

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.1517, 19.3650, 21.0040)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.1517, 19.3650, 21.0040)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(18.0185, 19.2215,  
20.8496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	777A79
RGB	119, 122, 121
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5216, 0.5255
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.52
HSL	160°, 1%, 47%
HSV	160°, 2%, 48%
XYZ	18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496
YIQ	120.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

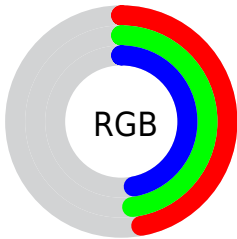
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	119, 121, 122
Decimal	7830137
CIE Lab	50.95, -1.33, 0.15
CIE LCh	51, 1.335, 173.721
Yxy	19.2215, 0.3102, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286020217 (0xFF777A79)
YUV	120.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444
Hunter-Lab	43.8423, -3.3634, 2.4938

# Details

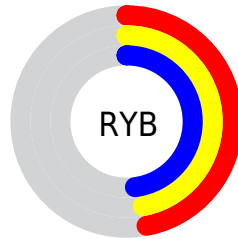
The XYZ color **18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.0138, 18.6878, 20.4280**, and the grayscale version is **18.1712, 19.1175, 20.8190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.4735, 41.9472, 45.5513**, and **6.1837, 6.5857, 7.2486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2060, 18.3159, 19.4886**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0576, 20.2438, 22.2770**.

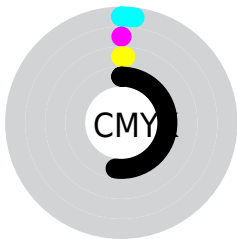
# Distribution



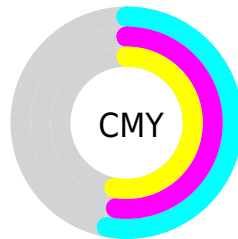
- Red (47%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.0185, 19.2215,  
20.8496

■ 18.0185, 19.2215,  
20.8496

234.0189,  
247.6689, 269.2329

■ 11.0630, 11.8304,  
12.8239

■ 39.5987, 42.1080,  
45.7146

■ 6.1769, 6.6283,  
7.1781

■ 54.9541, 58.3723,  
63.3911

■ 2.9946, 3.2308,  
3.4936

■ 73.8402, 78.3631,  
85.1215

■ 1.1509, 1.2534,  
1.3519

96.6224, 102.4648,  
111.3245

■ 0.0671, 0.1047,  
0.1037

123.6660,  
131.0619, 142.4186

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.3364,

164.5386, 178.8224

191.9989,  
203.2795, 220.9543

■ 18.0185, 19.2215,  
20.8496

■ 18.0185, 19.2215,  
20.8496

■ 16.2060, 18.3159,  
19.4886

■ 20.0576, 20.2438,  
22.2770

■ 14.6103, 17.5204,  
18.1918

■ 22.3295, 21.3842,  
23.7706

■ 13.2231, 16.8311,  
16.9585

■ 24.8421, 22.6476,  
25.3319

■ 12.0350, 16.2433,  
15.7875

■ 27.6026, 24.0375,  
26.9618

■ 11.0360, 15.7518,  
14.6776

■ 30.6178, 25.5574,  
28.6612

■ 10.2150, 15.3510,  
13.6277

■ 33.8942, 27.2106,  
30.4311

■ 9.5598, 15.0344,  
12.6363

■ 37.4381, 29.0005,  
32.2723

■ 9.0565, 14.7952,  
11.7021

■ 41.2555, 30.9301,  
34.1858

■ 8.6889, 14.6247,  
10.8236

■ 45.3524, 33.0024,  
36.1724

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0658, 19.2215, 20.5021



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.0382, 19.2215, 21.2225

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.3717, 19.2215, 21.6010



18.4200, 19.2215, 20.3488

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.0138, 18.6878, 20.4280

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5027, 19.2215, 20.6381



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.4747, 19.2215, 21.3617

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.2417, 19.2215, 21.6593



18.5227, 19.2215, 21.0085



18.2972, 19.2215, 20.2152



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496



18.0868, 19.2215, 21.4350



18.5227, 19.2215, 21.0085



18.4534, 19.2215, 20.4309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0190, 19.2223, 20.8500



32.1897, 34.0616, 37.0330



18.0427, 19.2485, 20.2175



7.3663, 7.7913, 8.4720



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0190, 19.2223, 20.8500



31.4929, 33.7128, 36.5297



18.0257, 19.1367, 21.1570



4.2942, 4.6114, 4.9920



8.8978, 15.2828, 10.7129



42.0362, 72.7375, 48.9558



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0138, 18.6878, 20.4280



31.4814, 32.5433, 35.6063



18.0070, 18.7711, 20.1272



4.2923, 4.4227, 4.8429



8.8629, 4.5213, 2.5691



41.9191, 21.4240, 10.3698



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

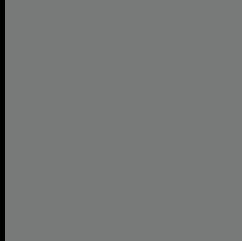
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

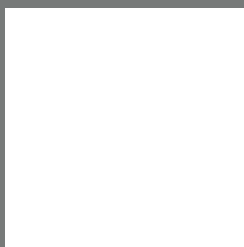
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.0185, 19.2215,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496

### Protanopia

18.5397, 19.3159, 20.5205

### Deuteranopia

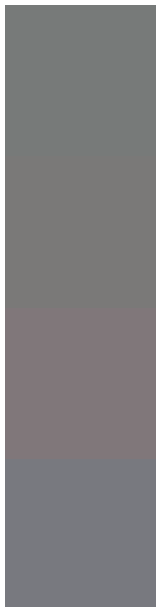
19.5470, 19.1143, 21.0715



## Tritanopia

18.6124, 19.2795, 23.8594

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496

## Protanomaly

18.2536, 19.1684, 20.5071

## Deuteranomaly

19.0118, 19.1880, 21.1140

## Tritanomaly

18.4139, 19.2001, 22.8142

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496

## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatomaly

18.0343, 19.0483, 20.8153

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 122, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 122, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 122, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 122, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 122, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 122, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 122, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 122, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 122, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 122,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.0185, 19.2215, 20.8496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 122, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
122, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor