

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.5805, 19.4870, 23.1754)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.5805, 19.4870, 23.1754)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.6015, 19.4706,
23.1999)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787A80
RGB	120, 122, 128
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5216, 0.4980
CMYK	0.06, 0.05, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	225°, 3%, 49%
HSV	225°, 6%, 50%
XYZ	18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999
YIQ	122.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

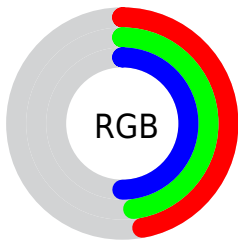
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 122, 128
Decimal	7895680
CIE Lab	51.23, 0.50, -3.54
CIE LCh	51, 3.570, 277.993
Yxy	19.4706, 0.3036, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085760 (0xFF787A80)
YUV	122.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294
Hunter-Lab	44.1255, -1.9714, -0.2851

Details

The XYZ color **18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.7532, 20.8668, 20.7561**, and the grayscale version is **18.5187, 19.4831, 21.2171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.4898, 42.3790, 49.7620**, and **6.4663, 6.7073, 8.3510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8230, 16.3749, 22.7491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7349, 22.9231, 23.7014**.

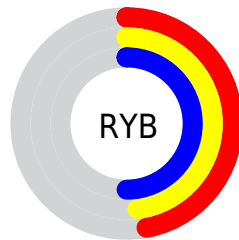
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (48%)

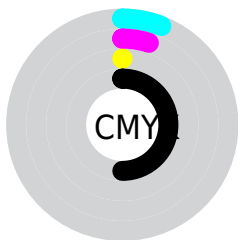
Blue (50%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (50%)

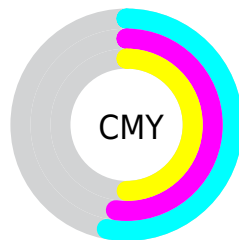


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6015, 19.4706,
23.1999

■ 18.6015, 19.4706,
23.1999

237.2205,
249.0346, 281.9052

■ 11.4850, 12.0108,
14.5345

■ 40.5817, 42.5278,
49.6487

■ 6.4637, 6.7510,
8.3504

■ 56.1762, 58.8940,
68.2692

■ 3.1724, 3.3069,
4.2290

■ 75.3273, 78.9978,
91.0451

■ 1.2456, 1.2940,
1.7518

98.4004, 103.2236,
118.3950

■ 0.1419, 0.1365,
0.3959

125.7609,
131.9558, 150.7374

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

157.7742,

165.5787, 188.4909

194.8056,
204.4769, 232.0740

■ 18.6015, 19.4706,
23.1999

■ 18.6015, 19.4706,
23.1999

■ 15.8230, 16.3749,
22.7491

■ 21.7349, 22.9231,
23.7014

■ 13.3849, 13.6220,
22.3463

■ 25.2335, 26.7408,
24.2539

■ 11.2744, 11.2005,
21.9901

■ 29.1093, 30.9352,
24.8593

■ 9.4770, 9.0976,
21.6789

■ 33.3734, 35.5162,
25.5188

■ 7.9773, 7.2993,
21.4109

■ 38.0361, 40.4937,
26.2337

■ 6.7583, 5.7910,
21.1840

■ 43.1077, 45.8769,
27.0055

■ 5.8014, 4.5564,
20.9961

■ 48.5979, 51.6749,
27.8353

■ 5.0855, 3.5775,
20.8449

■ 54.5160, 57.8963,
28.7242

■ 4.5762, 2.8290,
20.7273

■ 60.8713, 64.5498,
29.6735

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2511, 19.4706, 23.0688



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



18.9305, 19.4706, 22.7818

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



19.0505, 19.4706, 20.0170



17.8793, 19.4706, 20.4745

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



19.7532, 20.8668, 20.7561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0883, 19.4706, 19.6935



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



18.7637, 19.4706, 19.4353

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



19.1919, 19.4706, 20.9289



18.4113, 19.4706, 19.3188



17.8371, 19.4706, 21.4737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999



19.0923, 19.4706, 22.2555



18.4113, 19.4706, 19.3188



17.9322, 19.4706, 20.1787

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6021, 19.4714, 23.2003



34.9931, 36.7595, 41.2072



19.2225, 20.9347, 22.7216



8.2113, 8.6267, 9.6507



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6021, 19.4714, 23.2003



31.7571, 33.1794, 40.6868



18.6202, 19.1196, 23.1315



4.1896, 4.3731, 5.4366



4.3774, 2.5734, 20.5159



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1318, 19.4276, 21.1548



32.9660, 33.0897, 36.0169



19.7335, 21.2405, 20.8293



4.3685, 4.3606, 4.7451



9.0865, 4.6543, 1.7793



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

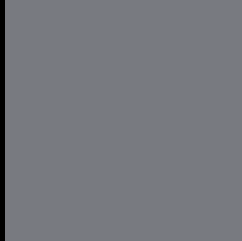
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

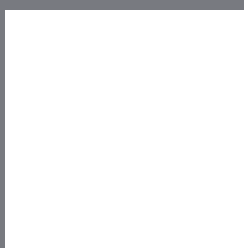
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.6015, 19.4706,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999

Protanopia

18.9020, 19.4442, 23.1789

Deuteranopia

19.8010, 19.3671, 23.4635



Tritanopia

18.9414, 19.6227, 24.2620

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999

Protanomaly

18.7597, 19.3708, 23.1723

Deuteranomaly

19.3117, 19.2907, 23.4745

Tritanomaly

18.8740, 19.5957, 23.9067

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999

Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

Achromatomaly

18.4828, 19.4393, 21.8468

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 122, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 122, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 122, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 122, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 122, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 122, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.6015, 19.4706, 23.1999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 122, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
122, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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