

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.0668, 15.0700, 70.9585)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.0668, 15.0700, 70.9585)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.1351, 15.1746,  
71.0804)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0068DE
RGB	0, 104, 222
RGB Percent	0%, 41%, 87%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5922, 0.1294
CMYK	1.00, 0.53, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	212°, 100%, 44%
HSV	212°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804
YIQ	86.3560, -99.8620, 14.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

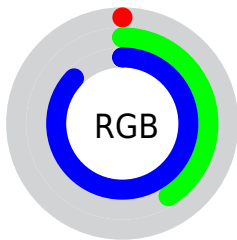
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 71, 222
Decimal	26846
CIELab	45.87, 21.16, -66.82
CIELCh	46, 70.090, 287.569
Yxy	15.1746, 0.1737, 0.1454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216926 (0xFF0068DE)
YUV	86.3560, 66.8725, -75.7342
Hunter-Lab	38.9546, 14.9292, -80.9182

# Details

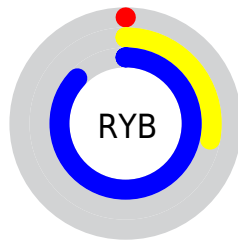
The XYZ color **18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **36.6090, 28.4985, 3.5727**, and the grayscale version is **8.8019, 9.2603, 10.0844**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3145, 33.2743, 99.1690**, and **8.3960, 5.7793, 36.7494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1326, 15.1693, 71.0799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7440, 17.8928, 71.5207**.

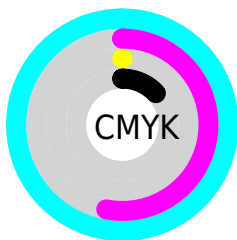
# Distribution



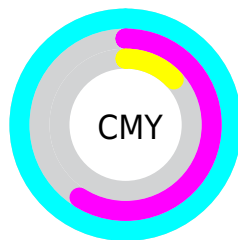
- Red (0%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.1351, 15.1746,  
71.0804

■ 18.1351, 15.1746,  
71.0804

234.6623,  
224.4206, 483.2257

■ 11.1473, 8.9420,  
51.9256

■ 39.7957, 35.1592,  
122.4437

■ 6.2340, 4.7034,  
36.5639

■ 55.1992, 49.6800,  
155.4893

■ 3.0299, 2.0743,  
24.5769

■ 74.1386, 67.7323,  
194.0022

■ 1.1696, 0.6501,  
15.5460

■ 96.9793, 89.7005,  
238.4010

■ 0.0822, 0.0000,  
9.0526

■ 124.0867,  
115.9691, 289.1042

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
4.6782

155.8261,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

146.9224, 346.5303

2.0043

192.5628,  
182.9447, 411.0980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5579

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 18.1351, 15.1746,  
71.0804

■ 18.1351, 15.1746,  
71.0804

■ 18.1326, 15.1693,  
71.0799

■ 19.7440, 17.8928,  
71.5207

■ 21.9109, 21.1551,  
72.0362

■ 24.7676, 25.0387,  
72.6352

■ 28.3910, 29.5916,  
73.3230

■ 32.8464, 34.8560,  
74.1043

■ 38.1916, 40.8695,  
74.9833

■ 44.4787, 47.6664,  
75.9639

■ 51.7556, 55.2789,  
77.0497

■ 60.0665, 63.7369,  
78.2442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1109, 15.1746, 73.0979



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



24.5498, 15.1746, 49.6765

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



23.5364, 15.1746, 2.2575



5.9242, 15.1746, 10.4567

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



36.6090, 28.4985, 3.5727

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5525, 15.1746, 2.8506



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



17.0120, 15.1746, 0.7441

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



28.2075, 15.1746, 8.5127



11.2555, 15.1746, 0.8578



6.0712, 15.1746, 28.4318



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804



27.6946, 15.1746, 32.3254



11.2555, 15.1746, 0.8578



6.2584, 15.1746, 6.9508

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1359, 15.1750, 71.0808



60.6549, 65.0039, 103.9579



29.2007, 53.4746, 24.9193



12.1684, 13.0412, 22.1258



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1359, 15.1750, 71.0808



24.6980, 20.5160, 97.2660



13.2324, 5.2992, 69.4331



13.4786, 14.2964, 17.4368



10.8795, 9.2286, 42.2562



0.8431, 0.8177, 2.9586



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6236, 16.5303, 14.5680



44.5956, 22.6022, 19.6003



55.1254, 67.1949, 10.0659



13.9731, 13.8069, 15.6283



19.4317, 9.8397, 8.9390



1.3918, 0.7000, 0.8563



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

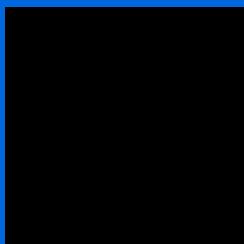
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

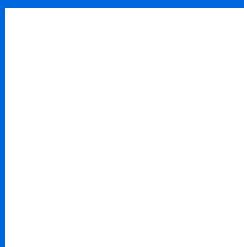
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1351, 15.1746,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

### Protanopia

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

### Deuteranopia

15.0884, 15.1305, 51.4154



## Tritanopia

10.6128, 14.9915, 22.7564

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

## Protanomaly

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

## Deuteranomaly

16.0232, 14.9894, 57.9258

## Tritanomaly

12.5389, 14.6433, 36.3480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804

## Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341

## Achromatomaly

9.8631, 10.3902, 24.4073

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 104, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 104, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 104, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 104, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 104, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 104, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 104, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 104, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 104, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 104,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.1351, 15.1746, 71.0804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 104, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 104,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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