

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.3123, 24.7845, 1.7262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.3123, 24.7845, 1.7262)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.6461, 24.9331,  
3.7771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	859000
RGB	133, 144, 0
RGB Percent	52%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4353, 1.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	65°, 100%, 28%
HSV	65°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771
YIQ	124.2950, 39.6680, -47.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

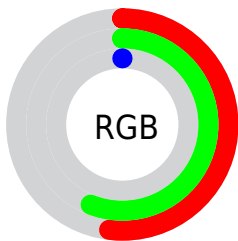
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 144, 11
Decimal	8753152
CIELab	57.01, -19.07, 60.65
CIELCh	57, 63.579, 107.453
Yxy	24.9331, 0.4063, 0.5156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286943232 (0xFF859000)
YUV	124.2950, -61.2774, 7.6343
Hunter-Lab	49.9331, -17.1522, 30.4682

# Details

The XYZ color **19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **5.1727, 2.0852, 26.5170**, and the grayscale version is **19.4468, 20.4595, 22.2804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.5348, 51.7775, 13.5466**, and **7.2272, 9.6677, 1.4851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6465, 24.9342, 3.7773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9034, 25.0571, 4.2177**.

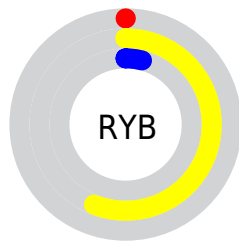
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (56%)

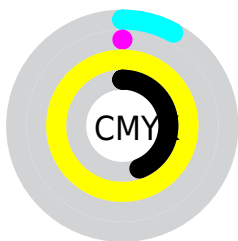
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (4%)

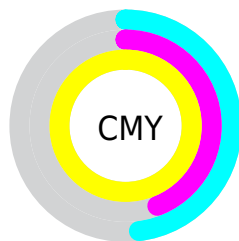


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.6461, 24.9331,  
3.7771

■ 19.6461, 24.9331,  
3.7771

242.8630,  
277.5046, 145.7147

■ 12.2448, 16.0272,  
1.5039

■ 42.3315, 51.5487,  
13.4923

■ 6.9840, 9.5434,  
0.2208

■ 58.3464, 70.0272,  
21.7714

■ 3.4984, 5.0973,  
0.0000

■ 77.9632, 92.4653,  
32.8896

■ 1.4225, 2.3045,  
0.0000

■ 101.5472,  
119.2475, 47.2653

■ 0.2721, 0.7761,  
0.0000

■ 129.4638,  
150.7581, 65.3171

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 162.0784,

187.3816, 87.4636

199.7564,  
229.5023, 114.1232

19.6461, 24.9331,  
3.7771

19.6461, 24.9331,  
3.7771

19.6465, 24.9342,  
3.7773

19.9034, 25.0571,  
4.2177

20.2173, 25.2031,  
4.9493

20.6161, 25.3832,  
6.1188

21.1102, 25.6017,  
7.7805

21.7085, 25.8620,  
9.9808

■ 22.4187, 26.1673,  
12.7609

■ 23.2478, 26.5204,  
16.1578

■ 24.2024, 26.9239,  
20.2056

■ 25.2884, 27.3802,  
24.9358

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9575, 24.9331, 3.5377



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



14.6133, 24.9331, 7.7506

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



15.2521, 24.9331, 70.1285



40.6651, 24.9331, 37.1009

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



5.1727, 2.0852, 26.5170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.9330, 24.9331, 65.5453



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



20.7127, 24.9331, 90.3504

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



12.4672, 24.9331, 41.4484



28.2723, 24.9331, 88.3344



40.2108, 24.9331, 16.5852



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771



12.7540, 24.9331, 14.2322



28.2723, 24.9331, 88.3344



39.5927, 24.9331, 46.1732

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6467, 24.9343, 3.7776



40.9038, 46.7317, 28.0908



11.6067, 6.1383, 0.5734



9.2488, 10.6608, 5.8987



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6467, 24.9343, 3.7776



34.5869, 43.9430, 6.6589



11.9862, 20.9851, 3.4191



5.7995, 6.2647, 5.7929



17.1162, 21.7163, 3.2896



0.1715, 0.2117, 0.0318



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1727, 2.0852, 26.5170



9.0635, 3.6467, 46.7642



8.4801, 3.7902, 26.6718



5.1654, 5.2735, 6.7744



4.5130, 1.8202, 23.0905



0.0492, 0.0205, 0.2210



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

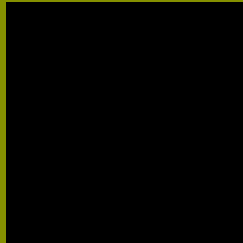
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6461, 24.9331,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771

### Protanopia

22.2721, 24.7613, 3.6056

### Deuteranopia

25.3811, 24.9154, 4.3356



## Tritanopia

24.8868, 24.9035, 29.8807

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771

## Protanomaly

21.2321, 24.8672, 3.6808

## Deuteranomaly

22.8507, 24.6315, 4.0019

## Tritanomaly

21.6677, 24.4386, 13.7003

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

18.2800, 21.3091, 10.5468

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 144, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 144, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 144, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 144, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 144, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 144, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 144, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 144, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 144, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 144,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.6461, 24.9331, 3.7771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 144, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
144, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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