

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.4558, 20.9789, 4.6894)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.4558, 20.9789, 4.6894)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.5038, 20.9630,
4.6611)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A8023
RGB	138, 128, 35
RGB Percent	54%, 50%, 14%
CMY	0.4588, 0.4980, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.75, 0.46
HSL	54°, 60%, 34%
HSV	54°, 75%, 54%
XYZ	18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611
YIQ	120.3880, 35.8130, -26.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

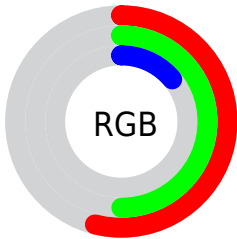
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 138, 35
Decimal	9076771
CIE Lab	52.91, -7.24, 48.84
CIE LCh	53, 49.378, 98.426
Yxy	20.9630, 0.4193, 0.4751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287266851 (0xFF8A8023)
YUV	120.3880, -42.0963, 15.4457
Hunter-Lab	45.7854, -7.9850, 26.0138

Details

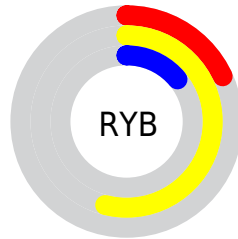
The XYZ color **18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **6.2190, 4.0690, 24.5022**, and the grayscale version is **18.1003, 19.0430, 20.7378**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.4923, 45.2052, 15.6081**, and **6.5423, 7.5233, 1.1073** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1646, 20.5504, 3.7286**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9270, 21.4144, 6.0198**.

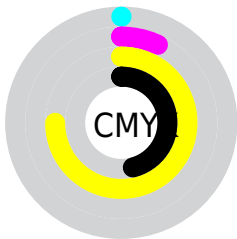
Distribution



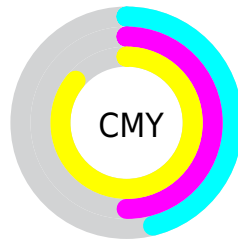
- Red (54%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5038, 20.9630,
4.6611

■ 18.5038, 20.9630,
4.6611

236.6866,
257.0818, 155.3122

■ 11.4142, 13.0970,
1.9946

■ 40.4173, 45.0259,
15.5078

■ 6.4155, 7.4953,
0.5519

■ 55.9719, 61.9916,
24.5251

■ 3.1424, 3.7738,
0.0000

■ 75.0789, 82.7593,
36.4965

■ 1.2295, 1.5478,
0.0000

■ 98.1036, 107.7135,
51.8403

■ 0.1295, 0.3220,
0.0000

■ 125.4113,
137.2384, 70.9753

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 157.3675,

171.7185, 94.3199

194.3375,
211.5381, 122.2927

■ 18.5038, 20.9630,
4.6611

■ 18.5038, 20.9630,
4.6611

■ 18.1646, 20.5504,
3.7286

■ 18.9270, 21.4144,
6.0198

■ 17.8966, 20.1692,
3.1624

■ 19.4410, 21.9051,
7.8481

■ 17.7651, 19.9712,
2.9185

■ 20.0540, 22.4391,
10.1854

■ 20.7723, 23.0190,
13.0665

■ 21.6022, 23.6472,
16.5233

■ 22.5492, 24.3260,
20.5851

■ 23.6185, 25.0576,
25.2793

■ 24.8150, 25.8437,
30.6317

■ 26.1433, 26.6864,
36.6663

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.8065, 20.9630, 5.2708



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



14.3649, 20.9630, 7.0013

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



13.1098, 20.9630, 45.4745



30.6678, 20.9630, 34.9703

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



6.2190, 4.0690, 24.5022

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7607, 20.9630, 53.1672



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



16.4896, 20.9630, 60.8367

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



11.6228, 20.9630, 27.2544



21.4165, 20.9630, 64.1369



31.4596, 20.9630, 18.9038

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611



12.6012, 20.9630, 10.9315



21.4165, 20.9630, 64.1369



29.6464, 20.9630, 41.2042

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5043, 20.9640, 4.6615



38.4216, 41.9340, 30.5833



11.5618, 6.7973, 3.2159



8.5366, 9.3462, 6.5153



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5043, 20.9640, 4.6615



31.6641, 35.7295, 5.7935



14.3004, 20.8287, 4.8570



5.3903, 5.7634, 5.3807



16.2940, 18.3225, 2.6778



0.1138, 0.1329, 0.0196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2190, 4.0690, 24.5022



8.8890, 4.4740, 42.7782



8.1851, 4.5820, 24.4976



4.8112, 4.9653, 6.3107



4.3483, 1.9669, 22.1962



0.0333, 0.0219, 0.1489

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5038, 20.9630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611

Protanopia

19.0481, 21.0509, 4.6494

Deuteranopia

21.1669, 20.8420, 4.7410



Tritanopia

22.2363, 20.7984, 23.6114

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611

Protanomaly

18.8773, 20.9628, 4.6414

Deuteranomaly

20.1794, 20.8788, 4.7167

Tritanomaly

20.1804, 20.4961, 13.7190

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

17.6385, 19.3992, 12.2660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 128, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 128, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 128, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 128, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 128, 35) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 128, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 128, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 128, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 128, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 128,  
35) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.5038, 20.9630, 4.6611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 128, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
128, 35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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