

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.2133, 26.6884, 42.5919)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.2133, 26.6884, 42.5919)
contains.

XYZ(19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(19.2392, 26.7172,
42.6710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009CAB
RGB	0, 156, 171
RGB Percent	0%, 61%, 67%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3882, 0.3294
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	185°, 100%, 34%
HSV	185°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710
YIQ	111.0660, -97.7910, -28.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

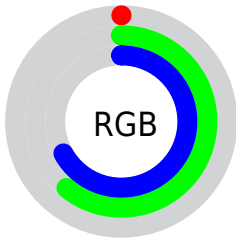
Format	Color
RYB	0, 82, 171
Decimal	40107
CIELab	58.71, -28.46, -17.55
CIELCh	59, 33.432, 211.657
Yxy	26.7172, 0.2171, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230187 (0xFF009CAB)
YUV	111.0660, 29.5475, -97.4049
Hunter-Lab	51.6887, -24.0152, -12.7641

Details

The XYZ color **19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **16.9663, 9.0008, 0.8441**, and the grayscale version is **15.0693, 15.8541, 17.2651**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.6378, 54.4592, 80.2686**, and **8.2801, 11.2325, 19.1845** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.2391, 26.7169, 42.6715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7265, 27.3450, 42.7670**.

Distribution



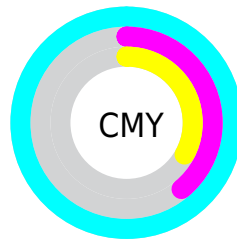
- Red (0%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.2392, 26.7172,
42.6710

■ 19.2392, 26.7172,
42.6710

■ 240.6790,
286.2852, 373.1384

■ 11.9483, 17.3609,
29.2976

■ 41.6517, 54.4297,
80.4952

■ 6.7804, 10.4922,
19.0585

■ 57.5039, 73.5548,
105.7830

■ 3.3703, 5.7265,
11.5353

■ 76.9406, 96.7049,
135.8794

■ 1.3525, 2.6795,
6.3095

■ 100.3272,
124.2645, 171.2028

■ 0.2220, 0.9668,
2.9623

■ 128.0289,
156.6179, 212.1719

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0754

■ 160.4113,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.1496, 259.2052

0.0000

197.8395,
237.2439, 312.7212

■ 19.2392, 26.7172,
42.6710

■ 19.2392, 26.7172,
42.6710

■ 19.2391, 26.7169,
42.6715

■ 19.7265, 27.3450,
42.7670

■ 20.4169, 28.0816,
42.8728

■ 21.3912, 28.9692,
42.9928

■ 22.6861, 30.0267,
43.1286

■ 24.3328, 31.2703,
43.2819

■ 26.3585, 32.7139,
43.4538

■ 28.7881, 34.3705,
43.6455

■ 31.6440, 36.2516,
43.8580

■ 34.9472, 38.3680,
44.0924

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2803, 26.7172, 29.7504



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



21.8212, 26.7172, 53.9261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



33.0101, 26.7172, 41.2232



25.1659, 26.7172, 11.8154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



16.9663, 9.0008, 0.8441

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3367, 26.7172, 13.3623



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



34.1482, 26.7172, 28.4404

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



29.7750, 26.7172, 52.9437



32.7384, 26.7172, 18.7485



21.4651, 26.7172, 13.7561

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



24.2635, 26.7172, 57.7488



32.7384, 26.7172, 18.7485



26.5588, 26.7172, 11.9421

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2401, 26.7182, 42.6717



51.2977, 61.3811, 78.1459



14.6448, 29.1589, 5.2820



11.0260, 13.4088, 17.3947



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2401, 26.7182, 42.6717



34.3761, 47.6887, 76.3949



9.6218, 7.4817, 39.4656



8.1754, 8.9501, 10.2493



14.5227, 20.1792, 32.1741



0.4212, 0.5957, 0.9008

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.7961, 11.0592, 32.3865



40.7848, 19.7885, 57.7875



21.3298, 17.7276, 2.2986



8.3063, 8.1358, 9.9239



17.1940, 8.3402, 24.4649



0.4870, 0.2355, 0.7262

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

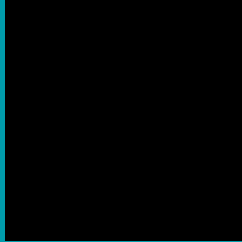
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710.

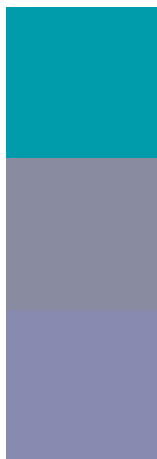


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2392, 26.7172,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710

Protanopia

25.8943, 26.3217, 36.9735

Deuteranopia

26.9797, 26.5063, 44.2517



Tritanopia

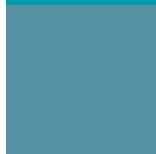
19.0499, 26.6415, 41.6744

Trichromacy



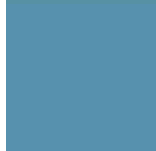
Original Color

19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



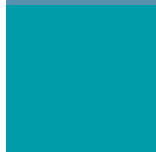
Protanomaly

20.7567, 24.9574, 38.8452



Deuteranomaly

21.6959, 25.3330, 43.7907



Tritanomaly

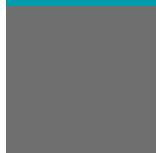
19.1442, 26.6792, 42.1708

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710



Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108



Achromatomaly

14.4215, 18.2118, 24.9454

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 156, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 156, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 156, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 156, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 156, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 156, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 156, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 156, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 156,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.2392, 26.7172, 42.6710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 156, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 156,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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