

# Converting Colors

XYZ(18.9420, 14.3850, 1.7782)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(18.9420, 14.3850, 1.7782)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.8191, 14.2935,  
1.7670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A65300
RGB	166, 83, 0
RGB Percent	65%, 33%, 0%
CMY	0.3490, 0.6745, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 1.00, 0.35
HSL	30°, 100%, 33%
HSV	30°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670
YIQ	98.3550, 76.1110, -8.2170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

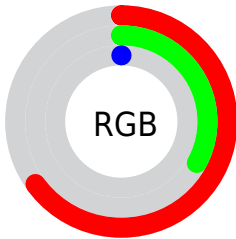
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 166, 0
Decimal	10900224
CIELab	44.65, 30.00, 53.94
CIELCh	45, 61.715, 60.919
Yxy	14.2935, 0.5395, 0.4098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289090304 (0xFFA65300)
YUV	98.3550, -48.4890, 59.3247
Hunter-Lab	37.8067, 22.6903, 23.6936

# Details

The XYZ color **18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. A complement of this color would be **9.9758, 8.9390, 37.2756**, and the grayscale version is **11.8026, 12.4172, 13.5223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.9674, 33.6866, 8.3459**, and **6.6644, 4.3279, 0.4841** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8193, 14.2941, 1.7672**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5910, 15.6806, 2.5082**.

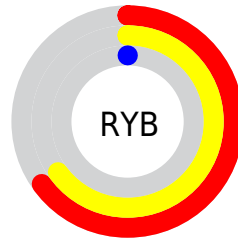
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (33%)

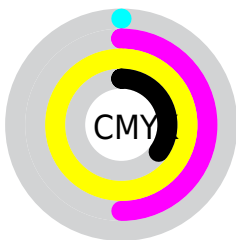
Blue (0%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (0%)

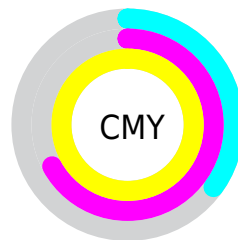


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (67%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.8191, 14.2935,  
1.7670


 18.8191, 14.2935,  
1.7670


 238.4056,  
219.0491, 118.6470


 11.6429, 8.3251,  
0.4061


 40.9474, 33.6089,  
8.3934


 6.5715, 4.3037,  
0.0000


 56.6303, 47.7247,  
14.5968


 3.2395, 1.8448,  
0.0000

 75.8793, 65.3250,  
23.2849

 1.2816, 0.5149,  
0.0000

 99.0600, 86.7943,  
34.8765


 0.1694, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 126.5375,  
112.5170, 49.7899


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 158.6775,


142.8774, 68.4438


 195.8450,  
178.2600, 91.2566


 18.8191, 14.2935,  
1.7670


 18.8191, 14.2935,  
1.7670


 18.8193, 14.2941,  
1.7672

 19.5910, 15.6806,  
2.5082

 20.5224, 17.2565,  
3.7029

 21.6496, 19.0404,  
5.5294

 22.9899, 21.0428,  
8.0666

 24.5580, 23.2732,  
11.3818

■ 26.3672, 25.7403,  
15.5345

■ 28.4298, 28.4524,  
20.5780

■ 30.7567, 31.4170,  
26.5615

■ 33.3585, 34.6415,  
33.5304

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6243, 14.2935, 5.2642



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



13.4318, 14.2935, 1.0718

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



6.0574, 14.2935, 16.0094



19.1532, 14.2935, 53.1914

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



9.9758, 8.9390, 37.2756

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.7405, 14.2935, 62.5710



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



6.8902, 14.2935, 34.4494

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



6.7925, 14.2935, 5.6447



9.4251, 14.2935, 54.2006



23.8481, 14.2935, 33.1654



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670



10.4316, 14.2935, 1.4062



9.4251, 14.2935, 54.2006



17.3186, 14.2935, 58.0987

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8194, 14.2943, 1.7672



51.3763, 51.3520, 36.7919



17.2871, 8.7315, 8.9580



11.1469, 11.0349, 7.3660



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8194, 14.2943, 1.7672



33.9439, 25.5192, 3.1367



29.3618, 35.3790, 5.2814



7.8294, 8.1388, 7.9476



14.6404, 11.1780, 1.3859



0.4074, 0.3744, 0.0508



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.9758, 8.9390, 37.2756



17.8934, 15.7998, 67.5819



6.8829, 2.7532, 36.2446



7.4300, 7.8970, 9.5510



7.7825, 7.0253, 28.9213

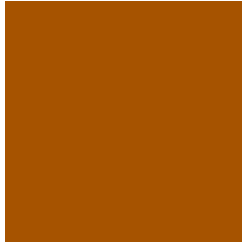


0.2406, 0.2734, 0.7207



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.8191, 14.2935,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670

### Protanopia

13.0827, 14.5402, 2.5325

### Tritanopia

20.3253, 14.2418, 9.6603

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670

## Protanomaly

14.7335, 14.0735, 2.1984

## Tritanomaly

19.3522, 14.0554, 4.9418

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670

## Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

## Achromatomaly

12.9522, 12.3875, 6.2658

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 83, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 83, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 83, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 83, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 83, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 83, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 83, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 83, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 83, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 83, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.8191, 14.2935, 1.7670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 83, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 83,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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