

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.3847, 20.3942, 23.1956)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.3847, 20.3942, 23.1956)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.3600, 20.4814,
23.0643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71807F
RGB	113, 128, 127
RGB Percent	44%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4980, 0.5020
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	176°, 6%, 47%
HSV	176°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643
YIQ	123.4010, -8.6190, -3.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

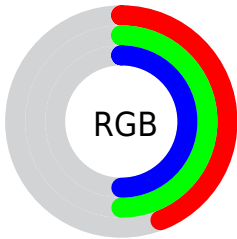
Format	Color
RYB	113, 121, 128
Decimal	7438463
CIELab	52.38, -5.70, -1.33
CIElCh	52, 5.849, 193.147
Yxy	20.4814, 0.2966, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285628543 (0xFF71807F)
YUV	123.4010, 1.7743, -9.1217
Hunter-Lab	45.2564, -6.7832, 1.4631

Details

The XYZ color **18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.8452, 17.6149, 18.3800**, and the grayscale version is **18.9561, 19.9433, 21.7182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.2791, 44.3424, 49.6160**, and **6.3511, 7.2658, 8.2754** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.7727, 19.6701, 22.7007**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1813, 21.4144, 23.4421**.

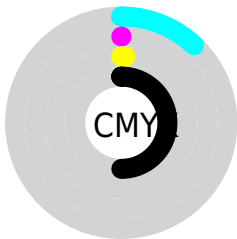
Distribution



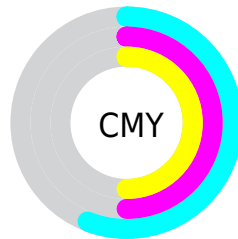
- Red (44%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3600, 20.4814,
23.0643

■ 18.3600, 20.4814,
23.0643

235.8990,
254.5094, 281.1877

■ 11.3100, 12.7455,
14.4352

■ 40.1751, 44.2228,
49.4234

■ 6.3446, 7.2535,
8.2818

■ 55.6709, 60.9971,
67.9906

■ 3.0984, 3.6211,
4.1854

■ 74.7127, 81.5529,
90.7075

■ 1.2060, 1.4640,
1.7276

■ 97.6659, 106.2747,
117.9927

■ 0.1111, 0.2632,
0.3796

124.8957,
135.5469, 150.2648

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

156.7676,

169.7538, 187.9423

193.6469,
209.2798, 231.4438

■ 18.3600, 20.4814,
23.0643

■ 18.3600, 20.4814,
23.0643

■ 16.7727, 19.6701,
22.7007

■ 20.1813, 21.4144,
23.4421

■ 15.4078, 18.9728,
22.3496

■ 22.2439, 22.4712,
23.8333

■ 14.2558, 18.3852,
22.0109

■ 24.5570, 23.6571,
24.2387

■ 13.3053, 17.9015,
21.6841

■ 27.1288, 24.9762,
24.6587

■ 12.5442, 17.5153,
21.3686

■ 29.9671, 26.4328,
25.0936

■ 11.9589, 17.2197,
21.0637

■ 33.0794, 28.0305,
25.5439

■ 11.5343, 17.0069,
20.7689

■ 36.4729, 29.7731,
26.0098

■ 11.2522, 16.8675,
20.4831

■ 40.1546, 31.6642,
26.4918

■ 11.0766, 16.7820,
20.2510

■ 44.1310, 33.7072,
26.9900

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3787, 20.4814, 21.3522



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



18.6335, 20.4814, 24.6486

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



20.2704, 20.4814, 24.8112



19.8049, 20.4814, 19.2725

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



17.8452, 17.6149, 18.3800

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3249, 20.4814, 20.1069



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



20.5974, 20.4814, 23.2770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



19.7318, 20.4814, 25.6917



20.6175, 20.4814, 21.5543



19.2045, 20.4814, 19.2221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643



18.9481, 20.4814, 25.3952



20.6175, 20.4814, 21.5543



19.9952, 20.4814, 19.4685

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3606, 20.4823, 23.0648



34.7322, 37.2926, 41.1117



17.6724, 20.2257, 18.5956



8.0805, 8.7050, 9.6150



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3606, 20.4823, 23.0648



31.5588, 35.6683, 40.4380



17.6358, 18.9277, 23.1470



4.4344, 4.8821, 5.4589



10.9829, 16.6397, 20.0803



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8452, 17.6149, 18.3800



30.4691, 29.6051, 30.5322



18.5101, 19.0354, 18.3217



4.3385, 4.3486, 4.5872



8.8737, 4.5692, 0.6588



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

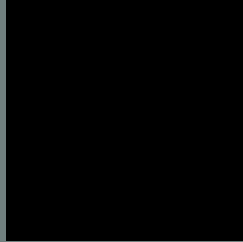
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

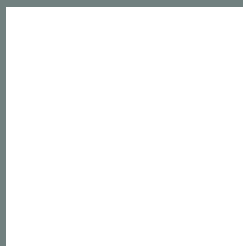
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3600, 20.4814,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643

Protanopia

19.6617, 20.4080, 22.3049

Deuteranopia

20.7253, 20.3842, 23.2643



Tritanopia

19.1750, 20.6297, 26.6382

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643

Protanomaly

19.1256, 20.3112, 22.6511

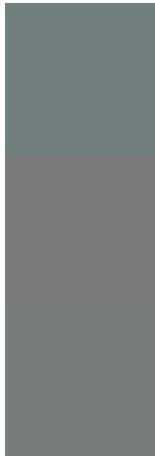
Deuteranomaly

19.8563, 20.4858, 23.3297

Tritanomaly

18.7624, 20.4496, 25.1486

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643

Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

Achromatomaly

18.5795, 20.0444, 21.9585

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 128, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 128, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 128, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 128, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 128, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 128, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 128, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 128, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 128, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 128,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.3600, 20.4814, 23.0643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 128, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
128, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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