6066, 4.7838

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791

Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459

Achromatomaly

7.4076, 4.7569, 6.8311

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 0, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 0, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 0, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 0, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 0, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 0, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 0, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 0, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.1653, 9.6569, 10.9791 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 0, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 0,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor