

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.3166, 18.7250, 24.8388)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.3166, 18.7250, 24.8388)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.3017, 18.7387,
24.8426)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	767785
RGB	118, 119, 133
RGB Percent	46%, 47%, 52%
CMY	0.5372, 0.5333, 0.4784
CMYK	0.11, 0.11, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	236°, 6%, 49%
HSV	236°, 11%, 52%
XYZ	18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426
YIQ	120.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

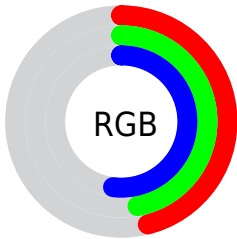
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 119, 133
Decimal	7763845
CIE Lab	50.38, 2.61, -7.76
CIE LCh	50, 8.188, 288.559
Yxy	18.7387, 0.2957, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953925 (0xFF767785)
YUV	120.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145
Hunter-Lab	43.2882, -0.2869, -3.7241

Details

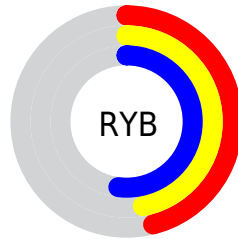
The XYZ color **18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **21.1942, 22.7969, 20.4231**, and the grayscale version is **17.9299, 18.8637, 20.5425**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.0034, 41.2170, 52.3017**, and **6.3793, 6.4487, 9.2960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2395, 15.1090, 24.3037**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.8126, 22.8871, 25.4586**.

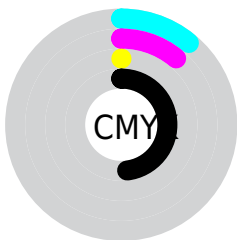
Distribution



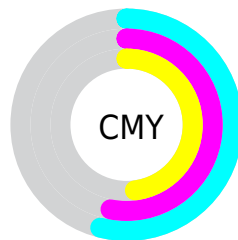
- Red (46%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3017, 18.7387,
24.8426

■ 18.3017, 18.7387,
24.8426

235.5790,
245.0024, 290.4757

■ 11.2678, 11.4816,
15.7419

■ 40.0768, 41.2921,
52.3627

■ 6.3159, 6.3918,
9.1893

■ 55.5487, 57.3572,
71.6192

■ 3.0806, 3.0847,
4.7664

■ 74.5641, 77.1271,
95.0980

■ 1.1965, 1.1761,
2.0545

97.4881, 100.9862,
123.2176

■ 0.1036, 0.0421,
0.5885

124.6863,
129.3189, 156.3967

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

156.5239,

162.5096, 195.0537

193.3663,
200.9426, 239.6072

■ 18.3017, 18.7387,
24.8426

■ 18.3017, 18.7387,
24.8426

■ 15.2395, 15.1090,
24.3037

■ 21.8126, 22.8871,
25.4586

■ 12.6064, 11.9754,
23.8376

■ 25.7876, 27.5711,
26.1532

■ 10.3837, 9.3170,
23.4417

■ 30.2434, 32.8096,
26.9295

■ 8.5506, 7.1107,
23.1124

■ 35.1952, 38.6200,
27.7900

■ 7.0847, 5.3311,
22.8462

■ 40.6577, 45.0189,
28.7372

■ 5.9611, 3.9506,
22.6389

■ 46.6450, 52.0221,
29.7734

■ 5.1519, 2.9384,
22.4862

■ 53.1706, 59.6450,
30.9008

■ 4.6248, 2.2589,
22.3828

■ 60.2475, 67.9023,
32.1216

■ 4.3301, 1.8863,
22.3264

■ 67.8882, 76.8083,
33.4380

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5090, 18.7387, 25.0034



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



18.9816, 18.7387, 23.4410

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



18.8419, 18.7387, 17.2934



16.3535, 18.7387, 19.5469

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



21.1942, 22.7969, 20.4231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.6887, 18.7387, 17.6400



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



18.1156, 18.7387, 16.4051

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



19.2998, 18.7387, 19.0409



17.3283, 18.7387, 16.5270



16.4000, 18.7387, 21.8291

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426



19.2721, 18.7387, 22.0462



17.3283, 18.7387, 16.5270



16.4249, 18.7387, 18.8440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3023, 18.7395, 24.8430



37.8758, 39.5863, 45.3831



20.0068, 22.2860, 24.9876



8.4247, 8.7905, 10.2054



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3023, 18.7395, 24.8430



31.0243, 31.4852, 44.1805



19.0608, 18.9545, 24.8445



4.4576, 4.5909, 5.8519



4.1269, 1.8016, 21.2669



0.0158, 0.0093, 0.0742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4815, 19.2758, 20.1475



33.6545, 32.6902, 33.7059



20.3731, 22.5762, 20.4238



4.6843, 4.6934, 4.9496



9.2612, 4.7688, 0.6818



0.0329, 0.0168, 0.0064

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

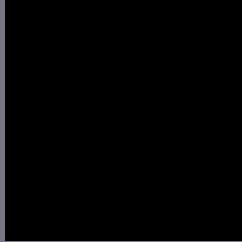
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

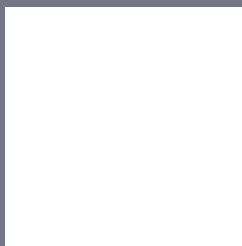
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3017, 18.7387,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Protanopia

18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Deuteranopia

19.0524, 18.7760, 24.8103



Tritanopia

18.0150, 18.7998, 23.4481

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Protanomaly

18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Deuteranomaly

18.7381, 18.7879, 24.8291

Tritanomaly

18.0819, 18.8266, 23.8000

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

18.0259, 18.8355, 22.0876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 119, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 119, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 119, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 119, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

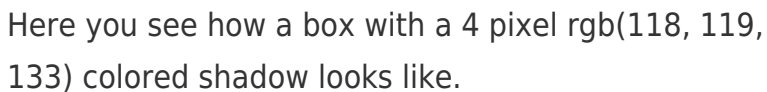
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 119, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 119, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 119, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 119, 133); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 119, 133); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 119, 133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.3017, 18.7387, 24.8426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 119, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
119, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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