

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.0810, 8.9820, 16.1684)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.0810, 8.9820, 16.1684)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.0289, 8.9564,
16.1078)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A30070
RGB	163, 0, 112
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.31, 0.36
HSL	319°, 100%, 32%
HSV	319°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078
YIQ	61.5050, 61.1960, 69.3880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

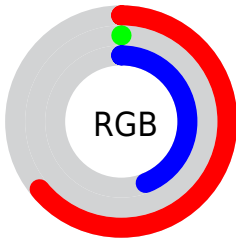
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 112
Decimal	10682480
CIELab	35.90, 63.58, -16.29
CIElCh	36, 65.632, 345.626
Yxy	8.9564, 0.4184, 0.2078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872560 (0xFFA30070)
YUV	61.5050, 24.8940, 89.0111
Hunter-Lab	29.9272, 55.1601, -10.9627

Details

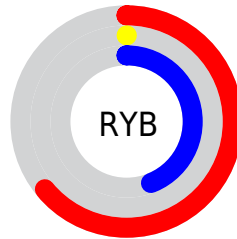
The XYZ color **18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **13.6955, 26.4338, 7.5150**, and the grayscale version is **4.4687, 4.7014, 5.1199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6210, 23.8019, 37.6279**, and **6.8693, 3.4343, 5.1513** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0285, 8.9562, 16.1058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5112, 9.4535, 17.7098**.

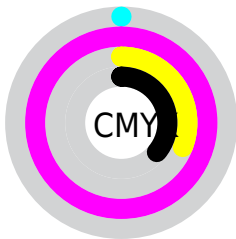
Distribution



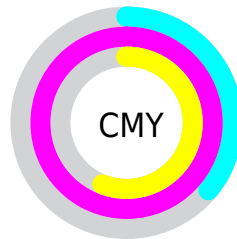
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.0289, 8.9564,
16.1078

18.0289, 8.9564,
16.1078

234.0763,
183.0523, 241.8444

11.0706, 4.7128,
9.4453

39.6163, 23.8131,
37.5546

6.1820, 2.0797,
4.9320

54.9760, 35.1950,
53.1761

2.9977, 0.6532,
2.1494

73.8669, 49.7251,
72.6208

1.1526, 0.0000,
0.6449

96.6543, 67.7878,
96.3075

0.0684, 0.0000,
0.0000

123.7036, 89.7674,
124.6547

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

155.3801,

116.0485, 158.0809

192.0492,
147.0153, 197.0046

■ 18.0289, 8.9564,
16.1078

■ 18.0289, 8.9564,
16.1078

■ 18.0285, 8.9562,
16.1058

■ 18.5112, 9.4535,
17.7098

■ 19.1631, 10.2636,
19.4490

■ 20.0499, 11.5169,
21.3484

■ 21.1999, 13.2698,
23.4187

■ 22.6373, 15.5700,
25.6690

■ 24.3834, 18.4600,
28.1078

■ 26.4574, 21.9777,
30.7424

■ 28.8770, 26.1580,
33.5800

■ 31.6585, 31.0333,
36.6270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0700, 8.9564, 33.7719



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



17.9591, 8.9564, 5.0388

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



6.6499, 8.9564, 0.0000



4.2745, 8.9564, 34.5365

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



13.6955, 26.4338, 7.5150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.1439, 8.9564, 16.7489



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



4.2018, 8.9564, 1.1268

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



10.5116, 8.9564, 0.0000



3.1221, 8.9564, 5.3361



6.7849, 8.9564, 48.8047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



16.1708, 8.9564, 1.8324



3.1221, 8.9564, 5.3361



3.7595, 8.9564, 28.3517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0292, 8.9569, 16.1079



47.1550, 38.9696, 54.7785



7.8737, 3.2957, 34.8715



10.2428, 8.1592, 11.8698



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0292, 8.9569, 16.1079



32.1938, 16.0024, 28.3499



15.3737, 7.8947, 2.1245



7.2695, 7.1643, 8.4057



14.0326, 6.9691, 12.6283



0.3146, 0.1544, 0.3696

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0292, 8.9569, 16.1079



32.1938, 16.0024, 28.3499



17.1540, 27.8172, 25.7269



7.2695, 7.1643, 8.4057



14.0326, 6.9691, 12.6283



0.3146, 0.1544, 0.3696

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

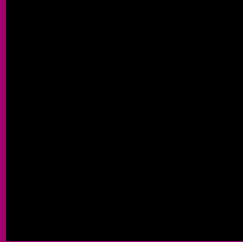
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0289, 8.9564,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078

Protanopia

10.9091, 9.7132, 34.5576

Deuteranopia

9.7288, 9.5432, 14.6939



Tritanopia

15.6919, 9.3695, 3.5662

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



Protanomaly

10.5915, 6.8457, 26.7497



Deuteranomaly

11.0962, 7.3659, 15.0243



Tritanomaly

16.0179, 8.7463, 6.6383

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078



Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459



Achromatomaly

7.3191, 4.6829, 8.1075

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 0, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.0289, 8.9564, 16.1078 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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