

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.6692, 10.8351, 26.3608)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.6692, 10.8351, 26.3608)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.5692, 10.7748,
26.3003)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96338D
RGB	150, 51, 141
RGB Percent	59%, 20%, 55%
CMY	0.4118, 0.8000, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.06, 0.41
HSL	305°, 49%, 39%
HSV	305°, 66%, 59%
XYZ	18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003
YIQ	90.8610, 30.1140, 48.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

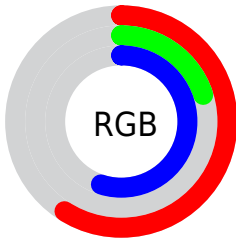
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 51, 141
Decimal	9843597
CIE _{Lab}	39.20, 52.20, -29.39
CIE _{LCh}	39, 59.905, 330.624
Yxy	10.7748, 0.3337, 0.1936
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288033677 (0xFF96338D)
YUV	90.8610, 24.7185, 51.8649
Hunter-Lab	32.8250, 43.5343, -24.5273

Details

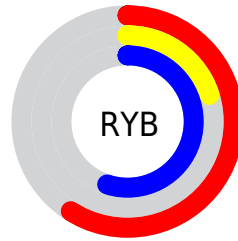
The XYZ color **18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **13.0877, 22.8431, 7.9951**, and the grayscale version is **9.8539, 10.3671, 11.2898**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.6340, 27.3087, 54.7592**, and **6.6693, 3.2250, 9.9438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.9157, 9.6289, 25.5849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4362, 12.3451, 27.0932**.

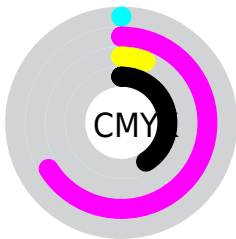
Distribution



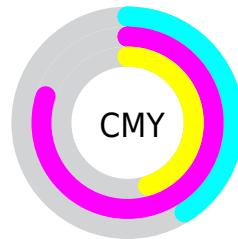
- Red (59%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5692, 10.7748,
26.3003

■ 18.5692, 10.7748,
26.3003

237.0441,
196.1160, 297.9054

■ 11.4616, 5.9156,
16.8207

■ 40.5274, 27.2430,
54.7490

■ 6.4478, 2.7938,
9.9461

■ 56.1087, 39.6208,
74.5552

■ 3.1624, 1.0251,
5.2581

■ 75.2452, 55.2735,
98.6406

■ 1.2402, 0.0000,
2.3381

■ 98.3023, 74.5857,
127.4238

■ 0.1378, 0.0000,
0.7524

■ 125.6454, 97.9416,
161.3234

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 157.6399,

125.7257, 200.7578

194.6510,
158.3223, 246.1456

■ 18.5692, 10.7748,
26.3003

■ 18.5692, 10.7748,
26.3003

■ 17.9157, 9.6289,
25.5849

■ 19.4362, 12.3451,
27.0932

■ 17.4533, 8.8635,
24.9393

■ 20.5339, 14.3751,
27.9690

■ 17.1518, 8.4180,
24.3535

■ 21.8791, 16.8980,
28.9336

■ 17.0476, 8.2720,
24.1262

■ 23.4866, 19.9437,
29.9918

■ 25.3703, 23.5396,
31.1484

■ 27.5429, 27.7113,
32.4075

■ 30.0164, 32.4826,
33.7732

■ 32.8020, 37.8762,
35.2493

■ 35.9104, 43.9134,
36.8393

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7086, 10.7748, 42.9870



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



20.0871, 10.7748, 11.4923

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



10.1571, 10.7748, 0.5371



4.9226, 10.7748, 27.0225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



13.0877, 22.8431, 7.9951

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.2900, 10.7748, 11.9748



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



6.7844, 10.7748, 1.1296

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



14.5237, 10.7748, 1.0797



4.8710, 10.7748, 3.8747



6.8959, 10.7748, 43.5629

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003



19.3210, 10.7748, 5.5308



4.8710, 10.7748, 3.8747



4.5733, 10.7748, 21.3933

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5696, 10.7753, 26.3005



43.2493, 38.6287, 54.0501



8.5079, 5.5078, 29.4691



9.4000, 8.2084, 11.8644



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5696, 10.7753, 26.3005



31.2054, 16.2984, 44.6174



15.7047, 9.6294, 11.2143



6.0128, 5.9002, 7.1736



14.1449, 6.8630, 20.0418



0.1785, 0.0861, 0.2735

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5696, 10.7753, 26.3005



31.2054, 16.2984, 44.6174



15.0190, 23.6156, 18.1650



6.0128, 5.9002, 7.1736



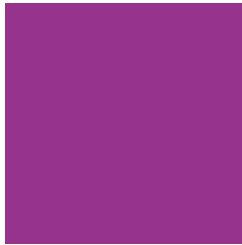
14.1449, 6.8630, 20.0418



0.1785, 0.0861, 0.2735

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

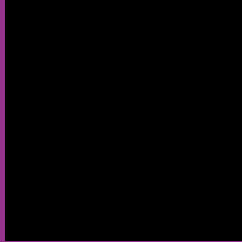
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5692, 10.7748,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003

Protanopia

12.6194, 11.0278, 42.5378

Deuteranopia

11.1908, 10.9533, 24.0786



Tritanopia

14.8854, 10.8679, 8.1506

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003

Protanomaly

12.8515, 9.6980, 35.8449

Deuteranomaly

12.8782, 10.0570, 24.9293

Tritanomaly

15.9877, 10.6979, 13.2788

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003

Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927

Achromatomaly

12.0268, 9.7178, 15.7098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 51, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 51, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 51, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 51, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 51, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 51, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 51, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 51, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 51, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 51,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.5692, 10.7748, 26.3003 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 51, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 51,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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