

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.6393, 34.9318, 5.7607)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.6393, 34.9318, 5.7607)
contains.

XYZ(18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(18.7160, 35.0932,
5.7872)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37B800
RGB	55, 184, 0
RGB Percent	22%, 72%, 0%
CMY	0.7843, 0.2784, 0.9999
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 1.00, 0.28
HSL	102°, 100%, 36%
HSV	102°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872
YIQ	124.4530, -17.8200, -84.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

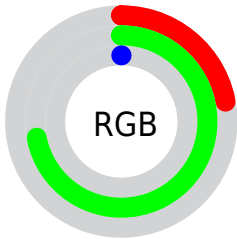
Format	Color
RYB	0, 184, 129
Decimal	3651584
CIELab	65.82, -61.79, 65.87
CIELCh	66, 90.317, 133.167
Yxy	35.0932, 0.3140, 0.5888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281841664 (0xFF37B800)
YUV	124.4530, -61.3553, -60.9103
Hunter-Lab	59.2395, -47.2743, 35.6755

Details

The XYZ color **18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **17.7089, 8.1301, 45.9852**, and the grayscale version is **19.5142, 20.5304, 22.3577**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.6800, 67.5114, 17.9081**, and **7.8503, 15.7005, 2.6168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7160, 35.0943, 5.7874**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.6308, 35.5529, 6.4181**.

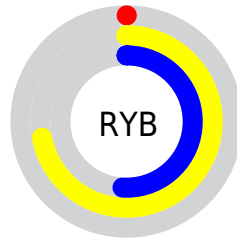
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (72%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (51%)

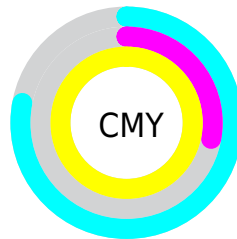


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.7160, 35.0932,
5.7872

■ 18.7160, 35.0932,
5.7872

237.8447,
324.9795, 166.3962

■ 11.5680, 23.7347,
2.6494

■ 40.7742, 67.6301,
17.9576

■ 6.5204, 15.1369,
0.9178

■ 56.4152, 89.5773,
27.8272

■ 3.2076, 8.9155,
0.0000

■ 75.6179, 115.8229,
40.7780

■ 1.2645, 4.6861,
0.0000

■ 98.7477, 146.7511,
57.2283

■ 0.1564, 2.0643,
0.0000

■ 126.1699,
182.7465, 77.5967

■ 0.0000, 0.6444,
0.0000

■ 158.2499,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

224.1935, 102.3018

0.0000

195.3531,
271.4763, 131.7622

■ 18.7160, 35.0932,
5.7872

■ 18.7160, 35.0932,
5.7872

■ 18.7160, 35.0943,
5.7874

■ 19.6308, 35.5529,
6.4181

■ 20.8487, 36.1555,
7.6152

■ 22.4219, 36.9244,
9.5874

■ 24.3806, 37.8732,
12.4368

■ 26.7514, 39.0134,
16.2501

■ 29.5585, 40.3560,
21.1036

■ 32.8236, 41.9107,
27.0659

■ 36.5674, 43.6866,
34.1997

■ 40.8089, 45.6925,
42.5630

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.8518, 35.0932, 2.0410



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



14.3484, 35.0932, 20.6545

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



26.4709, 35.0932, 160.2937



65.0461, 35.0932, 23.8129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



17.7089, 8.1301, 45.9852

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3859, 35.0932, 63.6472



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



39.5393, 35.0932, 163.4759

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



17.9383, 35.0932, 113.6192



54.1368, 35.0932, 120.6245



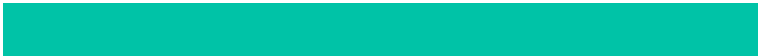
55.7539, 35.0932, 6.7829

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



13.7534, 35.0932, 42.4097



54.1368, 35.0932, 120.6245



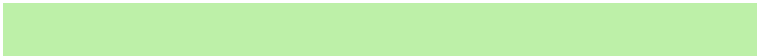
66.0415, 35.0932, 34.2981

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7168, 35.0947, 5.7880



59.1758, 75.8176, 48.4587



27.5931, 25.8407, 3.5340



12.2050, 16.0821, 9.4274



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7168, 35.0947, 5.7880



33.7169, 63.5072, 10.4811



17.4725, 34.4150, 7.4569



9.1359, 10.1867, 9.5916



12.9617, 24.2183, 3.9915



0.5214, 0.8870, 0.1437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7089, 8.1301, 45.9852



31.8469, 14.6059, 83.3453



25.0509, 12.3042, 28.7434



9.1126, 9.0244, 11.3410



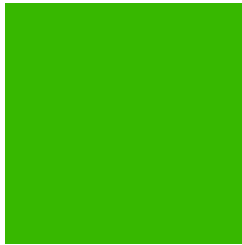
12.2775, 5.6405, 31.6947



0.4920, 0.2293, 1.1201

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

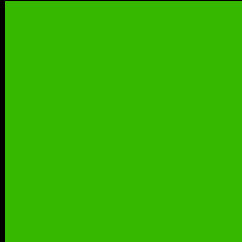
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7160, 35.0932,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872

Protanopia

30.9885, 34.3800, 5.0027

Deuteranopia

35.2522, 34.5591, 6.7320



Tritanopia

27.7335, 34.9039, 51.1744

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



Protanomaly

23.8341, 33.0736, 5.1277



Deuteranomaly

25.3053, 32.4676, 5.8528



Tritanomaly

22.0198, 34.0209, 22.5457

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872



Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495



Achromatomaly

16.8358, 23.7749, 11.0988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 184, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 184, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 184, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 184, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 184, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 184, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 184, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 184, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 184, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 184, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.7160, 35.0932, 5.7872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 184, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 184,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor