

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.8315, 37.4461, 6.2353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.8315, 37.4461, 6.2353)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.7824, 37.3398,  
6.2174)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0CBF00
RGB	12, 191, 0
RGB Percent	5%, 75%, 0%
CMY	0.9530, 0.2510, 0.9999
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	116°, 100%, 37%
HSV	116°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174
YIQ	115.7050, -45.3730, -97.3490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

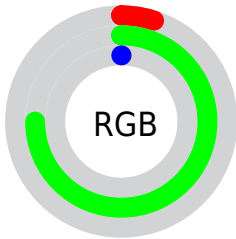
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 191, 179
Decimal	835328
CIELab	67.53, -68.82, 67.00
CIELCh	68, 96.047, 135.764
Yxy	37.3398, 0.3013, 0.5990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279025408 (0xFF0CBF00)
YUV	115.7050, -57.0426, -90.9493
Hunter-Lab	61.1063, -52.0700, 36.7418

# Details

The XYZ color **18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**. A complement of this color would be **28.0018, 13.3494, 50.3931**, and the grayscale version is **16.6902, 17.5594, 19.1222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.9597, 71.2445, 18.8005**, and **8.8042, 17.6083, 2.9347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7829, 37.3412, 6.2176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2826, 37.5851, 6.8599**.

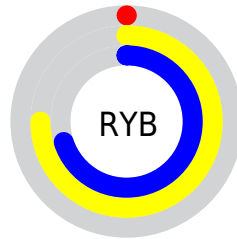
# Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (75%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (70%)

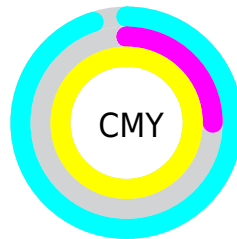


Cyan (94%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.7824, 37.3398,  
6.2174


 18.7824, 37.3398,  
6.2174


238.2061,  
334.7793, 170.3689


 11.6162, 25.4707,  
2.9068


 40.8858, 71.0951,  
18.8659


 6.5533, 16.4281,  
1.0472


 56.5537, 93.7501,  
29.0409

 3.2281, 9.8276,  
0.0000


 75.7863, 120.7691,  
42.3410

 1.2755, 5.2848,  
0.0000

 98.9489, 152.5366,  
59.1850

 0.1648, 2.4153,  
0.0000

 126.4068,  
189.4370, 79.9912

 0.0000, 0.8337,  
0.0000

 158.5254,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

231.8547, 105.1782

0.0000

195.6700,  
280.1740, 135.1646

■ 18.7824, 37.3398,  
6.2174

■ 18.7824, 37.3398,  
6.2174

■ 18.7829, 37.3412,  
6.2176

■ 19.2826, 37.5851,  
6.8599

■ 20.1946, 38.0281,  
8.1284

■ 21.6051, 38.7098,  
10.2463

■ 23.5719, 39.6576,  
13.3271

■ 26.1451, 40.8952,  
17.4672

■ 29.3690, 42.4435,  
22.7509

■ 33.2837, 44.3218,  
29.2542

■ 37.9263, 46.5474,  
37.0466

■ 43.3311, 49.1369,  
46.1924

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3198, 37.3398, 1.8683



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



14.4651, 37.3398, 23.7547

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



28.9540, 37.3398, 181.4496



70.4423, 37.3398, 22.3200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



28.0018, 13.3494, 50.3931

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.7525, 37.3398, 64.1197



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



43.7794, 37.3398, 179.9317

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



19.1351, 37.3398, 131.2185



59.9770, 37.3398, 127.8964



59.2202, 37.3398, 5.7889



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



14.0683, 37.3398, 49.3856



59.9770, 37.3398, 127.8964



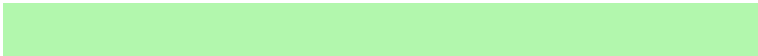
71.9128, 37.3398, 33.0222

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7833, 37.3414, 6.2182



59.2384, 79.1996, 51.7736



37.4613, 43.0258, 6.3310



12.3227, 17.0627, 10.2272



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7833, 37.3414, 6.2182



33.5733, 66.8417, 11.1322



20.1847, 37.8845, 14.3878



9.4627, 10.6774, 10.1388



12.3680, 24.5518, 4.0871



0.5036, 0.9716, 0.1610



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0018, 13.3494, 50.3931



50.0698, 23.8663, 90.2468



24.2068, 12.1652, 15.3280



9.8693, 9.6650, 12.0176



18.4268, 8.7855, 33.1175

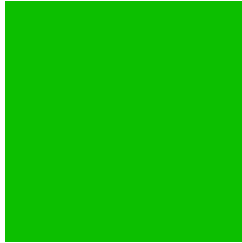


0.7398, 0.3534, 1.2981



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

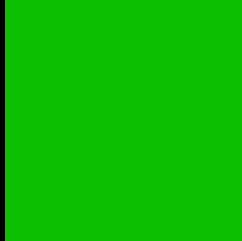
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.7824, 37.3398,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174

### Protanopia

33.0426, 36.7413, 5.3502

### Deuteranopia

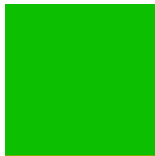
37.2984, 36.5819, 7.1930



## Tritanopia

28.8282, 37.3959, 55.5679

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



## Protanomaly

23.0212, 34.3371, 5.4144



## Deuteranomaly

24.1808, 33.2307, 6.1170



## Tritanomaly

22.0772, 36.1129, 24.2192

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174



## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191



## Achromatomaly

14.2004, 21.7590, 9.9300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 191, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 191, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 191, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 191, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 191, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 191, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 191, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 191, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 191, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 191, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.7824, 37.3398, 6.2174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 191, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 191,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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