

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.3621, 10.7373, 21.9808)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.3621, 10.7373, 21.9808)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.2831, 10.7249,
21.8754)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	993381
RGB	153, 51, 129
RGB Percent	60%, 20%, 51%
CMY	0.4000, 0.8000, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.16, 0.40
HSL	314°, 50%, 40%
HSV	314°, 67%, 60%
XYZ	18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754
YIQ	90.3900, 35.7540, 45.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

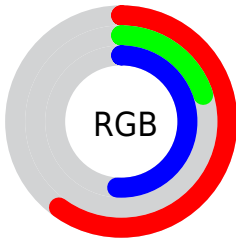
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 51, 129
Decimal	10040193
CIE _{Lab}	39.11, 51.07, -22.11
CIE _{LCh}	39, 55.655, 336.587
Yxy	10.7249, 0.3593, 0.2108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288230273 (0xFF993381)
YUV	90.3900, 19.0347, 54.9090
Hunter-Lab	32.7489, 42.3427, -16.6799

Details

The XYZ color **18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **14.0270, 23.9946, 10.5496**, and the grayscale version is **9.7592, 10.2674, 11.1812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.0734, 27.1822, 47.3906**, and **6.4483, 3.1612, 7.6674** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4862, 9.5072, 20.4498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3091, 12.3870, 23.4191**.

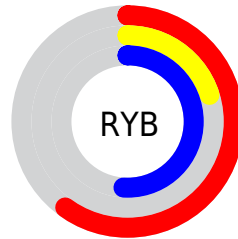
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (20%)

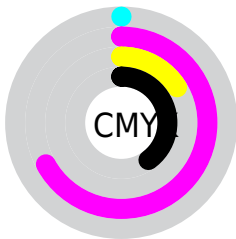
Blue (51%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (51%)

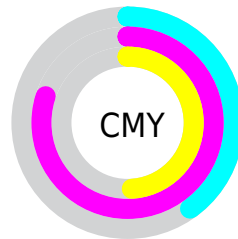


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.2831, 10.7249,
21.8754

18.2831, 10.7249,
21.8754

235.4768,
195.7703, 274.8271

11.2543, 5.8822,
13.5679

40.0454, 27.1503,
47.4395

6.3067, 2.7736,
7.6855

55.5097, 39.5018,
65.5333

3.0749, 1.0147,
3.8095

74.5166, 55.1250,
87.7262

1.1935, 0.0000,
1.5214

97.4314, 74.4043,
114.4368

0.1012, 0.0000,
0.2338

124.6194, 97.7241,
146.0836

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

156.4461,

125.4688, 183.0853

193.2768,
158.0227, 225.8603

■ 18.2831, 10.7249,
21.8754

■ 18.2831, 10.7249,
21.8754

■ 17.4862, 9.5072,
20.4498

■ 19.3091, 12.3870,
23.4191

■ 16.8948, 8.6873,
19.1338

■ 20.5828, 14.5308,
25.0873

■ 16.4743, 8.1959,
17.9156

■ 22.1218, 17.1918,
26.8864

■ 16.3477, 8.0567,
17.5227

■ 23.9421, 20.4014,
28.8222

■ 26.0583, 24.1885,
30.8997

■ 28.4838, 28.5803,
33.1240

■ 31.2313, 33.6018,
35.4997

■ 34.3128, 39.2770,
38.0311

■ 37.7397, 45.6283,
40.7224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0881, 10.7249, 37.1158



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



19.0958, 10.7249, 9.4784

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



9.3937, 10.7249, 0.8494



5.4553, 10.7249, 28.6740

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



14.0270, 23.9946, 10.5496

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.6044, 10.7249, 14.1931



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



6.4919, 10.7249, 1.7357

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



13.3138, 10.7249, 1.1555



4.9313, 10.7249, 5.2747



7.6036, 10.7249, 42.4402

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754



18.0366, 10.7249, 4.6912



4.9313, 10.7249, 5.2747



5.0353, 10.7249, 23.4785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2835, 10.7254, 21.8756



45.1895, 40.6636, 53.9189



9.8202, 6.1560, 30.8078



9.7636, 8.5947, 11.6950



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2835, 10.7254, 21.8756



30.7516, 16.2206, 35.4407



15.7034, 9.6934, 8.2895



6.3990, 6.2988, 7.4814



13.5243, 6.6640, 14.5521



0.2157, 0.1050, 0.2889

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2835, 10.7254, 21.8756



30.7516, 16.2206, 35.4407



16.5099, 24.9878, 23.6246



6.3990, 6.2988, 7.4814



13.5243, 6.6640, 14.5521



0.2157, 0.1050, 0.2889

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

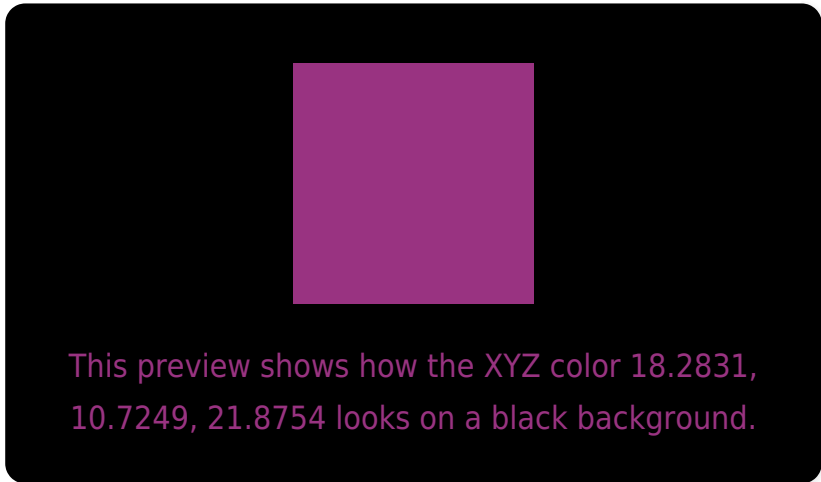
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.2831, 10.7249,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754

Protanopia

12.1871, 11.0829, 35.6793

Deuteranopia

11.2400, 11.0628, 20.2818



Tritanopia

15.3896, 10.7781, 7.4001

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754

Protanomaly

12.7056, 9.7506, 30.0666

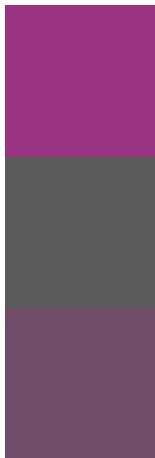
Deuteranomaly

12.7860, 10.1034, 20.6783

Tritanomaly

16.2222, 10.6118, 11.5492

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

11.8932, 9.6791, 14.3381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 51, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 51, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 51, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 51, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 51, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 51, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 51, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 51, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 51, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 51,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.2831, 10.7249, 21.8754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 51, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 51,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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