

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.2540, 29.4478, 34.3494)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.2540, 29.4478, 34.3494)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.3037, 29.5394,
34.3900)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A698
RGB	0, 166, 152
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3490, 0.4039
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.35
HSL	175°, 100%, 33%
HSV	175°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900
YIQ	114.7700, -94.4420, -39.5460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

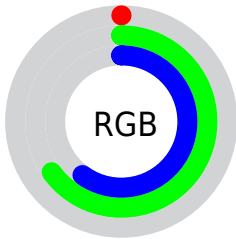
Format	Color
RYB	0, 87, 166
Decimal	42648
CIELab	61.25, -39.09, -3.01
CIELCh	61, 39.207, 184.396
Yxy	29.5394, 0.2319, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232728 (0xFF00A698)
YUV	114.7700, 18.3544, -100.6533
Hunter-Lab	54.3502, -31.7144, 0.5294

Details

The XYZ color **19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **15.8061, 8.1396, 1.1544**, and the grayscale version is **16.1953, 17.0387, 18.5552**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.7761, 59.0259, 67.5838**, and **8.2541, 12.7498, 14.3378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3041, 29.5403, 34.3898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.6442, 29.7023, 35.0089**.

Distribution



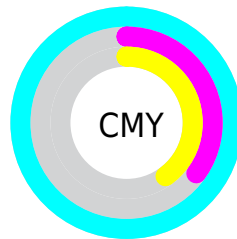
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3037, 29.5394,
34.3900

■ 19.3037, 29.5394,
34.3900

■ 241.0263,
299.7516, 336.6896

■ 11.9952, 19.4892,
22.9136

■ 41.7596, 58.9330,
67.6805

■ 6.8126, 12.0243,
14.3250

■ 57.6377, 79.0452,
90.3317

■ 3.3905, 6.7602,
8.2057

■ 77.1031, 103.2803,
117.5449

■ 1.3635, 3.3126,
4.1372

■ 100.5211,
132.0225, 149.7386

■ 0.2300, 1.2970,
1.7009

■ 128.2570,
165.6564, 187.3314

■ 0.0000, 0.1389,
0.3614

■ 160.6763,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

204.5663, 230.7418

0.0000

198.1443,
249.1365, 280.3884

■ 19.3037, 29.5394,
34.3900

■ 19.3037, 29.5394,
34.3900

■ 19.3041, 29.5403,
34.3898

■ 19.6442, 29.7023,
35.0089

■ 20.1709, 29.9603,
35.6430

■ 20.9614, 30.3542,
36.2965

■ 22.0496, 30.9014,
36.9711

■ 23.4645, 31.6168,
37.6681

■ 25.2314, 32.5136,
38.3888

■ 27.3734, 33.6035,
39.1343

■ 29.9113, 34.8974,
39.9056

■ 32.8647, 36.4053,
40.7035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0490, 29.5394, 21.3847



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



20.6624, 29.5394, 51.0239

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



34.0595, 29.5394, 61.7524



32.5837, 29.5394, 12.7477

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



15.8061, 8.1396, 1.1544

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.0802, 29.5394, 18.6388



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



38.0029, 29.5394, 46.0646

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



28.8434, 29.5394, 69.6059



39.1705, 29.5394, 30.0350



27.3230, 29.5394, 11.3429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900



22.6895, 29.5394, 61.2235



39.1705, 29.5394, 30.0350



34.2546, 29.5394, 14.1565

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3046, 29.5405, 34.3907



49.4370, 60.8623, 70.9442



13.8613, 27.3891, 4.5568



10.6949, 13.4324, 15.7521



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



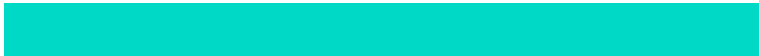
14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3046, 29.5405, 34.3907



34.9953, 53.5957, 62.2088



11.4034, 11.7934, 37.7529



7.7198, 8.5210, 9.5108



14.9773, 22.9097, 26.7110



0.3721, 0.5605, 0.6904

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.8061, 8.1396, 1.1544



28.6525, 14.7580, 1.9230



17.6991, 12.0525, 1.3942



7.5559, 7.5522, 7.9783



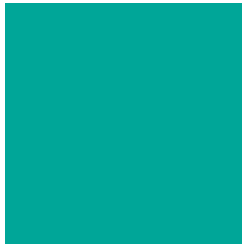
12.2640, 6.3143, 0.9357



0.3061, 0.1567, 0.0635

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

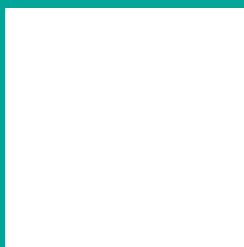
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900.

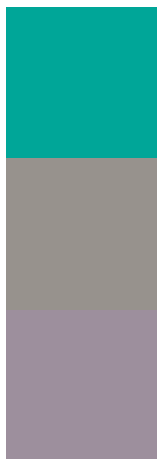


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3037, 29.5394,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900

Protanopia

27.8491, 29.0602, 29.3407

Deuteranopia

29.8129, 29.2473, 35.9723



Tritanopia

21.8481, 29.8004, 45.6748

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900

Protanomaly

21.3259, 27.3136, 30.9361

Deuteranomaly

22.2385, 27.2091, 35.0901

Tritanomaly

20.6765, 29.5606, 41.1752

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

15.1690, 20.0252, 23.4878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 166, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 166, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 166, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 166, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 166, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 166, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 166, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.3037, 29.5394, 34.3900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 166, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 166,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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