

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.2412, 7.6023, 95.1137)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.2412, 7.6023, 95.1137)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.2353, 7.5906,  
95.1118)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0010FF
RGB	0, 16, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 6%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.9373, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.94, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	236°, 100%, 50%
HSV	236°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118
YIQ	38.4620, -86.2550, 70.9370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

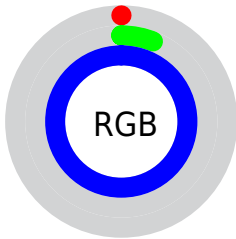
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 15, 255
Decimal	4351
CIELab	33.12, 76.67, -106.50
CIELCh	33, 131.232, 305.751
Yxy	7.5906, 0.1508, 0.0628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278194431 (0xFF0010FF)
YUV	38.4620, 106.7532, -33.7312
Hunter-Lab	27.5510, 69.9301, -185.3954

# Details

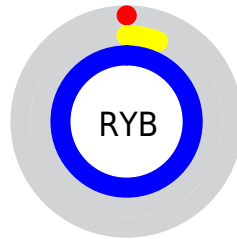
The XYZ color **18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **72.1344, 83.0481, 12.2302**, and the grayscale version is **1.8003, 1.8940, 2.0626**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.5890, 16.5927, 96.3036**, and **9.9638, 3.9855, 52.4687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2340, 7.5879, 95.1113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2204, 8.9443, 95.3211**.

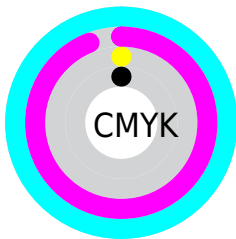
# Distribution



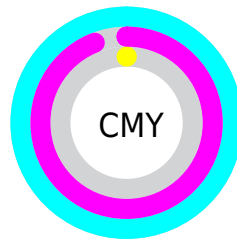
- Red (0%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.2353, 7.5906,  
95.1118


 18.2353, 7.5906,  
95.1118


235.2140,  
172.4847, 565.5163

 11.2198, 3.8341,  
71.6306


 39.9648, 21.1519,  
156.4160


 6.2832, 1.5812,  
52.3720


 55.4095, 31.7254,  
195.0760


 3.0603, 0.3449,  
36.9174


 74.3946, 45.3401,  
239.6328

 1.1858, 0.0000,  
24.8483

 97.2855, 62.3804,  
290.5048

 0.0951, 0.0000,  
15.7460

 124.4475, 83.2306,  
348.1107

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
9.1922


 156.2461,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


108.2751, 412.8688


4.7683


 193.0464,  
137.8983, 485.1979


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0556


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5891


 18.2353, 7.5906,  
95.1118


 18.2353, 7.5906,  
95.1118

 18.2340, 7.5879,  
95.1113

 19.2204, 8.9443,  
95.3211

 21.2412, 11.5700,  
95.7214

 24.5423, 15.7119,  
96.3469

 29.2901, 21.5533,  
97.2242

■ 35.6260, 29.2516,  
98.3762

■ 43.6743, 38.9460,  
99.8232

■ 53.5471, 50.7624,  
101.5836

■ 65.3468, 64.8165,  
103.6744

■ 79.1684, 81.2155,  
106.1113

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6442, 7.5906, 135.7440



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



27.6642, 7.5906, 36.2217

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



14.2470, 7.5906, 0.0000



0.2970, 7.5906, 12.7438

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



72.1344, 83.0481, 12.2302

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.5635, 7.5906, 0.2235



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



5.9521, 7.5906, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



24.4997, 7.5906, 0.0000



1.8721, 7.5906, 0.0000



0.8853, 7.5906, 57.1768



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118



30.5701, 7.5906, 11.4515



1.8721, 7.5906, 0.0000



0.2897, 7.5906, 5.7322

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2360, 7.5905, 95.1117



53.5150, 50.7241, 101.5779



51.1943, 77.6938, 93.1910



10.5149, 9.7342, 21.5747



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2360, 7.5905, 95.1117



18.2340, 7.5879, 95.1113



24.5490, 10.5716, 95.3544



17.0940, 17.5596, 22.7383



9.5622, 4.0339, 49.7092



0.9615, 0.4537, 4.8502



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3342, 21.2990, 2.4221



41.3329, 21.2971, 2.4190



47.3553, 77.4976, 12.4648



18.0553, 18.0054, 18.9085



21.6147, 11.1352, 1.3558

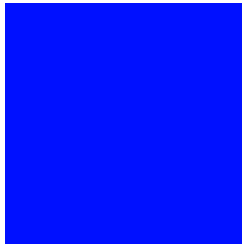


2.1199, 1.0903, 0.2129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

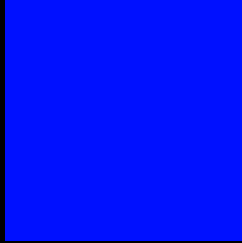
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

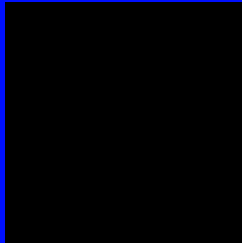
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.2353, 7.5906,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118

### Protanopia

8.6876, 7.5008, 33.3377

### Deuteranopia

7.1717, 7.4586, 23.6159



## Tritanopia

5.2537, 7.5546, 10.8541

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118

## Protanomaly

10.9448, 6.4886, 51.1276

## Deuteranomaly

9.4990, 6.1406, 42.8041

## Tritanomaly

7.1738, 5.5395, 29.5453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118

## Achromatopsia

1.8423, 1.9382, 2.1107

## Achromatomaly

4.0518, 2.4071, 17.0807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 16, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 16, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 16, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 16, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 16, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 16, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 16, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 16, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 16, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 16, 255)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.2353, 7.5906, 95.1118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 16, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 16,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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