

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.3063, 7.7325, 95.1354)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.3063, 7.7325, 95.1354)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.3002, 7.7203,
95.1334)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0014FF
RGB	0, 20, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.9216, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.92, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	235°, 100%, 50%
HSV	235°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334
YIQ	40.8100, -87.3550, 68.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

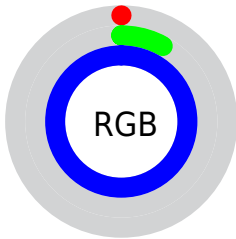
Format	Color
RYB	0, 19, 255
Decimal	5375
CIELab	33.39, 75.82, -106.04
CIELCh	33, 130.355, 305.564
Yxy	7.7203, 0.1510, 0.0637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195455 (0xFF0014FF)
YUV	40.8100, 105.5957, -35.7904
Hunter-Lab	27.7854, 68.9402, -183.5508

Details

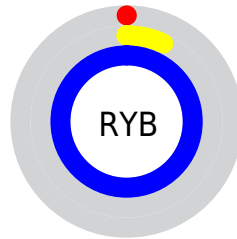
The XYZ color **18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **70.9769, 80.7331, 11.8445**, and the grayscale version is **2.0047, 2.1091, 2.2969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.7311, 16.8769, 96.3510**, and **9.9638, 3.9855, 52.4687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2985, 7.7171, 95.1328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3473, 9.1979, 95.3634**.

Distribution



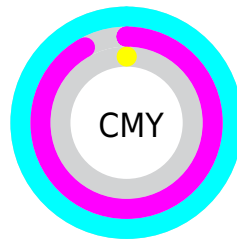
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3002, 7.7203,
95.1334

■ 18.3002, 7.7203,
95.1334

235.5707,
173.5214, 565.5872

■ 11.2667, 3.9165,
71.6485

■ 40.0743, 21.4083,
156.4461

■ 6.3151, 1.6270,
52.3865

■ 55.5456, 32.0612,
195.1109

■ 3.0801, 0.3757,
36.9289

■ 74.5602, 45.7660,
239.6728

■ 1.1963, 0.0000,
24.8571

■ 97.4836, 62.9071,
290.5503

■ 0.1034, 0.0000,
15.7526

■ 124.6809, 83.8687,
348.1620


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
9.1968


■ 156.5176,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

109.0354, 412.9263

4.7712


 193.3591,
138.7915, 485.2619

 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.0573


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5902


 18.3002, 7.7203,
95.1334


 18.3002, 7.7203,
95.1334

 18.2985, 7.7171,
95.1328

 19.3473, 9.1979,
95.3634

 21.4266, 11.9404,
95.7832

 24.7763, 16.1792,
96.4248

 29.5583, 22.0887,
97.3134

■ 35.9103, 29.8189,
98.4707

■ 43.9538, 39.5033,
99.9160

■ 53.7982, 51.2628,
101.6670

■ 65.5438, 65.2082,
103.7397

■ 79.2835, 81.4429,
106.1491

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.7240, 7.7203, 135.0794



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



27.7203, 7.7203, 36.6195

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



14.4450, 7.7203, 0.0000



0.3466, 7.7203, 12.7320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



70.9769, 80.7331, 11.8445

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.6166, 7.7203, 0.2552



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



6.1071, 7.7203, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



24.6696, 7.7203, 0.0000



1.9589, 7.7203, 0.0000



0.9279, 7.7203, 56.7762

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334



30.6483, 7.7203, 11.7589



1.9589, 7.7203, 0.0000



0.3411, 7.7203, 5.7602

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3009, 7.7202, 95.1333



53.7638, 51.2218, 101.6609



50.5774, 77.4471, 89.9419



10.5714, 9.8473, 21.5935



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3009, 7.7202, 95.1333



18.2985, 7.7171, 95.1328



24.0302, 10.3042, 95.3301



17.1169, 17.6055, 22.7460



9.6014, 4.1123, 49.7223



0.9723, 0.4754, 4.8538

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3670, 21.3122, 2.5944



41.3655, 21.3102, 2.5906



48.1155, 77.8894, 12.5006



18.0669, 18.0101, 18.9695



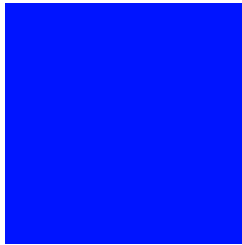
21.6345, 11.1431, 1.4599



2.1254, 1.0925, 0.2418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

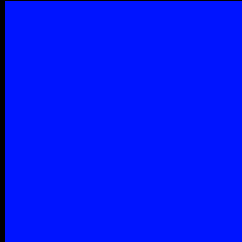
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3002, 7.7203,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334

Protanopia

8.8424, 7.6721, 33.8157

Deuteranopia

7.2455, 7.6061, 23.6405



Tritanopia

5.2965, 7.5717, 11.0799

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334

Protanomaly

11.1518, 6.7234, 51.7489

Deuteranomaly

9.5998, 6.3423, 42.8377

Tritanomaly

7.3634, 5.7894, 30.0075

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334

Achromatopsia

2.1076, 2.2174, 2.4147

Achromatomaly

4.2996, 2.6392, 17.7356

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 20, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 20, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 20, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 20, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 20, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 20, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 20, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 20, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 255)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.3002, 7.7203, 95.1334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 20, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 20,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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