

# Converting Colors

XYZ(187.5470, 288.9596,  
302.8391)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(187.5470, 288.9596, 302.8391)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.9556, 81.3926,  
107.2108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63FFFF
RGB	99, 255, 255
RGB Percent	39%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.6117, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 69%
HSV	180°, 61%, 100%
XYZ	58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108
YIQ	208.3560, -92.9760, -33.0720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

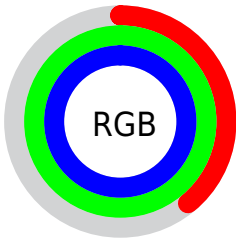
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">99, 177, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6553599</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.31, -40.42, -12.24</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">92, 42.233, 196.842</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">81.3926, 0.2381, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284743679</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF63FFFF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">208.3560, 22.9955, -95.9052</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.2178, -41.2350, -7.3051</a>

# Details

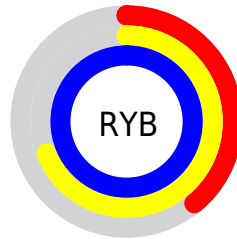
The XYZ color **58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **47.9552, 31.0864, 15.2793**, and the grayscale version is **60.0849, 63.2140, 68.8400**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.3270, 86.7393, 107.6962**, and **30.3871, 44.4654, 60.4072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5964, 80.1764, 107.1004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.1959, 83.0631, 107.3625**.

# Distribution



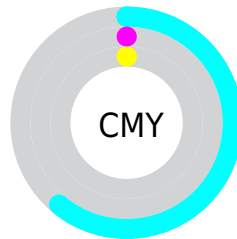
- Red (39%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.9556, 81.3926,  
107.2108

 58.9556, 81.3926,  
107.2108


410.6341,  
499.6137, 604.5150


 42.8236, 60.8650,  
81.6857

 102.4281,  
135.3219, 173.1697

 29.9407, 44.1162,  
60.5722


 130.4994,  
169.4924, 214.4406

 19.9414, 30.7619,  
43.4517

 163.2811,  
208.9793, 261.7973

 12.4605, 20.4176,  
29.9057

201.1386,  
254.1669, 315.6582

 7.1325, 12.6990,  
19.5156

244.4373,  
305.4398, 376.4419

 3.5922, 7.2216,  
11.8628

293.5426,

 1.4741, 3.6011,

363.1823, 444.5669

6.5289

348.8197,  
427.7788, 520.4517

■ 0.3081, 1.4530,  
3.0954

■ 0.0000, 0.2553,  
1.1435

■ 58.9556, 81.3926,  
107.2108

■ 58.9556, 81.3926,  
107.2108

■ 56.5964, 80.1764,  
107.1004

■ 62.1959, 83.0631,  
107.3625

■ 55.0293, 79.3686,  
107.0271

■ 66.3893, 85.2249,  
107.5587

■ 54.1522, 78.9164,  
106.9860

■ 71.6036, 87.9129,  
107.8027

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

■ 77.8998, 91.1587,  
108.0974

85.3338, 94.9911,  
108.4453

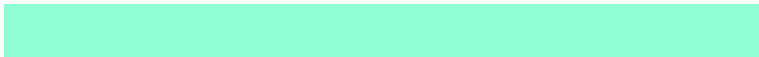
93.9581, 99.4371,  
108.8489

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6647, 81.3926, 75.6270



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



63.8700, 81.3926, 140.1207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



93.7100, 81.3926, 136.4443



82.2399, 81.3926, 42.0189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



47.9552, 31.0864, 15.2793

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6298, 81.3926, 51.5980



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



99.6598, 81.3926, 103.0279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



83.6052, 81.3926, 159.5314



99.2468, 81.3926, 72.3178



71.4362, 81.3926, 42.6301



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



69.3944, 81.3926, 156.2014



99.2468, 81.3926, 72.3178



85.9156, 81.3926, 44.0366

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.9565, 81.3931, 107.2109



80.1328, 92.3099, 108.2019



43.1591, 75.0742, 24.0226



16.7124, 19.5317, 23.1391



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.9565, 81.3931, 107.2109



56.2536, 79.9997, 107.0844



38.9196, 41.3192, 100.5319



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7527, 37.4053, 98.4676



61.4089, 32.7178, 97.6863



59.2156, 53.6070, 19.0328



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

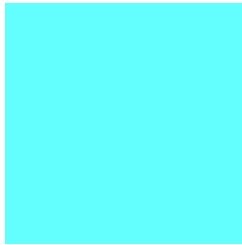


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

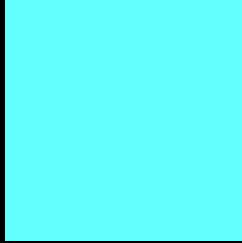
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108.



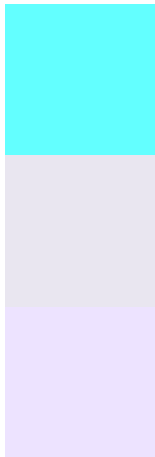
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.9556, 81.3926,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108

### Protanopia

77.6293, 80.2085, 93.8284

### Deuteranopia

80.4441, 80.1627, 105.8408



## Tritanopia

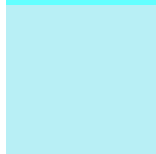
68.0051, 80.5513, 106.5714

# Trichromacy



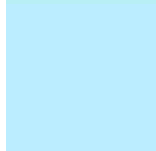
## Original Color

58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



## Protanomaly

67.1151, 78.5159, 98.0039



## Deuteranomaly

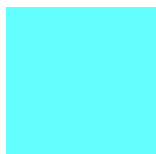
68.8277, 78.3532, 106.1038



## Tritanomaly

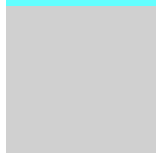
63.5235, 80.0374, 106.7085

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108



## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895



## Achromatomaly

56.6643, 67.6115, 81.2980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.9556, 81.3926, 107.2108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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