

Converting Colors

XYZ(18.9691, 10.0894, 8.8497)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(18.9691, 10.0894, 8.8497)
contains.

XYZ(19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(19.0832, 10.1467,
8.9354)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD1852
RGB	173, 24, 82
RGB Percent	68%, 9%, 32%
CMY	0.3216, 0.9058, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.53, 0.32
HSL	337°, 76%, 39%
HSV	337°, 86%, 68%
XYZ	19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354
YIQ	75.1630, 70.1860, 49.6260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

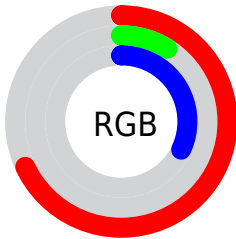
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 24, 82
Decimal	11343954
CIE Lab	38.10, 59.57, 6.37
CIE LCh	38, 59.911, 6.105
Yxy	10.1467, 0.5000, 0.2659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289534034 (0xFFAD1852)
YUV	75.1630, 3.3706, 85.8030
Hunter-Lab	31.8539, 51.1925, 5.6662

Details

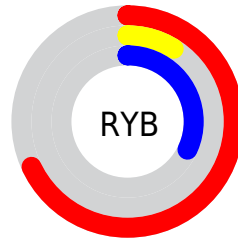
The XYZ color **19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **18.4159, 31.3195, 21.2987**, and the grayscale version is **6.7038, 7.0529, 7.6806**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5181, 26.1106, 24.3243**, and **7.2893, 3.7173, 2.1671** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4577, 9.4905, 6.8935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9941, 11.2746, 11.3781**.

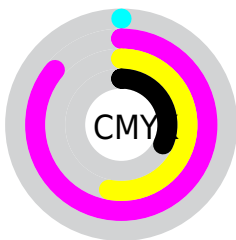
Distribution



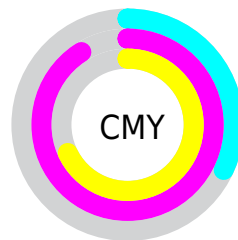
- Red (68%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.0832, 10.1467,
8.9354

■ 19.0832, 10.1467,
8.9354

239.8370,
191.7159, 193.0955

■ 11.8348, 5.4963,
4.6028

■ 41.3904, 26.0711,
24.3486

■ 6.7027, 2.5413,
1.9615

■ 57.1799, 38.1139,
36.2662

■ 3.3215, 0.8973,
0.5315

■ 76.5472, 53.3896,
51.5493

■ 1.3260, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.8575, 72.2826,
70.6164

■ 0.2025, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 127.4763, 95.1774,
93.8861

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 159.7689,

122.4582, 121.7768

197.1007,
154.5096, 154.7071

■ 19.0832, 10.1467,
8.9354

■ 19.0832, 10.1467,
8.9354

■ 18.4577, 9.4905,
6.8935

■ 19.9941, 11.2746,
11.3781

■ 18.2566, 9.2934,
6.1942

■ 21.2327, 12.9547,
14.2487

■ 22.8324, 15.2495,
17.5705

■ 24.8218, 18.2127,
21.3648

■ 27.2267, 21.8921,
25.6512

■ 30.0704, 26.3311,
30.4480

■ 33.3745, 31.5694,
35.7727

■ 37.1591, 37.6441,
41.6416

■ 41.4432, 44.5901,
48.0704

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1608, 10.1467, 22.1082



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



16.9819, 10.1467, 2.6529

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



5.8939, 10.1467, 1.2303



6.9358, 10.1467, 44.1748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



18.4159, 31.3195, 21.2987

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7992, 10.1467, 28.9372



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



4.3197, 10.1467, 4.4742

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



8.8751, 10.1467, 0.4283



3.9807, 10.1467, 13.4699



10.4564, 10.1467, 48.6076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354



14.4113, 10.1467, 1.1245



3.9807, 10.1467, 13.4699



6.0646, 10.1467, 39.8102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.0835, 10.1473, 8.9356



53.6707, 46.8680, 54.2274



14.7321, 7.2087, 40.1499



11.2772, 9.5789, 11.1420



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.0835, 10.1473, 8.9356



32.5987, 16.6049, 10.5762



18.1212, 10.3956, 1.9164



8.1295, 8.0650, 8.9926



13.4386, 6.8380, 4.6891



0.4011, 0.2011, 0.2742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.0835, 10.1473, 8.9356



32.5987, 16.6049, 10.5762



20.1640, 27.6998, 43.8188



8.1295, 8.0650, 8.9926



13.4386, 6.8380, 4.6891



0.4011, 0.2011, 0.2742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.0832, 10.1467,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354

Protanopia

10.4970, 10.4814, 17.6895

Deuteranopia

10.7036, 10.5516, 8.1291



Tritanopia

17.8539, 10.1906, 2.9454

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354

Protanomaly

11.7325, 8.6576, 13.8847

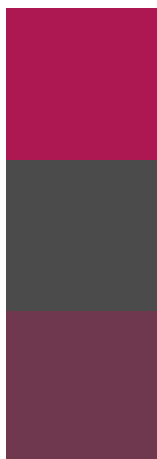
Deuteranomaly

12.4714, 9.0765, 8.3023

Tritanomaly

18.2467, 10.1342, 4.6088

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

9.3449, 6.7579, 8.0196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 24, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 24, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 24, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 24, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 24, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 24, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 24, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 24, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 24, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 24,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.0832, 10.1467, 8.9354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 24, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 24,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor