

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.1132, 9.7478, 1.6857)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.1132, 9.7478, 1.6857)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.1109, 9.7457,  
1.6856)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AF1616
RGB	175, 22, 22
RGB Percent	69%, 9%, 9%
CMY	0.3137, 0.9137, 0.9137
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.87, 0.31
HSL	0°, 78%, 39%
HSV	0°, 87%, 69%
XYZ	18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856
YIQ	67.7470, 91.1880, 32.4360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

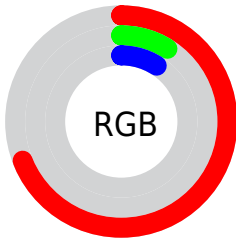
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	175, 22, 22
Decimal	11474454
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.38, 57.63, 42.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 71.420, 36.211
Yxy	9.7457, 0.6131, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289664534 (0xFFAF1616)
YUV	67.7470, -22.5533, 94.0609
Hunter-Lab	31.2181, 48.9235, 18.6513

# Details

The XYZ color **18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **23.3950, 33.9184, 45.8709**, and the grayscale version is **5.4800, 5.7654, 6.2785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6008, 25.2380, 8.0944**, and **6.8101, 3.5107, 0.3187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7528, 9.2219, 0.9736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7962, 10.7489, 3.0473**.

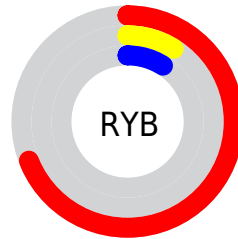
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (9%)

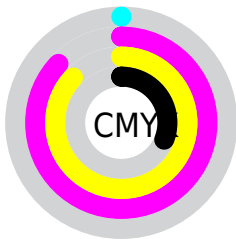
Blue (9%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (9%)

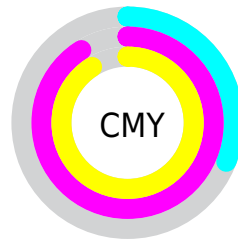


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (91%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.1109, 9.7457,  
1.6856

 18.1109, 9.7457,  
1.6856


234.5289,  
188.8473, 117.2863


 11.1298, 5.2307,  
0.3508


 39.7548, 25.3161,  
8.1619


 6.2221, 2.3832,  
0.0000


 55.1483, 37.1402,  
14.2615


 3.0226, 0.8172,  
0.0000

 74.0767, 52.1695,  
22.8267

 1.1657, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 96.9053, 70.7884,  
34.2761

 0.0790, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 123.9995, 93.3812,  
49.0282


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 155.7245,


120.3324, 67.5016


 192.4459,  
152.0263, 90.1147


 18.1109, 9.7457,  
1.6856


 18.1109, 9.7457,  
1.6856


 17.7528, 9.2219,  
0.9736


 18.7962, 10.7489,  
3.0473

 17.6793, 9.1143,  
0.8274

 19.8814, 12.3369,  
5.2043

 21.4151, 14.5812,  
8.2530

 23.4388, 17.5425,  
12.2759

 25.9893, 21.2747,  
17.3461

■ 29.0999, 25.8263,  
23.5299

■ 32.8010, 31.2421,  
30.8878

■ 37.1211, 37.5636,  
39.4763

■ 42.0867, 44.8294,  
49.3480

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.7560, 9.7457, 8.1569



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



13.1960, 9.7457, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



3.3998, 9.7457, 3.4406



10.2279, 9.7457, 58.9855

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



23.3950, 33.9184, 45.8709

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.2012, 9.7457, 53.0645



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



3.0619, 9.7457, 13.5147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



5.0446, 9.7457, 0.4773



3.9010, 9.7457, 32.9172



15.3501, 9.7457, 45.6263



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856



9.8447, 9.7457, 0.0000



3.9010, 9.7457, 32.9172



8.7046, 9.7457, 59.2715

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1111, 9.7463, 1.6857



52.7187, 47.1345, 43.3373



25.7037, 12.7828, 41.6697



11.2643, 9.8132, 8.7315



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1111, 9.7463, 1.6857



31.6631, 16.3233, 1.4819



22.2384, 18.0010, 3.0615



8.0053, 8.0155, 8.3386



12.6608, 6.5272, 0.5926



0.3522, 0.1816, 0.0165



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.3950, 33.9184, 45.8709



41.3064, 60.4397, 82.1258



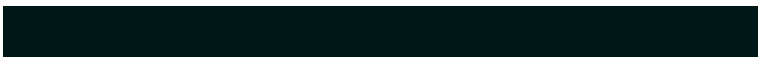
12.4833, 12.0949, 42.2337



8.2363, 9.0719, 10.2697



16.5168, 24.1675, 32.8388



0.4595, 0.6724, 0.9135



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

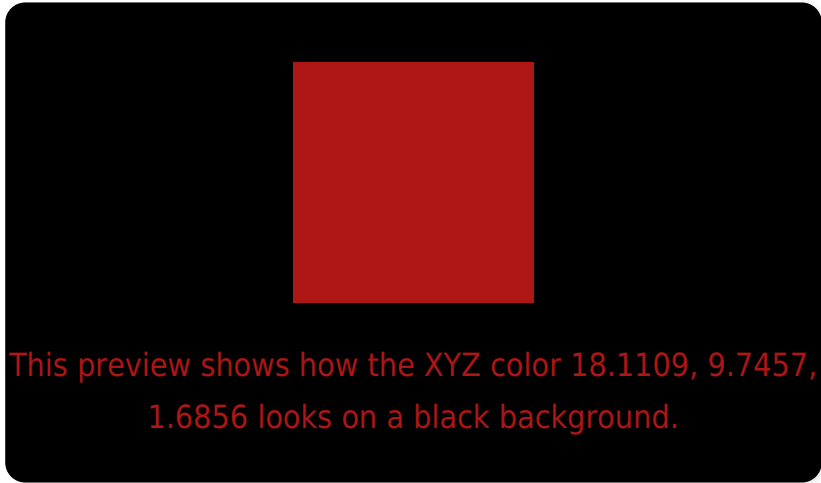
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1109, 9.7457,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856

### Protanopia

9.2456, 10.1552, 3.2231

### Deuteranopia

10.0586, 10.0077, 1.4015



## Tritanopia

18.0836, 9.7348, 1.5420

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856

## Protanomaly

10.9034, 8.3969, 2.4126

## Deuteranomaly

11.9198, 8.6970, 1.2802

## Tritanomaly

18.0924, 9.7383, 1.5879

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856

## Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

## Achromatomaly

7.8448, 5.7325, 3.8250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 22, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(175, 22, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 22, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 22, 22) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 22, 22) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 22, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 22, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 22, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 22, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 22,  
22) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.1109, 9.7457, 1.6856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 22, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175, 22,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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