

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.7326, 9.1828, 22.3015)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.7326, 9.1828, 22.3015)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.7947, 9.2158,
22.2610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A10083
RGB	161, 0, 131
RGB Percent	63%, 0%, 51%
CMY	0.3686, 0.9999, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.19, 0.37
HSL	311°, 100%, 32%
HSV	311°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610
YIQ	63.0730, 53.9050, 74.8730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

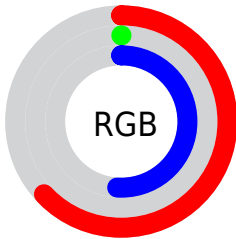
Format	Color
RYB	161, 0, 131
Decimal	10551427
CIELab	36.40, 65.45, -27.48
CIElCh	36, 70.986, 337.222
Yxy	9.2158, 0.3739, 0.1833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288741507 (0xFFA10083)
YUV	63.0730, 33.4880, 85.8820
Hunter-Lab	30.3575, 57.3857, -22.2267

Details

The XYZ color **18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **12.9798, 25.5839, 5.4838**, and the grayscale version is **4.6839, 4.9278, 5.3664**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.0356, 24.4137, 47.8969**, and **7.1941, 3.5371, 8.0881** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7945, 9.2157, 22.2597**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1883, 9.6726, 23.4102**.

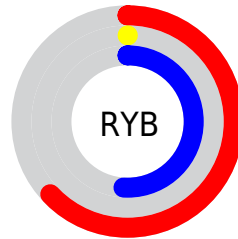
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (0%)

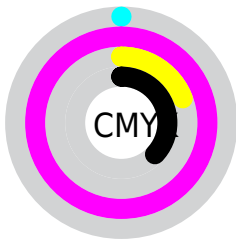
Blue (51%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (51%)

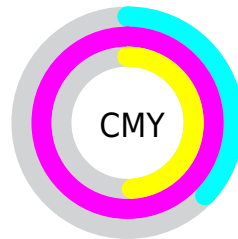


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.7947, 9.2158,
22.2610

18.7947, 9.2158,
22.2610

238.2730,
184.9797, 276.9041

11.6252, 4.8822,
13.8487

40.9065, 24.3097,
48.0847

6.5594, 2.1783,
7.8779

56.5794, 35.8387,
66.3331

3.2319, 0.7081,
3.9303

75.8175, 50.5350,
88.6974

1.2776, 0.0000,
1.5872

98.9861, 68.7831,
115.5959

0.1663, 0.0000,
0.2816

126.4506, 90.9671,
147.4473

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

158.5763,

117.4717, 184.6701

195.7287,
148.6810, 227.6829

■ 18.7947, 9.2158,
22.2610

■ 18.7947, 9.2158,
22.2610

■ 18.7945, 9.2157,
22.2597

■ 19.1883, 9.6726,
23.4102

■ 19.7360, 10.4283,
24.6400

■ 20.5019, 11.6109,
25.9721

■ 21.5134, 13.2748,
27.4158

■ 22.7935, 15.4665,
28.9791

■ 24.3629, 18.2267,
30.6690

■ 26.2399, 21.5924,
32.4919

■ 28.4415, 25.5973,
34.4537

■ 30.9834, 30.2727,
36.5598

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7656, 9.2158, 43.1142



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



19.7738, 9.2158, 7.3448

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



7.7615, 9.2158, 0.0000



3.6912, 9.2158, 32.2219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



12.9798, 25.5839, 5.4838

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.8549, 9.2158, 13.3116



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



4.6529, 9.2158, 0.4353

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



12.3620, 9.2158, 0.0000



3.1378, 9.2158, 3.3800



5.9350, 9.2158, 51.4608

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



18.3480, 9.2158, 2.6373



3.1378, 9.2158, 3.3800



3.2763, 9.2158, 25.2103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7950, 9.2163, 22.2612



46.7839, 38.2920, 57.9951



6.9552, 2.8427, 33.9006



9.9576, 7.8530, 12.4316



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7950, 9.2163, 22.2612



33.5910, 16.4772, 39.5057



15.2958, 7.8166, 3.8343



7.3074, 7.1794, 8.6054



15.0245, 7.3658, 17.8513



0.3295, 0.1603, 0.4479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.7950, 9.2163, 22.2612



33.5910, 16.4772, 39.5057



15.5610, 26.6163, 19.0759



7.3074, 7.1794, 8.6054



15.0245, 7.3658, 17.8513



0.3295, 0.1603, 0.4479

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

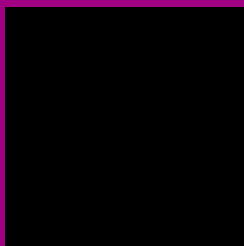
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7947, 9.2158,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610

Protanopia

11.5890, 9.8332, 45.0033

Deuteranopia

10.0439, 9.8242, 20.1058



Tritanopia

15.4114, 9.6909, 4.5483

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



Protanomaly

9.7337, 6.2125, 35.3364



Deuteranomaly

11.3164, 7.4269, 20.5758



Tritanomaly

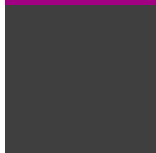
15.9715, 8.8650, 8.8520

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610



Achromatopsia

4.7246, 4.9707, 5.4130



Achromatomaly

7.6658, 4.8748, 9.7694

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 0, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 0, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 0, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 0, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 0, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 0, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 0, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 0, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 0, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 0,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.7947, 9.2158, 22.2610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 0, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 0,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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