

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.2268, 20.8297, 23.1750)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.2268, 20.8297, 23.1750)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.2957, 20.9637,
23.1081)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78807F
RGB	120, 128, 127
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4980, 0.5020
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	172°, 3%, 49%
HSV	172°, 6%, 50%
XYZ	19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081
YIQ	125.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

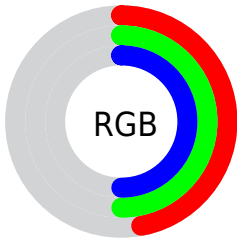
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 124, 128
Decimal	7897215
CIE _{Lab}	52.91, -3.16, -0.49
CIE _{LCh}	53, 3.200, 188.766
Yxy	20.9637, 0.3045, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286087295 (0xFF78807F)
YUV	125.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182
Hunter-Lab	45.7861, -4.9003, 2.1268

Details

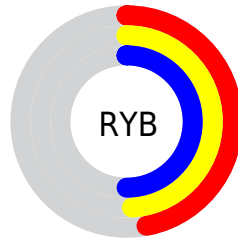
The XYZ color **19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.0705, 19.4032, 20.8303**, and the grayscale version is **19.6588, 20.6826, 22.5233**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.7753, 45.1137, 49.6860**, and **6.8436, 7.5197, 8.2985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.5343, 20.0682, 22.4851**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.2973, 21.9840, 23.7519**.

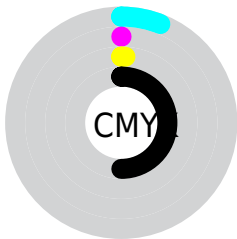
Distribution



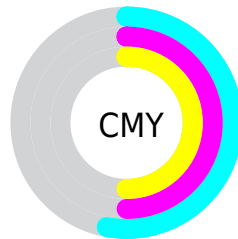
- Red (47%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.2957, 20.9637,
23.1081

■ 19.2957, 20.9637,
23.1081

240.9833,
257.0855, 281.4196

■ 11.9894, 13.0975,
14.4673

■ 41.7462, 45.0271,
49.4962

■ 6.8086, 7.4957,
8.3039

■ 57.6211, 61.9931,
68.0806

■ 3.3880, 3.7740,
4.1995

■ 77.0829, 82.7611,
90.8166

■ 1.3621, 1.5480,
1.7354

100.4970,
107.7155, 118.1227

■ 0.2290, 0.3221,
0.3848

128.2288,
137.2408, 150.4176

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

160.6435,

171.7213, 188.1196

198.1065,
211.5414, 231.6475

■ 19.2957, 20.9637,
23.1081

■ 19.2957, 20.9637,
23.1081

■ 17.5343, 20.0682,
22.4851

■ 21.2973, 21.9840,
23.7519

■ 16.0020, 19.2901,
21.8810

■ 23.5461, 23.1309,
24.4155

■ 14.6894, 18.6250,
21.2958

■ 26.0512, 24.4098,
25.0999

■ 13.5857, 18.0674,
20.7290

■ 28.8204, 25.8246,
25.8054

■ 12.6794, 17.6114,
20.1799

■ 31.8616, 27.3795,
26.5325

■ 11.9578, 17.2504,
19.6479

■ 35.1819, 29.0780,
27.2815

■ 11.4064, 16.9770,
19.1323

■ 38.7885, 30.9239,
28.0529

■ 11.0091, 16.7828,
18.6323

■ 42.6881, 32.9207,
28.8469

■ 10.7365, 16.6528,
18.1465

■ 46.8873, 35.0718,
29.6639

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3312, 20.9637, 22.1645



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



19.4275, 20.9637, 24.0002

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



20.3313, 20.9637, 24.2943



20.1595, 20.9637, 21.1497

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



19.0705, 19.4032, 20.8303

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4317, 20.9637, 21.6906



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



20.5316, 20.9637, 23.5004

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



20.0237, 20.9637, 24.6975



20.5686, 20.9637, 22.5460



19.8274, 20.9637, 21.0513

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081



19.5933, 20.9637, 24.4394



20.5686, 20.9637, 22.5460



20.2611, 20.9637, 21.2851

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2963, 20.9646, 23.1086



35.4017, 37.6375, 41.1562



19.0045, 20.8651, 20.7955



8.3003, 8.8179, 9.6396



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2963, 20.9646, 23.1086



33.3406, 36.5880, 40.4694



18.9847, 20.2365, 23.3285



4.4240, 4.8779, 5.4039



10.5530, 16.4678, 17.8165



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.0705, 19.4032, 20.8303



32.8267, 33.0340, 35.2835



19.3677, 20.0954, 20.6278



4.3480, 4.3524, 4.6371



8.9203, 4.5878, 0.9042



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

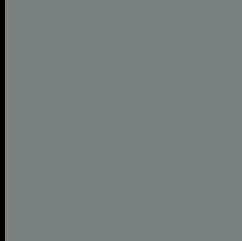
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

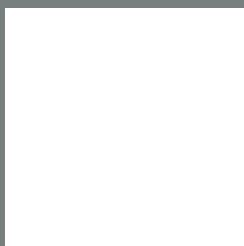
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2957, 20.9637,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081

Protanopia

20.1288, 21.0173, 22.7345

Deuteranopia

21.1723, 20.7959, 23.3202



Tritanopia

20.1308, 21.1225, 26.6829

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081

Protanomaly

19.8127, 21.0451, 22.7565

Deuteranomaly

20.4640, 20.7991, 23.3581

Tritanomaly

19.7082, 20.9371, 25.1928

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081

Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

Achromatomaly

19.3951, 20.6390, 22.7002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 128, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 128, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 128, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 128, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 128, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 128, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 128, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 128, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 128, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 128,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.2957, 20.9637, 23.1081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 128, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
128, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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