

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.9992, 15.9748,
18.3544)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886673
RGB	136, 102, 115
RGB Percent	53%, 40%, 45%
CMY	0.4667, 0.6000, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.15, 0.47
HSL	337°, 14%, 47%
HSV	337°, 25%, 53%
XYZ	17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544
YIQ	113.6480, 16.0910, 11.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

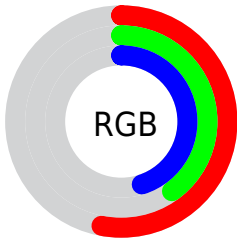
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 102, 115
Decimal	8939123
CIE _{Lab}	46.94, 15.83, -1.96
CIE _{LCh}	47, 15.950, 352.934
Yxy	15.9748, 0.3440, 0.3053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287129203 (0xFF886673)
YUV	113.6480, 0.6665, 19.6027
Hunter-Lab	39.9685, 10.4399, 0.7507

Details

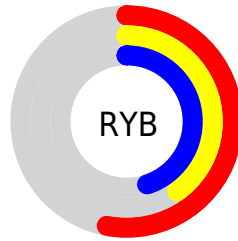
The XYZ color **17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **17.8594, 21.8635, 22.0188**, and the grayscale version is **15.8840, 16.7112, 18.1985**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6015, 36.5196, 41.5210**, and **6.2171, 5.1161, 5.9700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3092, 13.3333, 15.5138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9535, 19.0740, 21.5009**.

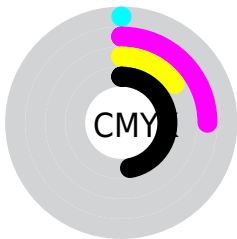
Distribution



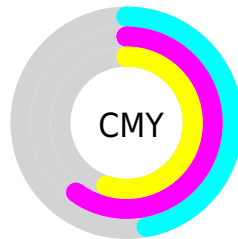
- Red (53%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9992, 15.9748,
18.3544

■ 17.9992, 15.9748,
18.3544

233.9122,
229.1930, 255.1640

■ 11.0491, 9.5063,
11.0327

■ 39.5661, 36.5545,
41.4624

■ 6.1674, 5.0729,
5.9744

■ 54.9135, 51.4344,
58.0857

■ 2.9888, 2.2901,
2.7610

■ 73.7908, 69.8870,
78.6466

■ 1.1478, 0.7685,
0.9739

■ 96.5633, 92.2966,
103.5636

■ 0.0646, 0.0000,
0.0000

123.5963,
119.0476, 133.2553

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

155.2552,

150.5244, 168.1403

191.9054,
187.1114, 208.6370

■ 17.9992, 15.9748,
18.3544

■ 17.9992, 15.9748,
18.3544

■ 16.3092, 13.3333,
15.5138

■ 19.9535, 19.0740,
21.5009

■ 14.8702, 11.1254,
12.9683

■ 22.1818, 22.6490,
24.9614

■ 13.6699, 9.3283,
10.7080

■ 24.6950, 26.7197,
28.7452

■ 12.6944, 7.9159,
8.7219

■ 27.5029, 31.3042,
32.8608

■ 11.9280, 6.8595,
6.9982

■ 30.6150, 36.4196,
37.3162

■ 11.3532, 6.1259,
5.5240

■ 34.0401, 42.0822,
42.1194

■ 10.9458, 5.6694,
4.2839

■ 37.7870, 48.3078,
47.2778

■ 10.7731, 5.4821,
3.7384

■ 41.8638, 55.1113,
52.7989

■ 46.2785, 62.5072,
58.6897

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4222, 15.9748, 22.4380



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



17.7857, 15.9748, 14.5732

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



14.1638, 15.9748, 11.2437



13.6260, 15.9748, 24.2593

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



17.8594, 21.8635, 22.0188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8485, 15.9748, 20.5568



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



13.1454, 15.9748, 13.1687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



15.5154, 15.9748, 10.8389



12.6780, 15.9748, 16.4674



14.8565, 15.9748, 26.1690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544



17.2298, 15.9748, 12.6754



12.6780, 15.9748, 16.4674



13.3062, 15.9748, 23.1583

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9997, 15.9755, 18.3547



38.2030, 38.4841, 42.6278



17.3595, 15.4896, 25.3675



8.8028, 8.8408, 9.8034



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9997, 15.9755, 18.3547



29.9807, 25.4248, 29.4511



17.7028, 16.4955, 14.8222



5.1068, 5.0782, 5.6511



10.2006, 5.1904, 3.5608



0.0745, 0.0372, 0.0592

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9997, 15.9755, 18.3547



29.9807, 25.4248, 29.4511



18.1797, 21.1143, 26.4100



5.1068, 5.0782, 5.6511



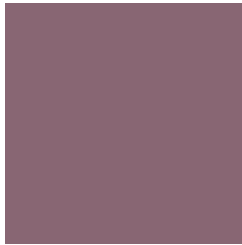
10.2006, 5.1904, 3.5608



0.0745, 0.0372, 0.0592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

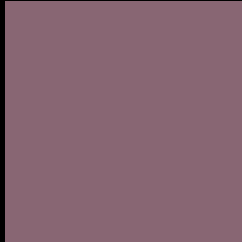
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

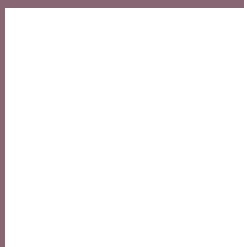
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9992, 15.9748,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544

Protanopia

15.6301, 16.1045, 20.0540

Deuteranopia

16.2850, 16.0050, 18.1505



Tritanopia

17.7112, 15.9991, 17.1936

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544

Protanomaly

16.3783, 16.0262, 19.3697

Deuteranomaly

16.7955, 15.9586, 18.1147

Tritanomaly

17.7666, 16.0212, 17.4852

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

16.6392, 16.5043, 18.2283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 102, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 102, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 102, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 102, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 102, 115) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 102, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 102, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 102, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 102, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 102,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.9992, 15.9748, 18.3544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 102, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
102, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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