

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.0033, 17.1939,
63.9979)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0074D3
RGB	0, 116, 211
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 83%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5451, 0.1725
CMYK	1.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	207°, 100%, 41%
HSV	207°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979
YIQ	92.1460, -99.6310, 4.9530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

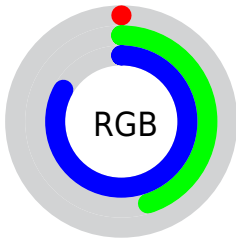
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 211
Decimal	29907
CIELab	48.50, 9.12, -56.32
CIELCh	49, 57.053, 279.196
Yxy	17.1939, 0.1815, 0.1733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219987 (0xFF0074D3)
YUV	92.1460, 58.5950, -80.8120
Hunter-Lab	41.4655, 4.9356, -62.4823

Details

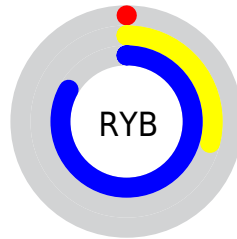
The XYZ color **18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **30.9617, 22.0435, 2.6246**, and the grayscale version is **10.0960, 10.6218, 11.5671**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.1242, 37.5668, 99.9022**, and **8.1289, 6.6565, 32.3089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0005, 17.1883, 63.9974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4679, 19.6592, 64.3970**.

Distribution



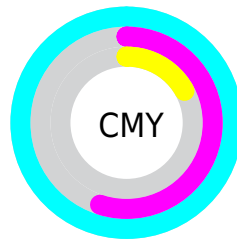
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.0033, 17.1939,
63.9979

■ 18.0033, 17.1939,
63.9979

233.9349,
236.2873, 457.3893

■ 11.0521, 10.3728,
46.2028

■ 39.5730, 38.6589,
112.2074

■ 6.1694, 5.6469,
32.0561

■ 54.9221, 54.0715,
143.4588

■ 2.9900, 2.6316,
21.1392

■ 73.8013, 73.1169,
180.0327

■ 1.1485, 0.9426,
13.0335

■ 96.5759, 96.1793,
222.3478

■ 0.0651, 0.0000,
7.3206

■ 123.6111,
123.6431, 270.8224

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.5819

155.2725,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

155.8928, 325.8752

1.3989

191.9253,
193.3127, 387.9246

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1409

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 18.0033, 17.1939,
63.9979

■ 18.0033, 17.1939,
63.9979

■ 18.0005, 17.1883,
63.9974

■ 19.4679, 19.6592,
64.3970

■ 21.3880, 22.5303,
64.8499

■ 23.8810, 25.8724,
65.3636

■ 27.0123, 29.7237,
65.9420

■ 30.8376, 34.1171,
66.5884

■ 35.4057, 39.0819,
67.3059

■ 40.7608, 44.6448,
68.0974

■ 46.9434, 50.8305,
68.9655

■ 53.9909, 57.6622,
69.9127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.0232, 17.1939, 60.6358



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



23.5603, 17.1939, 51.1046

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



25.4447, 17.1939, 5.7781



8.6265, 17.1939, 10.2391

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



30.9617, 22.0435, 2.6246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7733, 17.1939, 4.0930



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



20.1823, 17.1939, 2.6391

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



28.4209, 17.1939, 14.4840



14.7867, 17.1939, 2.2513



8.2870, 17.1939, 23.7134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979



26.5959, 17.1939, 37.6920



14.7867, 17.1939, 2.2513



9.1347, 17.1939, 7.5031

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0041, 17.1944, 63.9984



62.2623, 68.2187, 104.4937



25.3598, 47.4151, 18.6373



12.5483, 13.8010, 22.2525



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0041, 17.1944, 63.9984



27.4514, 26.0228, 98.1838



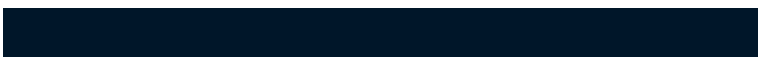
11.8738, 4.9339, 61.9549



11.6946, 12.4794, 15.0360



10.9669, 10.5805, 38.6567



0.6919, 0.7489, 2.1877

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.0172, 15.1111, 17.8577



45.9854, 23.1582, 26.9189



47.6239, 55.3680, 8.1786



12.0767, 11.9154, 13.6798



18.1663, 9.1394, 11.0480



1.0555, 0.5269, 0.8268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

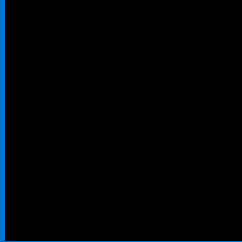
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0033, 17.1939,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979

Protanopia

19.3890, 17.3098, 60.7117

Deuteranopia

17.5019, 17.1788, 60.7859



Tritanopia

12.1631, 17.2159, 25.9745

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979

Protanomaly

18.3290, 16.8998, 61.9705

Deuteranomaly

17.7465, 17.2766, 62.0739

Tritanomaly

13.8185, 17.0596, 37.2149

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979

Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548

Achromatomaly

10.8305, 11.9864, 24.6645

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 116, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 116, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 116, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 116, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 116, 211) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 116, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 116, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 116, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 116, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 116,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.0033, 17.1939, 63.9979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 116, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 116,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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