

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9713, 15.7190, 2.0869)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.9713, 15.7190, 2.0869)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(18.0780, 15.8033,
2.0975)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9C6200 |
| RGB | 156, 98, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 61%, 38%, 0% |
| CMY | 0.3882, 0.6157, 1.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.37, 1.00, 0.39 |
| HSL | 38°, 100%, 31% |
| HSV | 38°, 100%, 61% |
| XYZ | 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 |
| YIQ | 104.1700, 66.0260, -18.1820 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

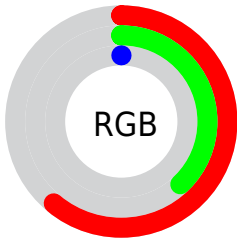
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 92, 156, 0 |
| Decimal | 10248704 |
| CIELab | 46.72, 17.22, 54.52 |
| CIELCh | 47, 57.171, 72.469 |
| Yxy | 15.8033, 0.5025, 0.4392 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288438784 (0xFF9C6200) |
| YUV | 104.1700, -51.3558, 45.4549 |
| Hunter-Lab | 39.7534, 11.6052, 24.6990 |

Details

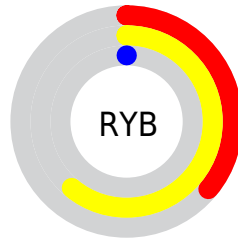
The XYZ color **18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **7.5138, 5.4263, 32.1036**, and the grayscale version is **13.3253, 14.0192, 15.2669**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6141, 36.2789, 9.3295**, and **6.3294, 5.0203, 0.6354** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0782, 15.8038, 2.0976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7314, 16.9654, 2.7622**.

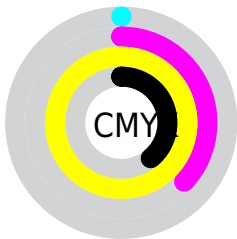
Distribution



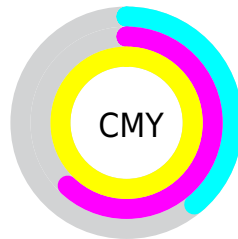
- Red (61%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.0780, 15.8033,
2.0975

■ 18.0780, 15.8033,
2.0975

234.3474,
228.1782, 123.8728

■ 11.1060, 9.3851,
0.6143

■ 39.6992, 36.2564,
9.3057

■ 6.2060, 4.9932,
0.0000

■ 55.0792, 51.0600,
15.9084

■ 3.0126, 2.2433,
0.0000

■ 73.9926, 69.4276,
25.0682

■ 1.1604, 0.7434,
0.0000

■ 96.8046, 91.7435,
37.2036


■ 0.0748, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 123.8808,
118.3921, 52.7333


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 155.5864,


149.7579, 72.0757


 192.2868,
186.2251, 95.6493


 18.0780, 15.8033,
2.0975


 18.0780, 15.8033,
2.0975


 18.0782, 15.8038,
2.0976

 18.7314, 16.9654,
2.7622

 19.4935, 18.2345,
3.8027

 20.3962, 19.6252,
5.3817

 21.4529, 21.1443,
7.5663

 22.6752, 22.7975,
10.4137

■ 24.0734, 24.5900,
13.9743

■ 25.6566, 26.5266,
18.2935

■ 27.4336, 28.6120,
23.4132

■ 29.4122, 30.8503,
29.3719

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.2041, 15.8033, 4.5746



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



13.0554, 15.8033, 1.9478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



7.5045, 15.8033, 23.7985



22.4179, 15.8033, 46.2130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



7.5138, 5.4263, 32.1036

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1736, 15.8033, 59.9828



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



9.0304, 15.8033, 42.9973

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



7.6425, 15.8033, 10.2256



12.3289, 15.8033, 58.5599



26.0640, 15.8033, 26.8074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975



10.4632, 15.8033, 2.9245



12.3289, 15.8033, 58.5599



20.7396, 15.8033, 52.0335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0783, 15.8041, 2.0978



46.4189, 47.9630, 32.7185



14.5206, 7.3921, 4.9091



9.9602, 10.2465, 6.4965



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0783, 15.8041, 2.0978



32.6417, 28.3170, 3.7453



22.3366, 29.1630, 4.4519



6.9627, 7.3054, 7.0288



14.9249, 13.0854, 1.7391



0.3063, 0.3128, 0.0442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5138, 5.4263, 32.1036



13.4726, 9.5067, 58.2516



6.2540, 2.5309, 31.6112



6.4767, 6.8191, 8.3815



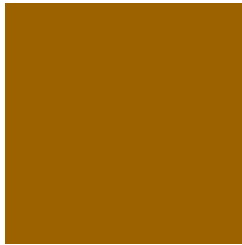
6.2200, 4.5315, 26.4541



0.1501, 0.1588, 0.4860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

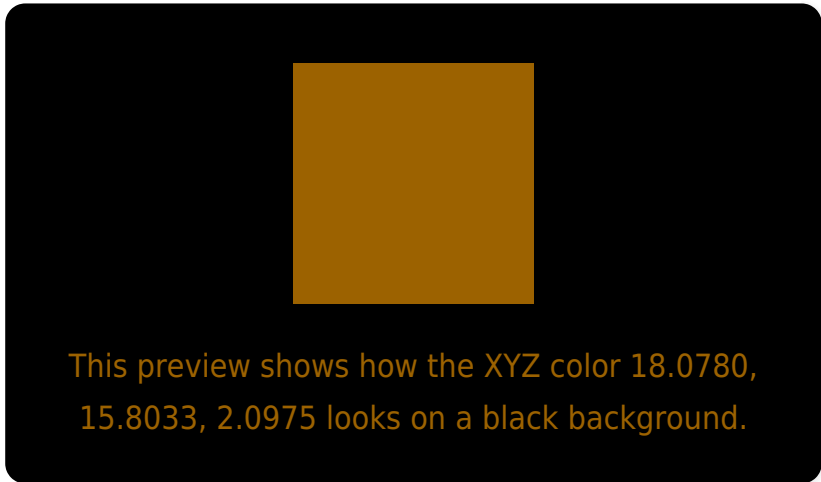
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0780, 15.8033,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975

Protanopia

14.4588, 16.0481, 2.6521

Deuteranopia

16.1385, 15.9708, 2.2321



Tritanopia

20.4429, 15.8376, 13.5348

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975

Protanomaly

15.6126, 15.8491, 2.4373

Deuteranomaly

16.7043, 15.8115, 2.1715

Tritanomaly

19.1703, 15.7241, 6.5821

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975

Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

Achromatomaly

13.9031, 14.1070, 7.1444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 98, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 98, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 98, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 98, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 98, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 98, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 98, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 98, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 98, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 98, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.0780, 15.8033, 2.0975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 98, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 98,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor