

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.0124, 33.8344, 18.0810)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.0124, 33.8344, 18.0810)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(18.9690, 33.7304,  
18.0812)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	12B466
RGB	18, 180, 102
RGB Percent	7%, 71%, 40%
CMY	0.9294, 0.2941, 0.6000
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.43, 0.29
HSL	151°, 82%, 39%
HSV	151°, 90%, 71%
XYZ	18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812
YIQ	122.6700, -71.5140, -58.6020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

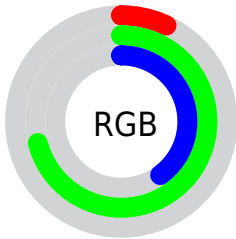
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	18, 125, 180
Decimal	1225830
CIELab	64.75, -55.86, 29.29
CIELCh	65, 63.071, 152.329
Yxy	33.7304, 0.2680, 0.4765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279415910 (0xFF12B466)
YUV	122.6700, -10.1903, -91.7956
Hunter-Lab	58.0779, -43.3358, 22.1959

# Details

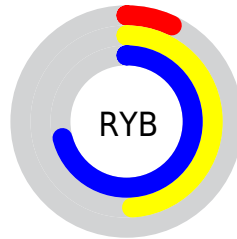
The XYZ color **18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **21.1513, 10.9813, 12.0735**, and the grayscale version is **18.7687, 19.7462, 21.5036**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.2625, 65.5541, 41.0503**, and **8.1035, 15.1788, 5.8709** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3126, 33.4400, 15.9233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9008, 34.1594, 20.4882**.

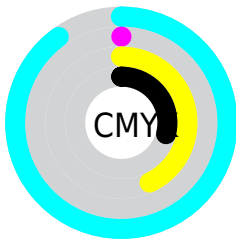
# Distribution



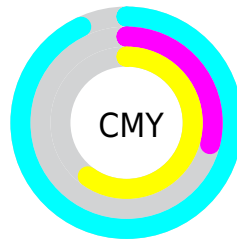
- Red (7%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.9690, 33.7304,  
18.0812

■ 18.9690, 33.7304,  
18.0812

239.2190,  
318.9282, 253.5798

■ 11.7518, 22.6866,  
10.8383

■ 41.1990, 65.5142,  
40.9914

■ 6.6459, 14.3622,  
5.8454

■ 56.9424, 87.0230,  
57.4958

■ 3.2860, 8.3730,  
2.6840

■ 76.2587, 112.7888,  
77.9244

■ 1.3067, 4.3346,  
0.9354

■ 99.5130, 143.1961,  
102.6958

■ 0.1883, 1.8624,  
0.0000

■ 127.0709,  
178.6293, 132.2285

■ 0.0000, 0.5256,  
0.0000

■ 159.2976,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

219.4728, 166.9410

0.0000

196.5585,  
266.1110, 207.2519

■ 18.9690, 33.7304,  
18.0812

■ 18.9690, 33.7304,  
18.0812

■ 18.3126, 33.4400,  
15.9233

■ 19.9008, 34.1594,  
20.4882

■ 18.3123, 33.4399,  
15.9223

■ 21.1937, 34.7683,  
23.1528

■ 22.8916, 35.5804,  
26.0846

■ 25.0311, 36.6146,  
29.2914

■ 27.6444, 37.8873,  
32.7810

■ 30.7608, 39.4134,  
36.5605

■ 34.4069, 41.2066,  
40.6370

■ 38.6076, 43.2795,  
45.0171

■ 43.3859, 45.6440,  
49.7073

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6133, 33.7304, 8.6347



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



17.6081, 33.7304, 38.7924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



32.7731, 33.7304, 112.5818



49.1571, 33.7304, 15.9782

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



21.1513, 10.9813, 12.0735

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.8175, 33.7304, 34.7356



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



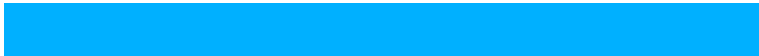
42.3126, 33.7304, 97.1103

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



24.6279, 33.7304, 101.0404



50.1048, 33.7304, 65.1257



40.8538, 33.7304, 7.8849



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



18.4892, 33.7304, 59.1414



50.1048, 33.7304, 65.1257



51.0351, 33.7304, 20.8397

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.9699, 33.7318, 18.0820



57.3559, 72.2393, 68.1106



21.2872, 35.1909, 6.2432



11.9476, 15.3930, 14.2026



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.9699, 33.7318, 18.0820



33.0845, 60.5841, 28.2455



24.2702, 34.9882, 48.6558



8.5668, 9.5612, 9.9784



12.8146, 23.3518, 11.2922



0.4325, 0.7465, 0.5096



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1513, 10.9813, 12.0735



37.1075, 18.7855, 17.2815



19.1952, 10.2730, 1.5438



8.6611, 8.5712, 9.7138



14.3618, 7.2623, 7.0653



0.4814, 0.2403, 0.3778



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

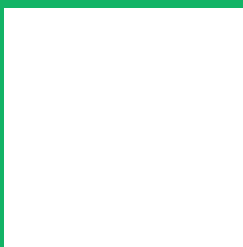
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.9690, 33.7304,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812

### Protanopia

30.6588, 33.2252, 15.1531

### Deuteranopia

33.7575, 33.0381, 19.0658



## Tritanopia

25.4104, 33.4391, 50.4625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



## Protanomaly

22.6367, 31.3996, 15.9340



## Deuteranomaly

23.6298, 30.5422, 18.2855



## Tritanomaly

22.2842, 33.2833, 35.8217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812



## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697



## Achromatomaly

16.8141, 23.1156, 19.7952

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 180, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 180, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 180, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 180, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 180, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 180, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 180, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 180, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 180, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 180,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.9690, 33.7304, 18.0812 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 180, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 180,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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