

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.1768, 10.2741,  
1.4243)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4150F
RGB	180, 21, 15
RGB Percent	71%, 8%, 6%
CMY	0.2941, 0.9176, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.92, 0.29
HSL	2°, 85%, 38%
HSV	2°, 92%, 71%
XYZ	19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243
YIQ	67.8570, 96.6900, 31.8420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

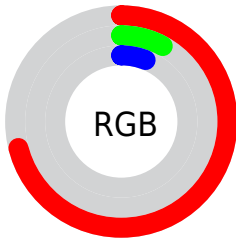
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 21, 15
Decimal	11801871
CIELab	38.33, 59.08, 46.55
CIELCh	38, 75.212, 38.235
Yxy	10.2741, 0.6211, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289991951 (0xFFB4150F)
YUV	67.8570, -26.0585, 98.3494
Hunter-Lab	32.0532, 50.6998, 19.8027

# Details

The XYZ color **19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **23.5676, 33.6617, 48.4350**, and the grayscale version is **5.5026, 5.7892, 6.3044**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5055, 26.2365, 7.4340**, and **7.3361, 3.7819, 0.3433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8935, 9.8458, 0.9046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8015, 11.2225, 2.5614**.

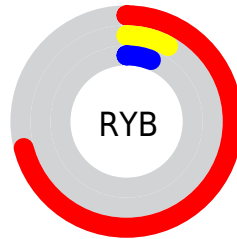
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (8%)

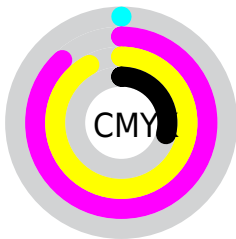
Blue (6%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (6%)

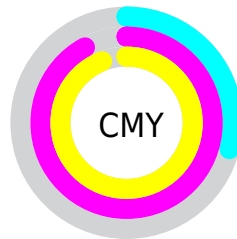


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (92%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.1768, 10.2741,  
1.4243


 19.1768, 10.2741,  
1.4243


 240.3425,  
192.6173, 112.6771


 11.9029, 5.5811,  
0.1606


 41.5472, 26.3098,  
7.3969


 6.7493, 2.5921,  
0.0000


 57.3744, 38.4212,  
13.1455


 3.3507, 0.9227,  
0.0000

 76.7833, 53.7743,  
21.2937

 1.3418, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 100.1395, 72.7533,  
32.2600

 0.2142, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 127.8081, 95.7428,  
46.4629


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 160.1545,


123.1270, 64.3211


 197.5442,  
155.2904, 86.2530


 19.1768, 10.2741,  
1.4243


 19.1768, 10.2741,  
1.4243


 18.8935, 9.8458,  
0.9046

 19.8015, 11.2225,  
2.5614

 20.8198, 12.7421,  
4.4942

 22.2822, 14.9044,  
7.3327

 24.2319, 17.7701,  
11.1697

 26.7068, 21.3926,  
16.0863

■ 29.7411, 25.8206,  
22.1553

■ 33.3660, 31.0984,  
29.4434

■ 37.6106, 37.2670,  
38.0119

■ 42.5019, 44.3651,  
47.9183

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3505, 10.2741, 7.7538



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



13.6859, 10.2741, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



3.3743, 10.2741, 3.8747



11.1759, 10.2741, 64.6604

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



23.5676, 33.6617, 48.4350

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.6755, 10.2741, 59.5118



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



3.0996, 10.2741, 15.5075

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



5.0229, 10.2741, 0.4900



4.0824, 10.2741, 37.5236



16.8225, 10.2741, 48.5072



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243



10.0578, 10.2741, 0.0000



4.0824, 10.2741, 37.5236



9.4784, 10.2741, 65.5180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1770, 10.2748, 1.4244



56.5571, 50.6499, 45.4527



26.6819, 13.1204, 41.4264



11.7681, 10.2831, 8.9084



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1770, 10.2748, 1.4244



34.2219, 17.7799, 1.6282



23.7588, 19.4382, 2.9517



8.5204, 8.5533, 8.8544



13.1974, 6.8934, 0.6350



0.4234, 0.2333, 0.0227



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5676, 33.6617, 48.4350



42.1458, 60.3913, 87.7300



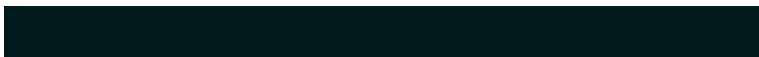
12.2623, 11.0511, 44.6666



8.7156, 9.5773, 10.8956



16.2488, 23.2981, 33.7776



0.5194, 0.7494, 1.0655



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1768, 10.2741,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243

### Protanopia

9.6550, 10.6316, 2.7715

### Deuteranopia

10.6107, 10.5294, 1.4731



## Tritanopia

19.1841, 10.2770, 1.4628

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243

## Protanomaly

11.4838, 8.7919, 2.0115

## Deuteranomaly

12.4524, 9.0549, 1.2350

## Tritanomaly

19.1841, 10.2770, 1.4628

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243

## Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

## Achromatomaly

8.0449, 5.8406, 3.6091

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 21, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 21, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 21, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 21, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 21, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 21, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 21, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 21, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 21, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 21,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.1768, 10.2741, 1.4243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 21, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 21,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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