

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.2508, 17.6467, 21.0426)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.2508, 17.6467, 21.0426)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.1971, 17.6016,
21.1245)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886D7B
RGB	136, 109, 123
RGB Percent	53%, 43%, 48%
CMY	0.4667, 0.5725, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.10, 0.47
HSL	329°, 11%, 48%
HSV	329°, 20%, 53%
XYZ	19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245
YIQ	118.6690, 11.5980, 10.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

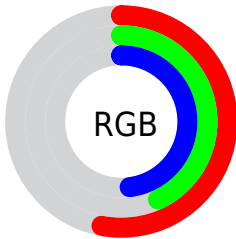
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 109, 123
Decimal	8940923
CIE _{Lab}	49.01, 13.15, -3.70
CIE _{LCh}	49, 13.658, 344.298
Yxy	17.6016, 0.3314, 0.3039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287131003 (0xFF886D7B)
YUV	118.6690, 2.1352, 15.1993
Hunter-Lab	41.9543, 8.2567, -0.4853

Details

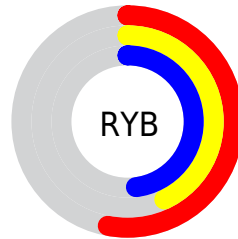
The XYZ color **19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **18.6244, 22.2651, 21.7294**, and the grayscale version is **17.4214, 18.3287, 19.9599**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.7179, 39.5320, 45.9891**, and **6.7425, 5.8103, 7.2447** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4608, 14.7631, 18.5904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.1864, 20.9017, 23.8787**.

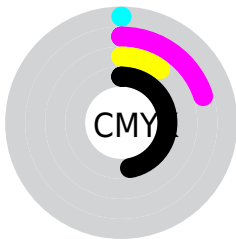
Distribution



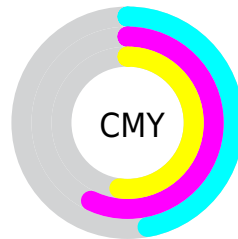
- Red (53%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.1971, 17.6016,
21.1245

■ 19.1971, 17.6016,
21.1245

240.4520,
238.6158, 270.7422

■ 11.9176, 10.6643,
13.0229

■ 41.5812, 39.3573,
46.1781

■ 6.7594, 5.8416,
7.3134

■ 57.4165, 54.9445,
63.9672

■ 3.3571, 2.7490,
3.5775

■ 76.8345, 74.1838,
85.8226

■ 1.3453, 1.0021,
1.3965

■ 100.2005, 97.4596,
112.1628

■ 0.2167, 0.0000,
0.1390

127.8800,
125.1563, 143.4063

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

160.2381,

157.6583, 179.9716

197.6403,
195.3500, 222.2774

■ 19.1971, 17.6016,
21.1245

■ 19.1971, 17.6016,
21.1245

■ 17.4608, 14.7631,
18.5904

■ 21.1864, 20.9017,
23.8787

■ 15.9651, 12.3629,
16.2690

■ 23.4372, 24.6804,
26.8577

■ 14.6989, 10.3796,
14.1541

■ 25.9597, 28.9568,
30.0676

■ 13.6494, 8.7886,
12.2387

■ 28.7629, 33.7484,
33.5140

■ 12.8029, 7.5629,
10.5152

■ 31.8554, 39.0717,
37.2019

■ 12.1435, 6.6723,
8.9755

■ 35.2456, 44.9424,
41.1364

■ 11.6530, 6.0812,
7.6102

■ 38.9414, 51.3756,
45.3226

■ 11.2805, 5.6886,
6.3993

■ 42.9503, 58.3859,
49.7650

■ 11.2751, 5.6830,
6.3822

■ 47.2798, 65.9874,
54.4683

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.4971, 17.6016, 24.6297



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



19.2141, 17.6016, 17.4864

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



16.1329, 17.6016, 13.1461



15.0393, 17.6016, 24.4864

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



18.6244, 22.2651, 21.7294

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4694, 17.6016, 20.9480



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



15.0788, 17.6016, 14.5753

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



17.4006, 17.6016, 13.1807



14.4835, 17.6016, 17.3309



16.0764, 17.6016, 26.7321

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245



18.8333, 17.6016, 15.4821



14.4835, 17.6016, 17.3309



14.7891, 17.6016, 23.3904

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1976, 17.6024, 21.1249



38.7573, 39.2117, 43.9873



17.8828, 16.8242, 25.5976



8.9268, 8.9989, 10.1217



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1976, 17.6024, 21.1249



32.3482, 28.5850, 35.0948



18.4316, 17.2960, 17.0913



5.1340, 5.0891, 5.7943



10.6762, 5.3806, 6.0654



0.0783, 0.0387, 0.0793

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1976, 17.6024, 21.1249



32.3482, 28.5850, 35.0948



19.4916, 22.6120, 26.2960



5.1340, 5.0891, 5.7943



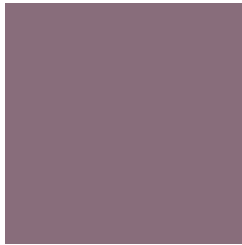
10.6762, 5.3806, 6.0654



0.0783, 0.0387, 0.0793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

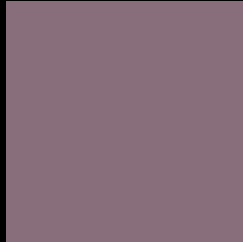
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.1971, 17.6016,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245

Protanopia

17.2786, 17.7361, 22.5914

Deuteranopia

17.8754, 17.5754, 20.8626



Tritanopia

18.8376, 17.6108, 19.5459

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245

Protanomaly

17.8394, 17.5276, 22.1816

Deuteranomaly

18.3603, 17.6606, 20.8535

Tritanomaly

18.9578, 17.6588, 20.1786

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245

Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

Achromatomaly

17.9783, 17.9775, 20.2917

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 109, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 109, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 109, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 109, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 109, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 109, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 109, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 109, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 109, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 109,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.1971, 17.6016, 21.1245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 109, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
109, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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