

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.4720, 8.9064, 28.7092)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.4720, 8.9064, 28.7092)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.4822, 8.9104,
28.7627)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	990094
RGB	153, 0, 148
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 58%
CMY	0.4000, 1.0000, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.03, 0.40
HSL	302°, 100%, 30%
HSV	302°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627
YIQ	62.6190, 43.6800, 78.4640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

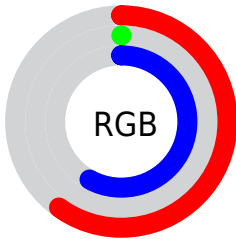
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 0, 148
Decimal	10027156
CIE _{Lab}	35.81, 66.35, -39.00
CIE _{LCh}	36, 76.961, 329.554
Yxy	8.9104, 0.3291, 0.1587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217236 (0xFF990094)
YUV	62.6190, 42.0928, 79.2641
Hunter-Lab	29.8503, 58.2826, -36.2346

Details

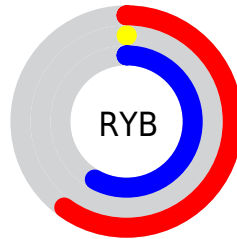
The XYZ color **18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **11.4191, 22.7940, 3.9418**, and the grayscale version is **4.6059, 4.8458, 5.2771**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.4394, 23.7526, 58.9532**, and **7.0874, 3.4045, 11.5928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4824, 8.9105, 28.7627**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6974, 9.2770, 29.0302**.

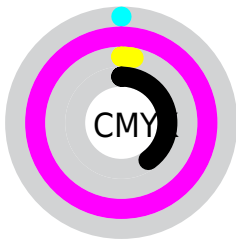
Distribution



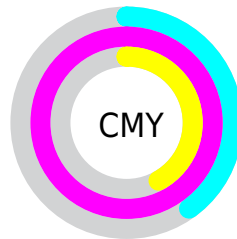
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.4822, 8.9104,
28.7627

18.4822, 8.9104,
28.7627

236.5685,
182.7081, 310.1195

11.3985, 4.6828,
18.6573

40.3810, 23.7248,
58.7375

6.4048, 2.0624,
11.2487

55.9267, 35.0804,
79.4441

3.1357, 0.6433,
6.1181

75.0239, 49.5808,
104.5215

1.2259, 0.0000,
2.8471

98.0379, 67.6103,
134.3882

0.1267, 0.0000,
1.0171

125.3340, 89.5534,
169.4628

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

157.2775,

115.7945, 210.1639

194.2339,
146.7179, 256.9099

■ 18.4822, 8.9104,
28.7627

■ 18.4822, 8.9104,
28.7627

■ 18.4824, 8.9105,
28.7627

■ 18.6974, 9.2770,
29.0302

■ 19.0419, 9.9022,
29.3417

■ 19.5756, 10.9056,
29.7170

■ 20.3223, 12.3347,
30.1642

■ 21.3025, 14.2305,
30.6901

■ 22.5341, 16.6288,
31.3006

■ 24.0334, 19.5622,
32.0012

■ 25.8151, 23.0603,
32.7968

■ 27.8932, 27.1508,
33.6921

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5635, 8.9104, 51.9467



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



20.5883, 8.9104, 9.8983

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



8.5374, 8.9104, 0.0000



2.9077, 8.9104, 28.0712

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



11.4191, 22.7940, 3.9418

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.3842, 8.9104, 9.5082



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



4.8428, 8.9104, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



13.7256, 8.9104, 0.0000



2.9412, 8.9104, 1.7354



4.7620, 8.9104, 51.3521

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



19.6892, 8.9104, 3.4966



2.9412, 8.9104, 1.7354



2.6076, 8.9104, 20.7476

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.4826, 8.9108, 28.7629



42.8649, 34.6893, 57.2294



5.7821, 2.3168, 30.2800



9.2263, 7.1924, 12.5266



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.4826, 8.9108, 28.7629



33.0853, 15.9519, 51.4360



14.3718, 7.2665, 7.1161



6.4525, 6.3202, 7.7630



15.2776, 7.3653, 23.7845



0.2307, 0.1110, 0.3679

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4826, 8.9108, 28.7629



33.0853, 15.9519, 51.4360



12.8049, 23.3483, 11.2397



6.4525, 6.3202, 7.7630



15.2776, 7.3653, 23.7845



0.2307, 0.1110, 0.3679

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

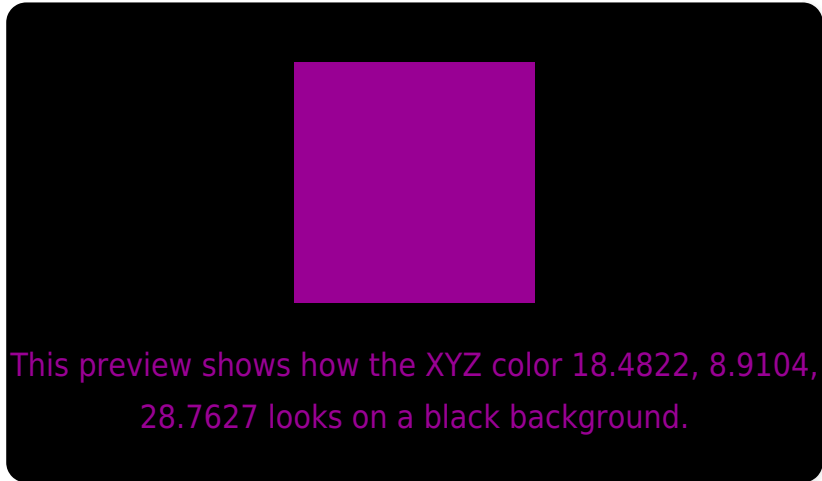
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.4822, 8.9104,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627

Protanopia

11.2062, 9.5550, 43.3731

Deuteranopia

9.7557, 9.5503, 25.7553



Tritanopia

13.8842, 9.3032, 5.6213

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



Protanomaly

9.8790, 6.1770, 37.2308



Deuteranomaly

10.6623, 6.9607, 26.3728



Tritanomaly

14.6700, 8.3165, 11.1880

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627



Achromatopsia

4.7246, 4.9707, 5.4130



Achromatomaly

7.6030, 4.8125, 11.1179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 0, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.4822, 8.9104, 28.7627 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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