

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.2430, 19.1930, 20.9012)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.2430, 19.1930, 20.9012)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.1737, 19.1202,  
20.8219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	797979
RGB	121, 121, 121
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.5255, 0.5255, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	131°, 0%, 47%
HSV	131°, 0%, 47%
XYZ	18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219
YIQ	121.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 121, 121
Decimal	7960953
CIE Lab	50.83, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	51, 0.007, 294.748
Yxy	19.1202, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286151033 (0xFF797979)
YUV	121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	43.7267, -2.3333, 2.3757

# Details

The XYZ color **18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.1744, 19.1206, 20.8228**, and the grayscale version is **18.1744, 19.1209, 20.8227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077**, and **6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0115, 18.0721, 17.7360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.6111, 20.3041, 24.2414**.

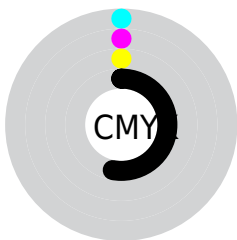
# Distribution



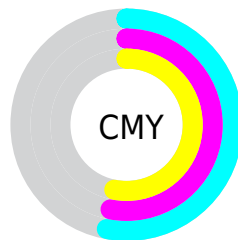
- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.1737, 19.1202,  
20.8219

■ 18.1737, 19.1202,  
20.8219

234.8750,  
247.1115, 269.0804

■ 11.1752, 11.7572,  
12.8039

■ 39.8608, 41.9371,  
45.6679

■ 6.2530, 6.5785,  
7.1645

■ 55.2802, 58.1598,  
63.3329

■ 3.0416, 3.2000,  
3.4852

■ 74.2373, 78.1044,  
85.0508

■ 1.1758, 1.2370,  
1.3474

97.0973, 102.1555,  
111.2399

■ 0.0871, 0.0916,  
0.1002

124.2258,  
130.6973, 142.3189

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.9880,

164.1144, 178.7063

192.7492,  
202.7910, 220.8206

■ 18.1737, 19.1202,  
20.8219

■ 18.1737, 19.1202,  
20.8219

■ 16.0115, 18.0721,  
17.7360

■ 20.6111, 20.3041,  
24.2414

■ 14.1131, 17.1527,  
14.9726

■ 23.3311, 21.6259,  
28.0028

■ 12.4688, 16.3576,  
12.5215

■ 26.3432, 23.0907,  
32.1158

■ 11.0678, 15.6814,  
10.3718

■ 29.6555, 24.7028,  
36.5891

■ 9.8982, 15.1185,  
8.5117

■ 33.2763, 26.4659,  
41.4312

■ 8.9475, 14.6624,  
6.9289

■ 37.2133, 28.3840,  
46.6504

■ 8.2017, 14.3064,  
5.6101

■ 41.4738, 30.4608,  
52.2546

■ 7.6453, 14.0426,  
4.5408

■ 46.0650, 32.6997,  
58.2515

■ 7.2602, 13.8622,  
3.7052

■ 50.9941, 35.1042,  
64.6486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1731, 19.1202, 20.8222



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1742, 19.1202, 20.8207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1739, 19.1202, 20.8157



18.1719, 19.1202, 20.8183

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1744, 19.1206, 20.8228

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1722, 19.1202, 20.8166



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1733, 19.1202, 20.8151

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1743, 19.1202, 20.8171



18.1727, 19.1202, 20.8154



18.1720, 19.1202, 20.8201



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



18.1744, 19.1202, 20.8196



18.1727, 19.1202, 20.8154



18.1720, 19.1202, 20.8177

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1742, 19.1210, 20.8223



32.5443, 34.2392, 37.2864



18.1745, 19.1212, 20.8222



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1742, 19.1210, 20.8223



32.5443, 34.2392, 37.2864



18.1743, 19.1211, 20.8228



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144



7.4876, 14.7187, 3.2868



35.4773, 70.1139, 14.4173



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1744, 19.1206, 20.8228



32.5443, 34.2392, 37.2864



18.1743, 19.1205, 20.8223



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144



10.8182, 5.3034, 12.8652



51.3087, 25.1798, 59.8151



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

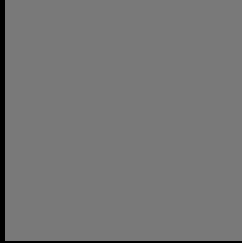
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

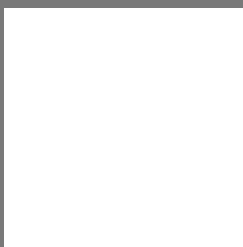


**XYZ 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.1737, 19.1202,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

### Protanopia

18.3360, 19.0244, 20.7948

### Deuteranopia

19.3899, 19.0333, 21.0642



## Tritanopia

18.7050, 19.1555, 23.4804

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Protanomaly

18.1937, 18.9510, 20.7882

## Deuteranomaly

18.8934, 18.9512, 21.0745

## Tritanomaly

18.5084, 19.0769, 22.4454

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

## Achromatomaly

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 121, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 121, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 121, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 121, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 121, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 121, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 121, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 121, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 121, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 121,  
121) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 121, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
121, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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