

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9855, 13.3524, 2.0735)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.9855, 13.3524, 2.0735)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.9149, 13.2698,  
2.0690)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A34E0F
RGB	163, 78, 15
RGB Percent	64%, 31%, 6%
CMY	0.3608, 0.6941, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.91, 0.36
HSL	26°, 83%, 35%
HSV	26°, 91%, 64%
XYZ	17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690
YIQ	96.2330, 70.8830, -1.5730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

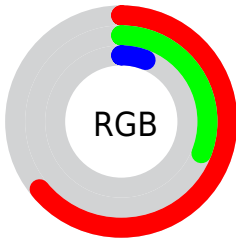
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	163, 125, 15
Decimal	10702351
CIELab	43.17, 31.65, 48.64
CIELCh	43, 58.032, 56.950
Yxy	13.2698, 0.5387, 0.3990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288892431 (0xFFA34E0F)
YUV	96.2330, -40.0479, 58.5547
Hunter-Lab	36.4277, 24.0365, 22.1319

# Details

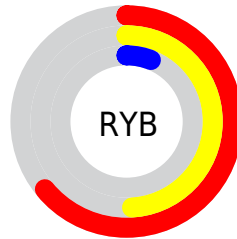
The XYZ color **17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **11.3646, 11.8594, 36.3403**, and the grayscale version is **11.2576, 11.8439, 12.8980**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.5741, 31.9412, 9.2337**, and **6.1732, 3.8716, 0.4219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.2564, 12.0909, 1.4243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7934, 14.7629, 3.1762**.

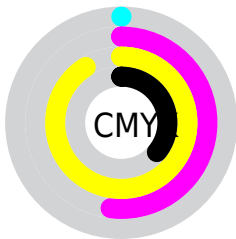
# Distribution



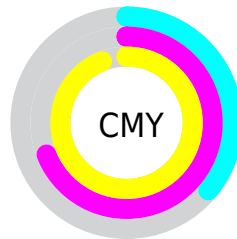
- Red (64%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (6%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.9149, 13.2698,  
2.0690


 17.9149, 13.2698,  
2.0690


233.4458,  
212.6396, 123.4392


 10.9882, 7.6146,  
0.5972


 39.4235, 31.7876,  
9.2286


 6.1262, 3.8493,  
0.0000


 54.7361, 45.4191,  
15.7981


 2.9633, 1.5896,  
0.0000

 73.5747, 62.4780,  
24.9188

 1.1344, 0.3506,  
0.0000

 96.3048, 83.3489,  
37.0092


 0.0536, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 123.2915,  
108.4161, 52.4880


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 154.9004,


138.0641, 71.7735


 191.4967,  
172.6771, 95.2844


 17.9149, 13.2698,  
2.0690


 17.9149, 13.2698,  
2.0690


 17.2564, 12.0909,  
1.4243

 18.7934, 14.7629,  
3.1762

 19.8790, 16.4957,  
4.8896

 21.1899, 18.4818,  
7.2863

 22.7417, 20.7328,  
10.4317

 24.5483, 23.2595,  
14.3834

■ 26.6224, 26.0718,  
19.1934

■ 28.9759, 29.1792,  
24.9091

■ 31.6197, 32.5907,  
31.5746

■ 34.5643, 36.3147,  
39.2310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.9494, 13.2698, 5.9067



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



13.0762, 13.2698, 1.1643

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



5.8205, 13.2698, 13.1760



16.9310, 13.2698, 49.4588

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



11.3646, 11.8594, 36.3403

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1600, 13.2698, 55.7080



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



6.3892, 13.2698, 28.7530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



6.6847, 13.2698, 4.7415



8.4756, 13.2698, 46.5386



21.2933, 13.2698, 32.4997



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690



10.2652, 13.2698, 1.3686



8.4756, 13.2698, 46.5386



15.2929, 13.2698, 53.1986

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9152, 13.2705, 2.0692



49.0118, 48.4678, 37.5646



17.6404, 9.0743, 13.2196



10.7145, 10.4950, 7.7345



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9152, 13.2705, 2.0692



30.7153, 21.2745, 2.4875



26.2034, 29.8470, 4.8320



7.3101, 7.5585, 7.4538



13.4547, 9.4834, 1.1213



0.3291, 0.2921, 0.0390



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3646, 11.8594, 36.3403



18.7438, 18.5444, 64.6476



7.2075, 3.5452, 34.9546



7.0223, 7.5036, 8.9813



8.2675, 8.3144, 28.0989



0.2192, 0.2657, 0.6056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

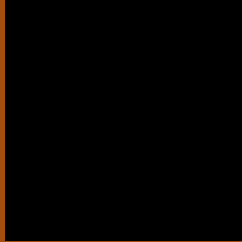
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9149, 13.2698,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690

### Protanopia

12.1975, 13.4714, 2.7164

### Deuteranopia

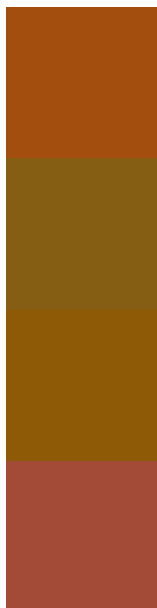
13.4806, 13.2952, 1.8557



## Tritanopia

19.2747, 13.3145, 8.7618

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690

## Protanomaly

13.7931, 13.0390, 2.4059

## Deuteranomaly

14.8389, 13.0741, 1.8850

## Tritanomaly

18.5155, 13.2005, 5.1865

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690

## Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

## Achromatomaly

12.3312, 11.5431, 6.8883

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 78, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 78, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 78, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 78, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 78, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 78, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 78, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 78, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 78, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 78,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.9149, 13.2698, 2.0690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 78, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 78,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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