

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.3421, 8.6817, 35.8272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.3421, 8.6817, 35.8272)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9100A4
RGB	145, 0, 164
RGB Percent	57%, 0%, 64%
CMY	0.4314, 1.0000, 0.3569
CMYK	0.12, 1.00, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	293°, 100%, 32%
HSV	293°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326
YIQ	62.0510, 33.7760, 81.7440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

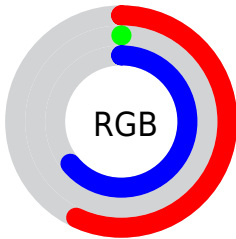
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	145, 0, 164
Decimal	9502884
CIELab	35.40, 67.57, -49.46
CIElCh	35, 83.741, 323.798
Yxy	8.7001, 0.2921, 0.1383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287692964 (0xFF9100A4)
YUV	62.0510, 50.2609, 72.7463
Hunter-Lab	29.4959, 59.5993, -51.3802

# Details

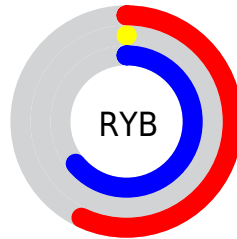
The XYZ color **18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **13.5443, 26.6896, 4.4381**, and the grayscale version is **4.5136, 4.7486, 5.1713**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.2713, 23.3126, 70.0874**, and **6.9891, 3.2715, 15.3020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9073, 9.2572, 35.9124**.

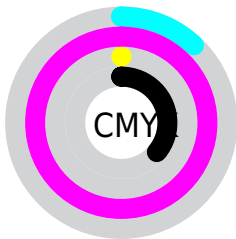
# Distribution



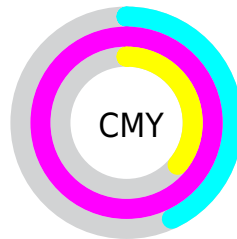
- Red (57%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8326


 18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8326


235.9971,  
181.1246, 343.2435


 11.3230, 4.5461,  
24.0163


 40.2053, 23.3199,  
69.9397


 6.3534, 1.9835,  
15.1334


 55.7084, 34.5545,  
93.0676


 3.1038, 0.5979,  
8.7654


 74.7583, 48.9181,  
120.8031

 1.2089, 0.0000,  
4.4938

 97.7204, 66.7951,  
153.5648

 0.1134, 0.0000,  
1.8999

 124.9600, 88.5698,  
191.7711

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4927

 156.8424,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

114.6267, 235.8406

0.0000

193.7330,  
145.3502, 286.1919

18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8326

18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8326

18.3779, 8.7001,  
35.8327

18.9073, 9.2572,  
35.9124

19.5977, 10.1285,  
36.0442

20.5152, 11.4455,  
36.2500

21.6882, 13.2651,  
36.5394

23.1411, 15.6360,  
36.9205

■ 24.8953, 18.6010,  
37.4003

■ 26.9701, 22.1987,  
37.9854

■ 29.3832, 26.4643,  
38.6815

■ 32.1509, 31.4306,  
39.4942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6592, 8.7001, 61.4093



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



21.5324, 8.7001, 12.6803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



9.3241, 8.7001, 0.0000



2.3149, 8.7001, 24.9656

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



13.5443, 26.6896, 4.4381

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.0115, 8.7001, 6.8579



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



5.0333, 8.7001, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



15.1357, 8.7001, 0.0000



2.7760, 8.7001, 0.8092



3.8754, 8.7001, 51.8651



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



21.1267, 8.7001, 4.4033



2.7760, 8.7001, 0.8092



2.0967, 8.7001, 17.4294

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3783, 8.7005, 35.8328



48.7237, 39.8890, 68.8837



6.9363, 3.1510, 35.3647



10.3108, 8.1259, 14.9625



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3783, 8.7005, 35.8328



33.2448, 15.7333, 65.0370



17.6657, 8.8351, 13.1216



7.2832, 7.1603, 8.9013



14.1170, 6.6840, 27.4759



0.3179, 0.1514, 0.5783



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4276, 7.9398, 1.3360



27.9635, 14.3956, 2.2141



14.1693, 26.9086, 9.1312



7.1056, 7.0987, 7.5425



11.8388, 6.0916, 1.0756



0.2580, 0.1317, 0.0712



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

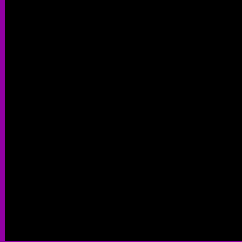
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3779, 8.7001,

35.8326.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326

### Protanopia

10.8311, 9.2817, 41.7781

### Deuteranopia

9.4546, 9.2596, 31.8608



## Tritanopia

12.5804, 9.0830, 6.7204

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



## Protanomaly

10.0920, 6.2434, 39.2013



## Deuteranomaly

9.5876, 6.2578, 33.0503



## Tritanomaly

13.6082, 7.9037, 13.9050

# Monochromacy



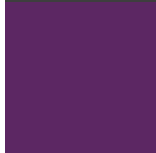
## Original Color

18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326



## Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459



## Achromatomaly

7.3913, 4.6272, 12.3080

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 0, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 0, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 0, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 0, 164) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 0, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 0, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.3779, 8.7001, 35.8326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 0, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 0,  
164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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