

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.7947, 37.0840, 6.5752)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.7947, 37.0840, 6.5752)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.7422, 36.9872,  
6.5669)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	12BE0E
RGB	18, 190, 14
RGB Percent	7%, 75%, 5%
CMY	0.9294, 0.2549, 0.9450
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.93, 0.25
HSL	119°, 86%, 40%
HSV	119°, 93%, 75%
XYZ	18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669
YIQ	118.5080, -46.0160, -91.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

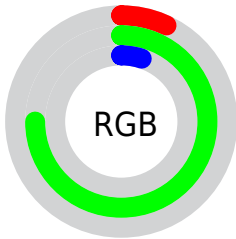
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">14, 190, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1228302</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.27, -67.89, 65.13</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 94.078, 136.186</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.9872, 0.3009, 0.5937</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279418382 (0xFF12BE0E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">118.5080, -51.5224, -88.1455</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.8171, -51.4210, 36.1700</a>

# Details

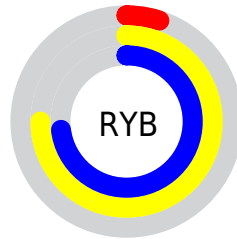
The XYZ color **18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **29.7058, 14.4737, 49.9451**, and the grayscale version is **17.5484, 18.4623, 20.1055**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.9544, 70.7626, 19.6836**, and **8.6640, 17.3279, 2.8880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4680, 36.8561, 6.1406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4366, 37.3237, 7.6199**.

# Distribution



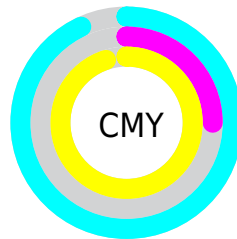
- Red (7%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (95%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.7422, 36.9872,  
6.5669


 18.7422, 36.9872,  
6.5669


237.9874,  
333.2551, 173.5069


 11.5870, 25.1976,  
3.1184


 40.8183, 70.5531,  
19.5943


 6.5333, 16.2243,  
1.1554


 56.4699, 93.0982,  
30.0103

 3.2157, 9.6830,  
0.0000


 75.6844, 119.9972,  
43.5859

 1.2688, 5.1893,  
0.0000

 98.8271, 151.6345,  
60.7397

 0.1597, 2.3588,  
0.0000

 126.2634,  
188.3946, 81.8901

 0.0000, 0.8045,  
0.0000

 158.3587,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

230.6618, 107.4558

0.0000

195.4782,  
278.8205, 137.8552

■ 18.7422, 36.9872,  
6.5669

■ 18.7422, 36.9872,  
6.5669

■ 18.4680, 36.8561,  
6.1406

■ 19.4366, 37.3237,  
7.6199

■ 20.6178, 37.8927,  
9.4782

■ 22.3540, 38.7280,  
12.2613

■ 24.7023, 39.8567,  
16.0680

■ 27.7125, 41.3028,  
20.9848

■ 31.4292, 43.0876,  
27.0887

■ 35.8935, 45.2307,  
34.4501

■ 41.1429, 47.7502,  
43.1339

■ 47.2127, 50.6627,  
53.2003

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.9984, 36.9872, 2.0511



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



14.5635, 36.9872, 24.1724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



28.9590, 36.9872, 176.4568



68.9481, 36.9872, 21.9888

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



29.7058, 14.4737, 49.9451

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4133, 36.9872, 62.2887



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



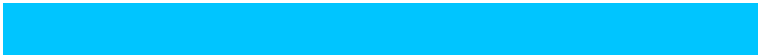
43.4382, 36.9872, 174.1949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



19.2794, 36.9872, 128.6757



59.1144, 36.9872, 123.7129



57.9774, 36.9872, 5.8991

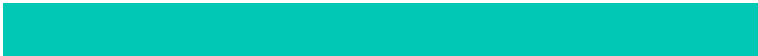


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



14.2114, 36.9872, 49.4209



59.1144, 36.9872, 123.7129



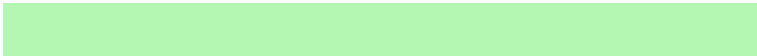
70.4232, 36.9872, 32.3295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7431, 36.9887, 6.5677



60.1565, 79.6165, 54.3649



38.4844, 45.3173, 7.1348



12.4734, 17.1295, 10.7250



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7431, 36.9887, 6.5677



33.4380, 66.7720, 11.1259



20.7135, 37.7690, 17.2995



9.4282, 10.6596, 10.1372



12.2887, 24.5110, 4.0834



0.4883, 0.9637, 0.1603



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7058, 14.4737, 49.9451



53.3740, 25.5697, 90.4014



24.0935, 12.3422, 15.2652



9.9080, 9.6850, 12.0194



19.6056, 9.3932, 33.1726

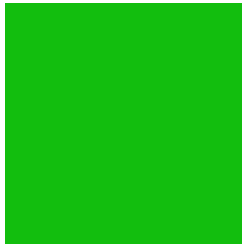


0.7748, 0.3715, 1.2997



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

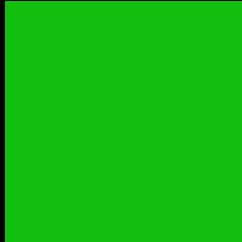
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7422, 36.9872,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669

### Protanopia

32.6256, 36.2617, 5.2796

### Deuteranopia

36.8935, 36.1230, 7.3134



## Tritanopia

28.5194, 36.9552, 54.9201

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



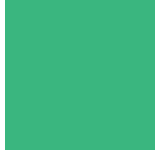
## Protanomaly

23.1393, 34.1091, 5.5077



## Deuteranomaly

24.2328, 32.9760, 6.4543



## Tritanomaly

22.3036, 35.8877, 25.8302

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669



## Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893



## Achromatomaly

15.0903, 22.6387, 11.3590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 190, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 190, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 190, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 190, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 190, 14) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 190, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 190, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 190, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 190, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 190,  
14) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.7422, 36.9872, 6.5669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 190, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 190,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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