

Converting Colors

XYZ(184.3785, 188.3146,
74.1311)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(184.3785, 188.3146, 74.1311)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(86.0771, 96.4108,
61.6494)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFBC
RGB	255, 255, 188
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 74%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 87%
HSV	60°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494
YIQ	247.3620, 21.5070, -20.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

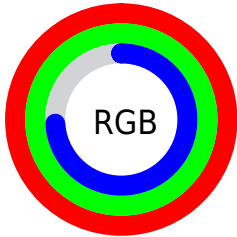
Format	Color
R _Y B	188, 255, 188
Decimal	16777148
CIE Lab	98.60, -10.20, 32.12
CIE LCh	99, 33.700, 107.612
Yxy	96.4108, 0.3526, 0.3949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967228 (0xFFFFFFFFBC)
YUV	247.3620, -29.2655, 6.6985
Hunter-Lab	98.1890, -15.3493, 31.5062

Details

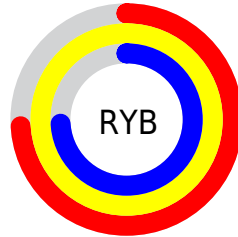
The XYZ color **86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.7734, 53.8792, 102.0152**, and the grayscale version is **88.9202, 93.5510, 101.8770**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4814, 99.3726, 100.6400**, and **47.7859, 54.1152, 30.4809** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.5664, 95.4065, 48.4279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.0741, 97.6097, 77.4315**.

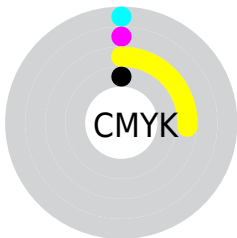
Distribution



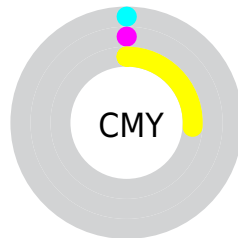
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.0771, 96.4108,
61.6494

 86.0771, 96.4108,
61.6494


503.6156,
548.6717, 448.6234

 65.0572, 73.3097,
44.3155


 140.7833,
156.2122, 108.7853

 47.7723, 54.2293,
30.5796


175.2004,
193.6814, 139.4244

 33.8571, 38.7850,
20.0232


214.8139,
236.7088, 175.3357

 22.9462, 26.5925,
12.2276

259.9892,
285.6787, 216.9377

 14.6743, 17.2674,
6.7745

311.0917,
340.9755, 264.6489

 8.6759, 10.4253,
3.2452

368.4867,

 4.5858, 5.6819,

402.9837, 318.8879

1.2211

432.5395,
472.0876, 380.0732

■ 2.0386, 2.6526,
0.0000

■ 0.6555, 0.9532,
0.0000

■ 86.0771, 96.4108,
61.6494

■ 86.0771, 96.4108,
61.6494

■ 83.5664, 95.4065,
48.4279

■ 89.0741, 97.6097,
77.4315

■ 81.5155, 94.5862,
37.6285

■ 92.5803, 99.0121,
95.8950

■ 79.8970, 93.9388,
29.1054

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 78.6798, 93.4519,
22.6958

■ 77.8290, 93.1116,
18.2152

■ 77.3034, 92.9014,
15.4477

■ 77.0521, 92.8008,
14.1241

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

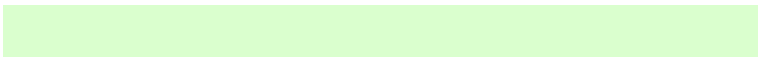
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.7186, 96.4108, 60.7652



86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



78.4690, 96.4108, 72.7669

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



79.5639, 96.4108, 149.8567



111.2026, 96.4108, 116.9259

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



56.7734, 53.8792, 102.0152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.1983, 96.4108, 145.5111



86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



87.6703, 96.4108, 166.6654

Square

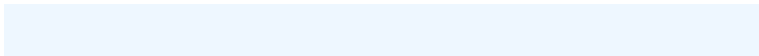
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



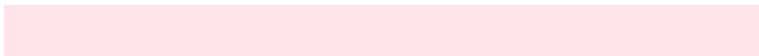
86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



74.8961, 96.4108, 122.0804



97.4283, 96.4108, 164.9472



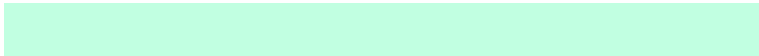
110.7001, 96.4108, 89.5470

Rectangle

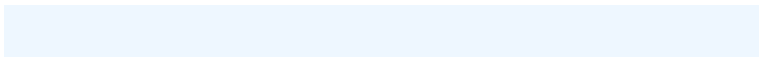
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



75.3644, 96.4108, 85.8159



97.4283, 96.4108, 164.9472



110.0947, 96.4108, 126.7923

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0774, 96.4109, 61.6507



91.9377, 98.7551, 92.5106



68.3011, 60.8584, 55.7253



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

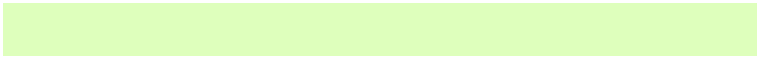
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0774, 96.4109, 61.6507



84.5816, 95.8126, 53.7742



74.8090, 90.6019, 61.1234



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.7734, 53.8792, 102.0152



50.3926, 46.1907, 100.8675



66.0054, 58.6384, 102.4472



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



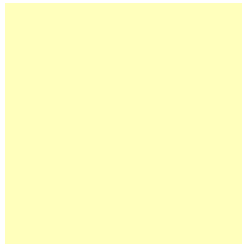
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

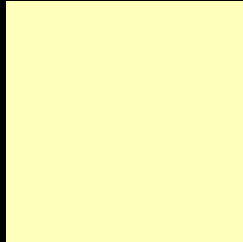
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

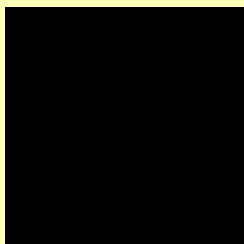
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494.



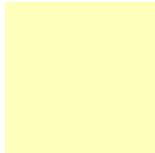
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.0771, 96.4108,

61.6494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



Protanopia

91.3172, 96.4864, 95.4722

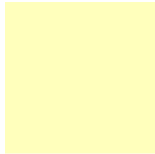
Deuteranopia

92.2141, 96.3466, 101.7322

Tritanopia

93.1657, 96.2314, 108.2719

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



Protanomaly

88.9687, 96.0481, 81.5601



Deuteranomaly

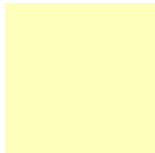
89.7779, 96.3718, 85.8213



Tritanomaly

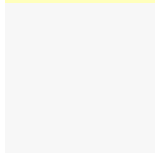
90.1610, 96.0239, 89.3838

Monochromacy



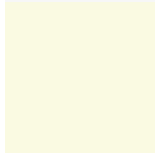
Original Color

86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494



Achromatopsia

88.4070, 93.0111, 101.2891



Achromatomaly

87.3374, 94.1862, 85.5281

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 188) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.0771, 96.4108, 61.6494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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