

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.2837, 37.6101, 9.3790)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.2837, 37.6101, 9.3790)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.2283, 37.5006,  
9.3569)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BF33
RGB	0, 191, 51
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2510, 0.8000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.73, 0.25
HSL	136°, 100%, 37%
HSV	136°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569
YIQ	117.9310, -68.8960, -84.0320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

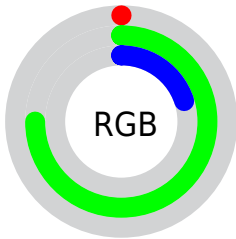
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 151, 191
Decimal	48947
CIELab	67.65, -67.04, 55.97
CIELCh	68, 87.335, 140.145
Yxy	37.5006, 0.2910, 0.5675
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239027 (0xFF00BF33)
YUV	117.9310, -32.9970, -103.4255
Hunter-Lab	61.2377, -51.1180, 33.8071

# Details

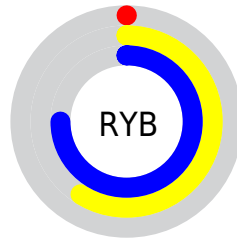
The XYZ color **19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **26.2202, 12.9702, 25.9317**, and the grayscale version is **17.3145, 18.2162, 19.8375**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.7327, 71.5013, 25.2373**, and **8.8042, 17.6083, 2.9347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.2292, 37.5022, 9.3578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8564, 37.7843, 11.2484**.

# Distribution



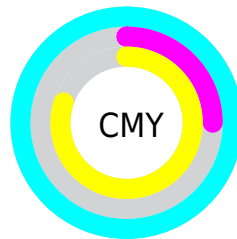
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.2283, 37.5006,  
9.3569


 19.2283, 37.5006,  
9.3569


240.6202,  
335.4728, 196.3335


 11.9403, 25.5953,  
4.8747


 41.6334, 71.3420,  
25.1673

 6.7750, 16.5211,  
2.1165


 57.4813, 94.0470,  
37.3326


 3.3668, 9.8937,  
0.6256


 76.9132, 121.1206,  
52.8959

 1.3506, 5.3285,  
0.0000

 100.2944,  
152.9473, 72.2760

 0.2206, 2.4413,  
0.0000

 127.9904,  
189.9115, 95.8912

 0.0000, 0.8470,  
0.0000

 160.3664,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.3975, 124.1602

0.0000

197.7879,  
280.7898, 157.5015

■ 19.2283, 37.5006,  
9.3569

■ 19.2283, 37.5006,  
9.3569

■ 19.2292, 37.5022,  
9.3578

■ 19.8564, 37.7843,  
11.2484

■ 20.8498, 38.2436,  
13.6809

■ 22.3121, 38.9322,  
16.6957

■ 24.2981, 39.8777,  
20.3277

■ 26.8546, 41.1035,  
24.6090

■ 30.0230, 42.6304,  
29.5693

■ 33.8408, 44.4771,  
35.2368

■ 38.3424, 46.6607,  
41.6377

■ 43.5597, 49.1973,  
48.7970

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.4465, 37.5006, 3.2806



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



15.7305, 37.5006, 29.4069

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



31.3916, 37.5006, 166.1852



65.9073, 37.5006, 20.2427

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



26.2202, 12.9702, 25.9317

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.7353, 37.5006, 54.8881



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



45.3281, 37.5006, 157.5609

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



21.4884, 37.5006, 128.3467



59.4522, 37.5006, 109.1993



54.9508, 37.5006, 6.2576

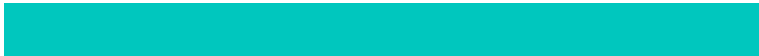


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



15.7437, 37.5006, 55.3408



59.4522, 37.5006, 109.1993



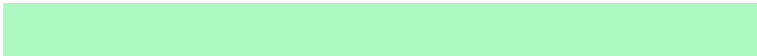
67.7003, 37.5006, 29.1101

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2292, 37.5022, 9.3578



60.2548, 79.4851, 62.5955



29.4584, 42.8446, 6.7172



12.5637, 17.1310, 12.7651



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2292, 37.5022, 9.3578



34.3528, 67.1298, 16.3091



23.8538, 39.3520, 33.7107



9.5106, 10.6904, 10.6724



12.6658, 24.6566, 6.3027



0.5244, 0.9771, 0.3956



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.2202, 12.9702, 25.9317



46.8524, 23.1863, 45.8825



21.9521, 11.2630, 3.4561



9.8182, 9.6516, 11.4319



17.2657, 8.5374, 17.2246

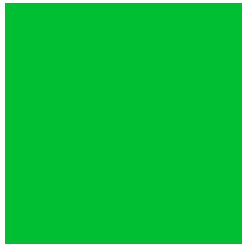


0.7021, 0.3447, 0.8104



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.2283, 37.5006,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569

### Protanopia

33.4972, 36.9231, 7.7443

### Deuteranopia

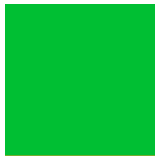
37.3041, 36.5209, 10.0841



## Tritanopia

28.6879, 37.3107, 56.1418

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



## Protanomaly

22.9853, 34.2592, 8.0906



## Deuteranomaly

23.8715, 32.9986, 9.3862



## Tritanomaly

23.0566, 36.4682, 31.0232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569



## Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288



## Achromatomaly

15.0474, 22.5548, 14.1501

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 51) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 191, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 51)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.2283, 37.5006, 9.3569 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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