

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.4866, 9.5289, 0.9257)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.4866, 9.5289, 0.9257)
contains.

XYZ(18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(18.3711, 9.4694,
0.9169)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B20002
RGB	178, 0, 2
RGB Percent	70%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.3020, 0.9999, 0.9922
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.99, 0.30
HSL	359°, 100%, 35%
HSV	359°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169
YIQ	53.4500, 105.4460, 38.3580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

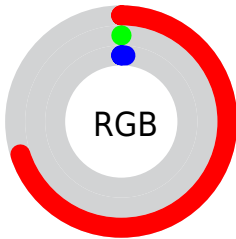
Format	Color
RYB	178, 0, 2
Decimal	11665410
CIELab	36.87, 61.19, 50.46
CIElCh	37, 79.313, 39.509
Yxy	9.4694, 0.6388, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289855490 (0xFFB20002)
YUV	53.4500, -25.3649, 109.2304
Hunter-Lab	30.7724, 52.7127, 19.7741

Details

The XYZ color **18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **23.7605, 34.9767, 46.5904**, and the grayscale version is **3.4619, 3.6421, 3.9663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.3557, 24.8857, 5.8084**, and **7.0702, 3.6448, 0.3309** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3708, 9.4692, 0.9160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6963, 9.9412, 1.5768**.

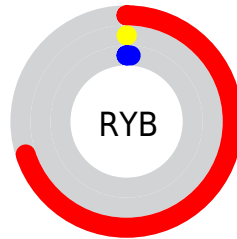
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (0%)

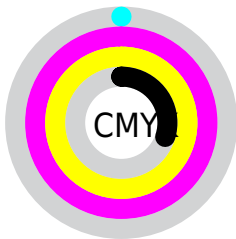
Blue (1%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

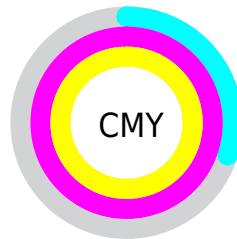


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.3711, 9.4694,
0.9169


 18.3711, 9.4694,
0.9169


 235.9599,
186.8420, 102.2814


 11.3180, 5.0486,
0.0000


 40.1938, 24.7926,
5.7842


 6.3500, 2.2758,
0.0000


 55.6942, 36.4638,
10.7458

 3.1017, 0.7609,
0.0000

 74.7410, 51.3206,
17.9512

 1.2078, 0.0000,
0.0000

 97.6997, 69.7473,
27.8187


 0.1125, 0.0000,
0.0000


 124.9356, 92.1284,
40.7669


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 156.8140,

118.8483, 57.2144


 193.7003,
150.2914, 77.5797


 18.3711, 9.4694,
0.9169


 18.3711, 9.4694,
0.9169


 18.3708, 9.4692,
0.9160

 18.6963, 9.9412,
1.5768

 19.3170, 10.8394,
2.8413

 20.3379, 12.3248,
4.8974

 21.8112, 14.4743,
7.8459

 23.7812, 17.3535,
11.7725

■ 26.2868, 21.0200,
16.7530

■ 29.3630, 25.5256,
22.8558

■ 33.0421, 30.9177,
30.1435

■ 37.3538, 37.2402,
38.6740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.8130, 9.4694, 6.4730



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



12.7068, 9.4694, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



2.7558, 9.4694, 3.4678



10.6437, 9.4694, 66.1424

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



23.7605, 34.9767, 46.5904

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.0954, 9.4694, 61.6462



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



2.5497, 9.4694, 15.4262

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



4.2481, 9.4694, 0.1665



3.5229, 9.4694, 38.6575



16.4000, 9.4694, 48.1296

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169



9.0811, 9.4694, 0.0000



3.5229, 9.4694, 38.6575



8.9201, 9.4694, 67.4239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3713, 9.4700, 0.9170



52.9212, 45.8100, 40.7993



25.7229, 12.3329, 43.1440



11.1860, 9.3601, 7.9708



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3713, 9.4700, 0.9170



33.3090, 17.1698, 1.6321



21.6920, 16.1286, 1.9708



8.5000, 8.5067, 8.8657



13.1461, 6.7760, 0.6636



0.4149, 0.2137, 0.0275

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3713, 9.4700, 0.9170



33.3090, 17.1698, 1.6321



11.8619, 10.8658, 43.5913



8.5000, 8.5067, 8.8657



13.1461, 6.7760, 0.6636



0.4149, 0.2137, 0.0275

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

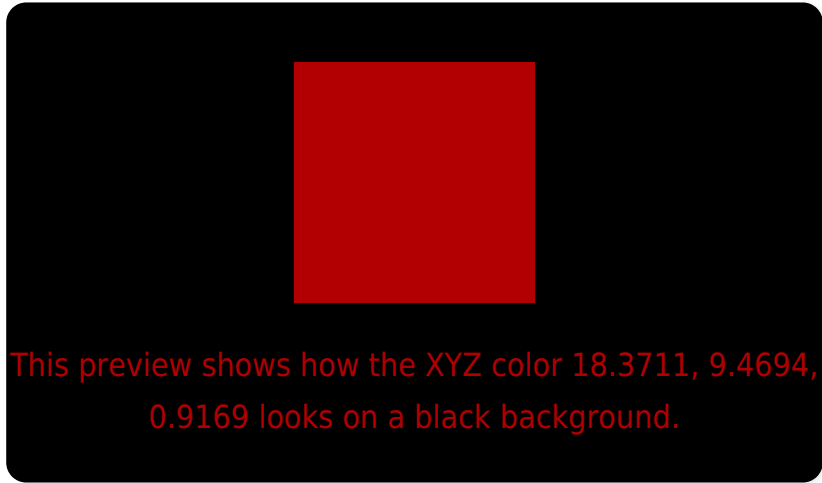
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.3711, 9.4694,

0.9169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169

Protanopia

9.1776, 10.1409, 2.2843

Deuteranopia

10.0586, 10.0077, 1.4015



Tritanopia

18.3319, 9.7480, 0.9154

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169

Protanomaly

10.6026, 7.6279, 1.3654

Deuteranomaly

11.6412, 7.9589, 0.9514

Tritanomaly

18.2566, 9.5886, 0.9173

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169

Achromatopsia

3.3839, 3.5601, 3.8770

Achromatomaly

5.8978, 3.8562, 1.9469

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 0, 2) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 0, 2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.3711, 9.4694, 0.9169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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