

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.6865, 9.6088, 1.9792)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.6865, 9.6088, 1.9792)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.5697, 9.5488,  
1.9630)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B2001C
RGB	178, 0, 28
RGB Percent	70%, 0%, 11%
CMY	0.3020, 0.9999, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.84, 0.30
HSL	351°, 100%, 35%
HSV	351°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630
YIQ	56.4140, 97.1000, 46.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

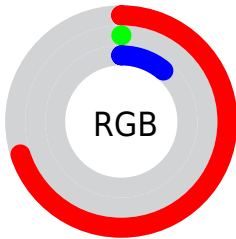
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	178, 0, 28
Decimal	11665436
CIELab	37.02, 61.59, 38.97
CIELCh	37, 72.888, 32.322
Yxy	9.5488, 0.6173, 0.3174
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289855516 (0xFFB2001C)
YUV	56.4140, -14.0081, 106.6309
Hunter-Lab	30.9011, 53.1907, 17.8644

# Details

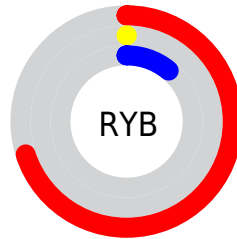
The XYZ color **18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **21.4280, 34.0437, 34.3082**, and the grayscale version is **3.8233, 4.0224, 4.3804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.6165, 24.9502, 8.9785**, and **7.2025, 3.7130, 0.3371** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5693, 9.5486, 1.9614**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0096, 10.0665, 3.2269**.

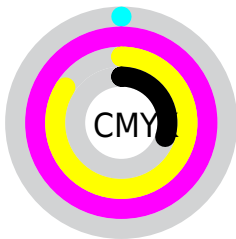
# Distribution



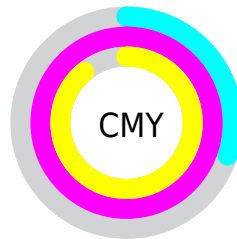
- Red (70%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.5697, 9.5488,  
1.9630


 18.5697, 9.5488,  
1.9630


237.0468,  
187.4208, 121.7996


 11.4619, 5.1008,  
0.5324


 40.5282, 24.9433,  
8.9394


 6.4480, 2.3066,  
0.0000


 56.1097, 36.6587,  
15.3835


 3.1626, 0.7772,  
0.0000

 75.2465, 51.5652,  
24.3564

 1.2403, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 98.3038, 70.0475,  
36.2764


 0.1379, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 125.6472, 92.4898,  
51.5622

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 157.6419,


119.2765, 70.6323


 194.6534,  
150.7920, 93.9052


 18.5697, 9.5488,  
1.9630


 18.5697, 9.5488,  
1.9630


 18.5693, 9.5486,  
1.9614

 19.0096, 10.0665,  
3.2269

 19.7436, 11.0099,  
5.0883

 20.8556, 12.5317,  
7.6244

 22.3898, 14.7055,  
10.8931

 24.3837, 17.5942,  
14.9462

■ 26.8709, 21.2533,  
19.8303

■ 29.8817, 25.7326,  
25.5887

■ 33.4439, 31.0778,  
32.2613

■ 37.5835, 37.3314,  
39.8858

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8113, 9.5488, 9.4216



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



13.7366, 9.5488, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



3.3532, 9.5488, 2.5952



9.4322, 9.5488, 60.3011

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



21.4280, 34.0437, 34.3082

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.6102, 9.5488, 51.6326



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



2.8705, 9.5488, 11.4375

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



5.1796, 9.5488, 0.1561



3.5376, 9.5488, 30.1689



14.5557, 9.5488, 48.7548



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630



10.2862, 9.5488, 0.0000



3.5376, 9.5488, 30.1689



7.9644, 9.5488, 59.6496

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5699, 9.5494, 1.9631



53.8713, 46.1901, 45.8024



20.3101, 9.5424, 42.8906



11.4094, 9.4494, 9.1472



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5699, 9.5494, 1.9631



33.6206, 17.2944, 3.2731



19.9423, 12.6294, 1.3875



8.5490, 8.5263, 9.1236



13.3022, 6.8384, 1.4855



0.4353, 0.2219, 0.1350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5699, 9.5494, 1.9631



33.6206, 17.2944, 3.2731



14.5946, 16.3313, 44.5022



8.5490, 8.5263, 9.1236



13.3022, 6.8384, 1.4855



0.4353, 0.2219, 0.1350



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

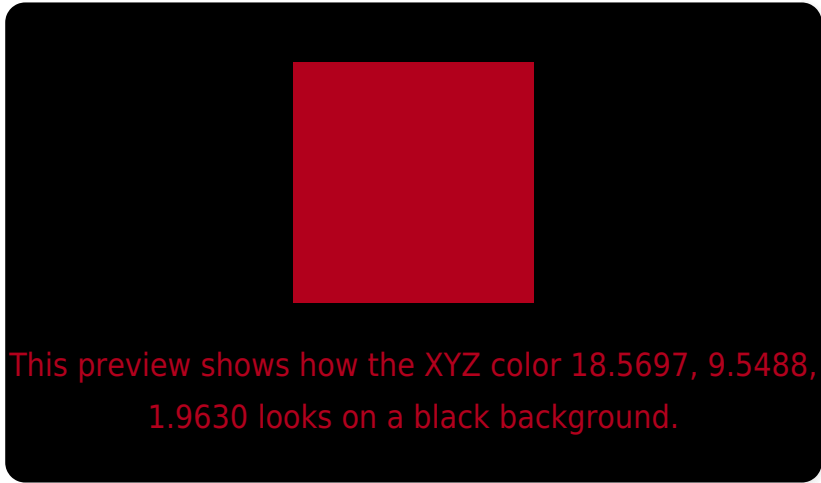
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5697, 9.5488,

1.9630.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630

### Protanopia

9.2754, 10.1544, 3.9538

### Deuteranopia

10.1879, 10.0744, 1.4076



**Tritanopia**

18.3168, 9.7177, 0.9103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630

## Protanomaly

10.7314, 7.6619, 2.8327

## Deuteranomaly

11.6905, 7.9786, 1.2110

## Tritanomaly

18.2948, 9.5861, 1.1732

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630

## Achromatopsia

3.7589, 3.9546, 4.3066

## Achromatomaly

6.3795, 4.1683, 3.0531

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 0, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 0, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 0, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 0, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 0, 28) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 0, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 0, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 0, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 0, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 0, 28)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.5697, 9.5488, 1.9630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 0, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 0,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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