

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.1694, 7.3287, 92.9267)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.1694, 7.3287, 92.9267)
contains.

XYZ(18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(18.1061, 7.3043,
92.5510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E00FC
RGB	30, 0, 252
RGB Percent	12%, 0%, 99%
CMY	0.8822, 1.0000, 0.0118
CMYK	0.88, 1.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	247°, 100%, 49%
HSV	247°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510
YIQ	37.6980, -63.0120, 84.7320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

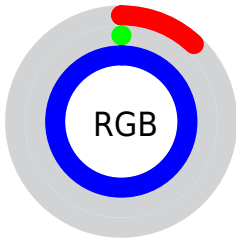
Format	Color
RYB	30, 0, 252
Decimal	1966332
CIELab	32.49, 78.69, -105.85
CIELCh	32, 131.894, 306.626
Yxy	7.3043, 0.1535, 0.0619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280156412 (0xFF1E00FC)
YUV	37.6980, 105.6509, -6.7511
Hunter-Lab	27.0265, 72.2879, -184.1176

Details

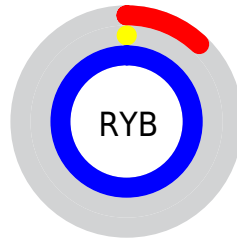
The XYZ color **18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **64.9252, 85.1457, 13.0128**, and the grayscale version is **1.7362, 1.8266, 1.9891**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.9715, 16.2903, 96.2251**, and **9.6256, 3.8503, 50.6879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1071, 7.3048, 92.5514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3506, 8.4683, 92.7104**.

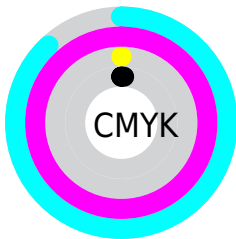
Distribution



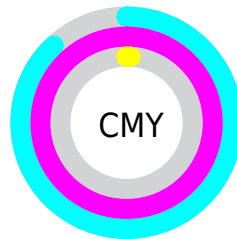
- Red (12%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.1061, 7.3043,
92.5510

■ 18.1061, 7.3043,
92.5510

234.5024,
170.1688, 557.0775

■ 11.1263, 3.6531,
69.5128

■ 39.7467, 20.5828,
152.8432

■ 6.2198, 1.4815,
50.6551

■ 55.1382, 30.9789,
190.9342

■ 3.0211, 0.2756,
35.5594

■ 74.0644, 44.3922,
234.8799

■ 1.1649, 0.0000,
23.8071

■ 96.8906, 61.2069,
285.0988

■ 0.0784, 0.0000,
14.9797

■ 123.9822, 81.8075,
342.0095


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
8.6587


■ 155.7044,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


106.5785, 406.0304


4.4255


 192.4227,
135.9041, 477.5803

 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.8615


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4681


 18.1061, 7.3043,
92.5510


 18.1061, 7.3043,
92.5510

 18.1071, 7.3048,
92.5514

 19.3506, 8.4683,
92.7104

 21.5854, 10.8166,
93.0459

 25.0173, 14.6629,
93.6074

 29.7880, 20.2060,
94.4259

■ 36.0188, 27.6142,
95.5274

■ 43.8175, 37.0350,
96.9348

■ 53.2812, 48.6015,
98.6686

■ 64.4995, 62.4350,
100.7474

■ 77.5553, 78.6478,
103.1887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.5723, 7.3043, 134.5417



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



27.3451, 7.3043, 34.1828

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



13.5711, 7.3043, 0.0000



0.2204, 7.3043, 13.1353

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



64.9252, 85.1457, 13.0128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.4631, 7.3043, 0.2580



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



5.5337, 7.3043, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



23.7343, 7.3043, 0.0000



1.6830, 7.3043, 0.0000



0.8347, 7.3043, 58.1763

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510



30.0637, 7.3043, 10.3803



1.6830, 7.3043, 0.0000



0.2045, 7.3043, 5.9373

Sweetspot

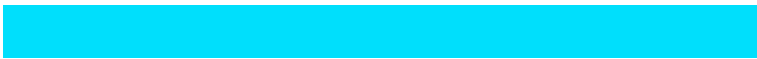
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1071, 7.3048, 92.5514



54.7148, 49.9029, 101.3562



43.8518, 59.5903, 101.2866



10.7877, 9.5494, 21.5246



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1071, 7.3048, 92.5514



18.5968, 7.5019, 95.0756



31.1653, 14.0365, 93.1625



16.4751, 16.7421, 21.7485



9.4945, 3.8373, 48.2138



0.9390, 0.3861, 4.4682

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3257, 25.9678, 71.2871



54.7776, 26.6750, 73.2180



39.6978, 72.1405, 11.8322



17.8987, 17.4869, 21.3225



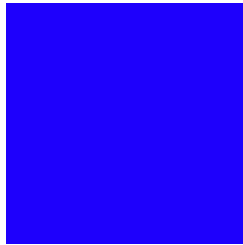
27.8143, 13.5415, 37.3263



2.6005, 1.2639, 3.5854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

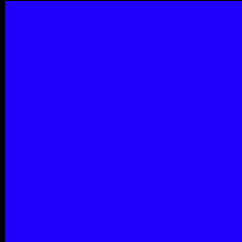
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1061, 7.3043,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510

Protanopia

8.5168, 7.4325, 32.4382

Deuteranopia

7.0335, 7.4033, 22.8881



Tritanopia

5.1733, 7.3938, 10.8273

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510

Protanomaly

10.5989, 5.9466, 49.8794

Deuteranomaly

9.1583, 5.5734, 41.6674

Tritanomaly

6.9290, 4.9735, 29.0285

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510

Achromatopsia

1.8423, 1.9382, 2.1107

Achromatomaly

4.1722, 2.2715, 16.7416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 0, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 0, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 0, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 0, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 0, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 0, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 0, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 0, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 0, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 0, 252)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.1061, 7.3043, 92.5510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 0, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 0,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor