

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.0054, 23.4721, 19.1279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.0054, 23.4721, 19.1279)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.0586, 23.5465,  
19.2159)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	648F71
RGB	100, 143, 113
RGB Percent	39%, 56%, 44%
CMY	0.6078, 0.4392, 0.5569
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.21, 0.44
HSL	138°, 18%, 48%
HSV	138°, 30%, 56%
XYZ	18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159
YIQ	126.7230, -15.9980, -18.4460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

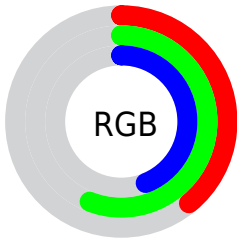
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	100, 133, 143
Decimal	6590321
CIELab	55.63, -21.31, 11.32
CIElCh	56, 24.129, 152.028
Yxy	23.5465, 0.2969, 0.3871
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284780401 (0xFF648F71)
YUV	126.7230, -6.7654, -23.4361
Hunter-Lab	48.5247, -18.4891, 10.4883

# Details

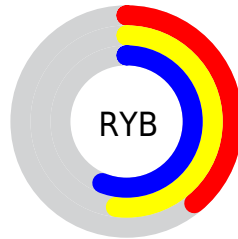
The XYZ color **18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **19.9149, 16.5662, 23.2680**, and the grayscale version is **20.1047, 21.1517, 23.0342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.7067, 49.3245, 43.0251**, and **6.1465, 8.7398, 6.3640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0825, 22.5898, 16.3509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3754, 24.6730, 22.4202**.

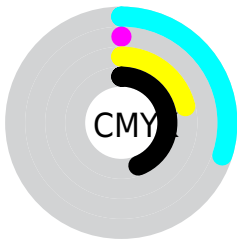
# Distribution



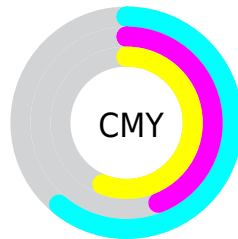
- Red (39%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.0586, 23.5465,  
19.2159

■ 18.0586, 23.5465,  
19.2159

234.2403,  
270.5196, 260.1004

■ 11.0920, 14.9976,  
11.6480

■ 39.6665, 49.2891,  
42.9401

■ 6.1965, 8.8177,  
6.3849

■ 55.0384, 67.2516,  
59.9336

■ 3.0067, 4.6224,  
3.0079

■ 73.9429, 89.1207,  
80.9059

■ 1.1573, 2.0275,  
1.0987

■ 96.7452, 115.2809,  
106.2757

■ 0.0723, 0.6234,  
0.0000

123.8108,  
146.1164, 136.4615

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.5049,

182.0118, 171.8819

192.1930,  
223.3514, 212.9553

■ 18.0586, 23.5465,  
19.2159

■ 18.0586, 23.5465,  
19.2159

■ 16.0825, 22.5898,  
16.3509

■ 20.3754, 24.6730,  
22.4202

■ 14.4288, 21.7918,  
13.8126

■ 23.0463, 25.9740,  
25.9729

■ 13.0800, 21.1442,  
11.5897


■ 26.0864, 27.4578,  
29.8847


■ 12.0165, 20.6374,  
9.6696


■ 29.5093, 29.1312,  
34.1653


■ 11.2160, 20.2600,  
8.0391


■ 33.3278, 31.0005,  
38.8241


 10.6529, 19.9991,  
6.6837

 37.5543, 33.0721,  
43.8702

 10.2632, 19.8220,  
5.5930

 42.2005, 35.3516,  
49.3121

 47.2776, 37.8448,  
55.1584

 52.7965, 40.5571,  
61.4173

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7113, 23.5465, 14.8918



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



17.5353, 23.5465, 26.1736

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



22.5664, 23.5465, 43.7793



27.1299, 23.5465, 18.4659

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



19.9149, 16.5662, 23.2680

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0443, 23.5465, 25.1100



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



25.2799, 23.5465, 40.6049

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



20.0082, 23.5465, 41.3318



27.3416, 23.5465, 33.3522



24.9327, 23.5465, 14.5247



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159



17.8600, 23.5465, 31.6974



27.3416, 23.5465, 33.3522



27.6052, 23.5465, 20.4049

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0592, 23.5475, 19.2164



41.7230, 46.7340, 47.1022



21.3448, 25.3199, 15.8190



9.4123, 10.6412, 10.5981



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0592, 23.5475, 19.2164



29.9061, 40.9883, 30.9132



19.4097, 24.0877, 26.3281



5.4058, 6.0546, 6.1029



9.0827, 17.5289, 4.9896



0.0957, 0.1711, 0.0944



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9149, 16.5662, 23.2680



33.7721, 26.4331, 39.3458



18.6244, 16.0500, 16.4720



5.5578, 5.4836, 6.4351



12.0493, 5.9767, 11.1770



0.1250, 0.0611, 0.1585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

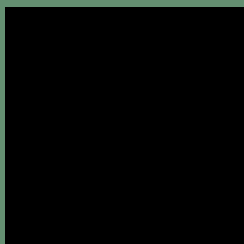
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0586, 23.5465,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159

### Protanopia

22.0788, 23.5205, 17.5636

### Deuteranopia

23.8205, 23.3747, 19.7793



## Tritanopia

20.5767, 23.4727, 31.8799

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159

## Protanomaly

20.3643, 23.4527, 18.2054

## Deuteranomaly

21.1549, 22.9994, 19.5440

## Tritanomaly

19.5309, 23.4768, 26.7946

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159

## Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119

## Achromatomaly

19.2365, 21.9621, 21.6376

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 143, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 143, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 143, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 143, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 143, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 143, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 143, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 143, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 143, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 143,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.0586, 23.5465, 19.2159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 143, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
143, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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