

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.0399, 25.4727, 24.7952)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.0399, 25.4727, 24.7952)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.0852, 25.5713,  
24.6987)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A9681
RGB	90, 150, 129
RGB Percent	35%, 59%, 51%
CMY	0.6471, 0.4118, 0.4941
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.14, 0.41
HSL	159°, 25%, 47%
HSV	159°, 40%, 59%
XYZ	19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987
YIQ	129.6660, -29.0190, -19.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

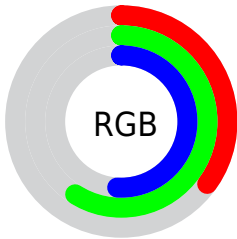
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	90, 126, 150
Decimal	5936769
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.63, -24.57, 4.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 25.069, 168.564
Yxy	25.5713, 0.2752, 0.3687
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284126849 (0xFF5A9681)
YUV	129.6660, -0.3283, -34.7871
Hunter-Lab	50.5681, -21.1254, 6.4389

# Details

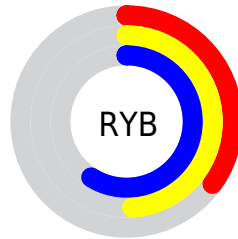
The XYZ color **19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **19.1039, 14.9446, 16.9176**, and the grayscale version is **21.1092, 22.2085, 24.1850**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.3641, 52.4028, 52.1906**, and **6.7465, 9.9342, 9.1513** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4309, 24.7584, 22.8464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.0533, 26.5452, 26.6605**.

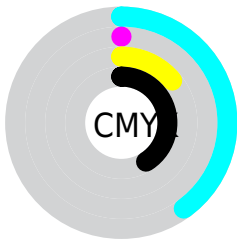
# Distribution



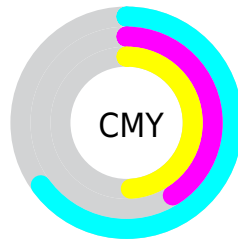
- Red (35%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.0852, 25.5713,  
24.6987

■ 19.0852, 25.5713,  
24.6987

239.8478,  
280.6712, 289.7336

■ 11.8362, 16.5032,  
15.6357

■ 41.3938, 52.5825,  
52.1260

■ 6.7037, 9.8809,  
9.1152

■ 57.1841, 71.2945,  
71.3275

■ 3.3221, 5.3201,  
4.7186

■ 76.5522, 93.9898,  
94.7456

■ 1.3263, 2.4363,  
2.0273

■ 99.8636, 121.0529,  
122.7988

■ 0.2028, 0.8445,  
0.5720

127.4834,  
152.8682, 155.9056

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

159.7772,

189.8201, 194.4847

197.1102,  
232.2930, 238.9545

■ 19.0852, 25.5713,  
24.6987

■ 19.0852, 25.5713,  
24.6987

■ 17.4309, 24.7584,  
22.8464

■ 21.0533, 26.5452,  
26.6605

■ 16.0702, 24.0942,  
21.0995

■ 23.3498, 27.6856,  
28.7320

■ 14.9837, 23.5694,  
19.4563


■ 25.9906, 29.0014,  
30.9160


■ 14.1490, 23.1723,  
17.9142


■ 28.9902, 30.5000,  
33.2145

■ 13.5394, 22.8894,  
16.4705


■ 32.3621, 32.1883,  
35.6292

 13.0878, 22.6860,  
15.1206

 36.1192, 34.0730,  
38.1622

 40.2738, 36.1603,  
40.8152

 44.8373, 38.4562,  
43.5899

 49.8211, 40.9665,  
46.4881

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2374, 25.5713, 18.2910



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



19.2434, 25.5713, 33.4315

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



26.1850, 25.5713, 46.5899



28.3191, 25.5713, 17.2168

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



19.1039, 14.9446, 16.9176

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1838, 25.5713, 22.9144



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



28.8836, 25.5713, 40.2479

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



23.1806, 25.5713, 47.3421



30.3985, 25.5713, 31.2430



25.4647, 25.5713, 14.6025



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987



20.0736, 25.5713, 39.4438



30.3985, 25.5713, 31.2430



29.0922, 25.5713, 18.7737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.0859, 25.5723, 24.6993



44.7695, 50.6321, 53.6784



19.4347, 25.9967, 13.6667



9.8007, 11.1605, 11.7976



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.0859, 25.5723, 24.6993



31.0433, 43.8301, 40.6530



19.3952, 23.7226, 32.4120



5.8788, 6.5281, 6.9725



10.8698, 18.8207, 12.6220



0.1470, 0.2360, 0.2282



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1039, 14.9446, 16.9176



31.0857, 22.4096, 24.9994



18.7916, 15.9582, 11.7630



5.8796, 5.8469, 6.4723



10.9693, 5.5928, 3.3191



0.1472, 0.0736, 0.1090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

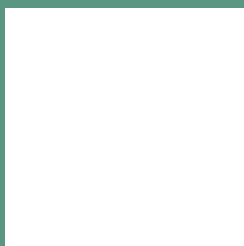
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987.



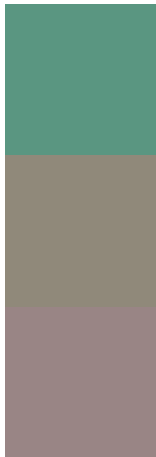
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.0852, 25.5713,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987

### Protanopia

23.9601, 25.2258, 22.0186

### Deuteranopia

25.7580, 25.2408, 25.7047



## Tritanopia

21.3802, 25.5678, 36.1560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987

## Protanomaly

21.6869, 25.1118, 23.1061

## Deuteranomaly

22.6034, 24.8770, 25.4402

## Tritanomaly

20.3163, 25.3537, 31.4267

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987

## Achromatopsia

21.2178, 22.3228, 24.3095

## Achromatomaly

20.0452, 23.1479, 24.5306

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 150, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 150, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 150, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 150, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 150, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 150, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 150, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 150, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 150, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 150,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.0852, 25.5713, 24.6987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 150, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 150,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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