

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.1056, 20.3018, 20.8593)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.1056, 20.3018, 20.8593)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.1796, 20.4392,
20.7563)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	738078
RGB	115, 128, 120
RGB Percent	45%, 50%, 47%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4980, 0.5294
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.06, 0.50
HSL	143°, 5%, 48%
HSV	143°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563
YIQ	123.2010, -5.1800, -5.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

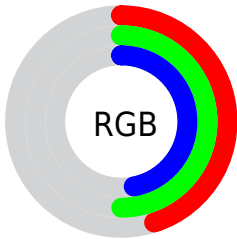
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 124, 128
Decimal	7569528
CIE Lab	52.33, -6.44, 2.71
CIE LCh	52, 6.988, 157.219
Yxy	20.4392, 0.3062, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285759608 (0xFF738078)
YUV	123.2010, -1.5781, -7.1923
Hunter-Lab	45.2097, -7.3392, 4.4261

Details

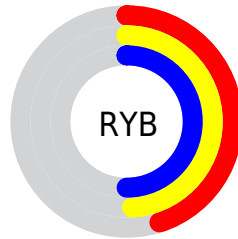
The XYZ color **18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.6087, 18.2813, 21.2878**, and the grayscale version is **18.8998, 19.8841, 21.6538**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.9066, 44.2418, 45.4659**, and **6.2804, 7.2531, 7.1999** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1533, 19.4482, 18.2677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4801, 21.5682, 23.4640**.

Distribution



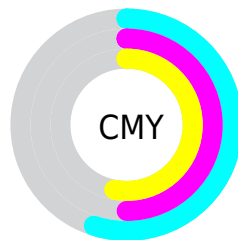
- Red (45%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.1796, 20.4392,
20.7563

■ 18.1796, 20.4392,
20.7563

234.9075,
254.2829, 268.7189

■ 11.1795, 12.7147,
12.7565

■ 39.8708, 44.1523,
45.5571

■ 6.2559, 7.2324,
7.1323

■ 55.2926, 60.9097,
63.1952

■ 3.0434, 3.6079,
3.4653

■ 74.2523, 81.4469,
84.8831

■ 1.1768, 1.4567,
1.3368

■ 97.1154, 106.1482,
111.0393

■ 0.0879, 0.2580,
0.0917

124.2470,
135.3981, 142.0825

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

156.0127,

169.5809, 178.4311

192.7777,
209.0811, 220.5037

■ 18.1796, 20.4392,
20.7563

■ 18.1796, 20.4392,
20.7563

■ 16.1533, 19.4482,
18.2677

■ 20.4801, 21.5682,
23.4640

■ 14.3891, 18.5872,
15.9914

■ 23.0631, 22.8376,
26.3947

■ 12.8762, 17.8516,
13.9222

■ 25.9386, 24.2530,
29.5537

■ 11.6027, 17.2351,
12.0542

■ 29.1156, 25.8190,
32.9461

■ 10.5554, 16.7311,
10.3814

■ 32.6026, 27.5399,
36.5765

■ 9.7200, 16.3324,
8.8972

■ 36.4079, 29.4198,
40.4494

■ 9.0803, 16.0308,
7.5947

■ 40.5394, 31.4628,
44.5695

■ 8.6176, 15.8168,
6.4666

■ 45.0048, 33.6726,
48.9409

■ 8.2786, 15.6627,
5.5173

■ 49.8114, 36.0531,
53.5679

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6024, 20.4392, 19.2478



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



18.0870, 20.4392, 22.7562

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



19.6011, 20.4392, 26.4194



20.5490, 20.4392, 19.9443

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



18.6087, 18.2813, 21.2878

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.8312, 20.4392, 21.7609



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



20.2753, 20.4392, 25.5598

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



18.8963, 20.4392, 26.1095



20.7299, 20.4392, 23.8238



19.9672, 20.4392, 18.7995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563



18.2229, 20.4392, 24.1158



20.7299, 20.4392, 23.8238



20.6827, 20.4392, 20.4921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1802, 20.4401, 20.7568



34.8270, 37.3688, 39.8820



18.9852, 20.8892, 19.2515



8.0828, 8.7142, 9.2543



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1802, 20.4401, 20.7568



31.2119, 35.5965, 35.5835



18.5873, 20.6029, 22.9005



4.3392, 4.8440, 4.9572



8.2091, 15.5302, 5.4739



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6087, 18.2813, 21.2878



32.1111, 31.0667, 36.6976



18.2160, 18.1243, 19.2197



4.4302, 4.3852, 5.0701



10.2191, 5.1073, 7.7437



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

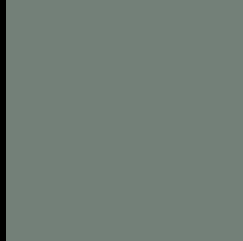
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

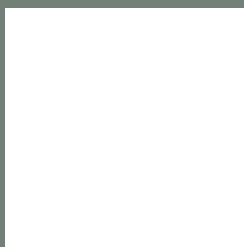
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563.

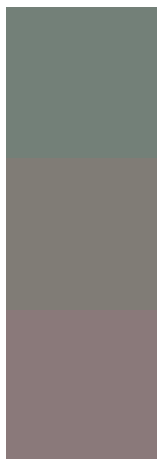


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1796, 20.4392,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563

Protanopia

19.3798, 20.3125, 20.0388

Deuteranopia

20.8315, 20.4832, 21.2681



Tritanopia

19.3760, 20.5508, 26.2380

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563

Protanomaly

18.8318, 20.2101, 20.3612

Deuteranomaly

19.8648, 20.5416, 21.0071

Tritanomaly

18.9548, 20.5724, 24.0909

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563

Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

Achromatomaly

18.5922, 20.0654, 21.3055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 128, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 128, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 128, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 128, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 128, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 128, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 128, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 128, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 128, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 128,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.1796, 20.4392, 20.7563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 128, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
128, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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