

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.9345, 9.3234, 20.6630)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.9345, 9.3234, 20.6630)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.8702, 9.2929,
20.5378)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3007E
RGB	163, 0, 126
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 49%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9999, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.23, 0.36
HSL	314°, 100%, 32%
HSV	314°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378
YIQ	63.1010, 56.7020, 73.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

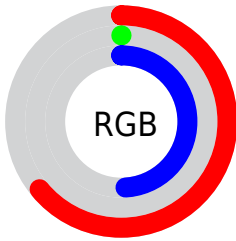
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 0, 126
Decimal	10682494
CIE _{Lab}	36.54, 65.21, -24.11
CIE _{LCh}	37, 69.525, 339.710
Yxy	9.2929, 0.3875, 0.1908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872574 (0xFFA3007E)
YUV	63.1010, 31.0092, 87.6114
Hunter-Lab	30.4843, 57.1466, -18.6058

Details

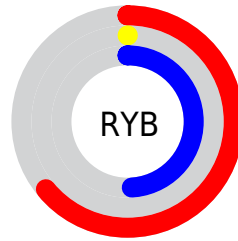
The XYZ color **18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **13.4318, 26.3284, 6.1259**, and the grayscale version is **4.6911, 4.9354, 5.3747**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.1295, 24.5216, 45.2132**, and **7.2834, 3.6000, 7.3322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8700, 9.2928, 20.5364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3037, 9.7704, 21.8824**.

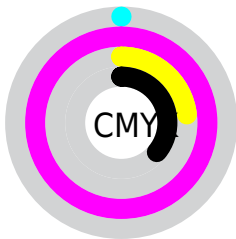
Distribution



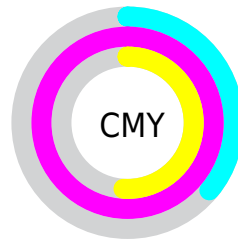
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.8702, 9.2929,
20.5378

18.8702, 9.2929,
20.5378

238.6831,
185.5481, 267.5117

11.6800, 4.9327,
12.5986

41.0332, 24.4567,
45.1878

6.5968, 2.2078,
7.0253

56.7367, 36.0292,
62.7357

3.2553, 0.7243,
3.3992

76.0087, 50.7745,
84.3236

1.2902, 0.0000,
1.3019

99.2145, 69.0771,
110.3700

0.1759, 0.0000,
0.0634

126.7195, 91.3214,
141.2935

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

158.8890,

117.8917, 177.5126

196.0885,
149.1725, 219.4458

■ 18.8702, 9.2929,
20.5378

■ 18.8702, 9.2929,
20.5378

■ 18.8700, 9.2928,
20.5364

■ 19.3037, 9.7704,
21.8824

■ 19.8992, 10.5579,
23.3250

■ 20.7220, 11.7856,
24.8879

■ 21.8004, 13.5097,
26.5808

■ 23.1582, 15.7781,
28.4124

■ 24.8167, 18.6329,
30.3899

■ 26.7949, 22.1122,
32.5203

■ 29.1103, 26.2508,
34.8097

■ 31.7792, 31.0810,
37.2640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1158, 9.2929, 40.7039



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



19.5215, 9.2929, 6.6758

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



7.5304, 9.2929, 0.0000



3.9363, 9.2929, 33.4940

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



13.4318, 26.3284, 6.1259

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.9961, 9.2929, 14.5782



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



4.5882, 9.2929, 0.6655

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



11.9644, 9.2929, 0.0000



3.1889, 9.2929, 3.9990



6.3014, 9.2929, 51.4734

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



17.9491, 9.2929, 2.4072



3.1889, 9.2929, 3.9990



3.4838, 9.2929, 26.6131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8705, 9.2934, 20.5380



47.7698, 39.2156, 58.0163



7.3156, 3.0080, 34.8457



10.3966, 8.2208, 12.6801



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8705, 9.2934, 20.5380



33.7154, 16.6110, 36.3624



15.6017, 7.9858, 3.3244



7.2952, 7.1745, 8.5409



14.6831, 7.2293, 16.0538



0.3246, 0.1583, 0.4218

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.8705, 9.2934, 20.5380



33.7154, 16.6110, 36.3624



16.2980, 27.4749, 21.2192



7.2952, 7.1745, 8.5409



14.6831, 7.2293, 16.0538



0.3246, 0.1583, 0.4218

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

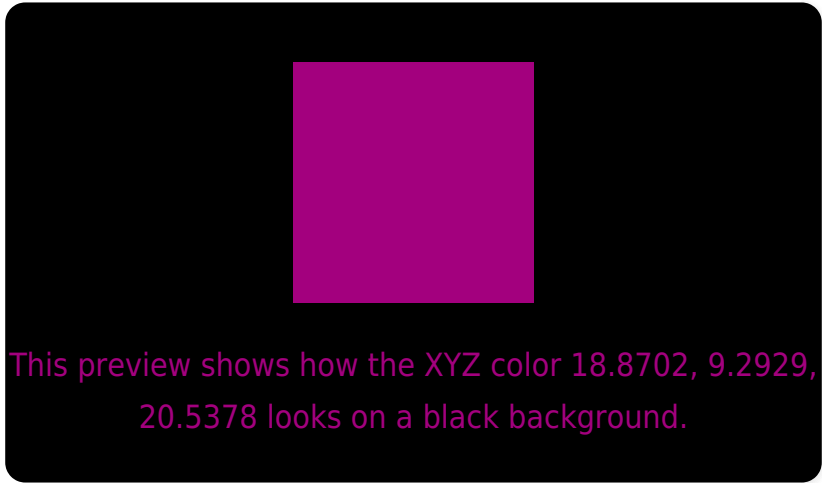
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

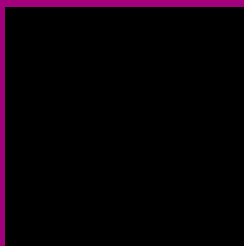
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.8702, 9.2929,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378

Protanopia

11.8412, 10.1044, 43.9741

Deuteranopia

10.0715, 9.8737, 18.5145



Tritanopia

15.6651, 9.6972, 4.2949

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



Protanomaly

10.6130, 6.7663, 34.0044



Deuteranomaly

11.3729, 7.4924, 18.9359



Tritanomaly

16.2259, 8.9685, 8.2730

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378



Achromatopsia

4.7246, 4.9707, 5.4130



Achromatomaly

7.5841, 4.8421, 9.3390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 0, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.8702, 9.2929, 20.5378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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