

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.3711, 10.2786,
36.5603)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9227A5
RGB	146, 39, 165
RGB Percent	57%, 15%, 65%
CMY	0.4274, 0.8470, 0.3529
CMYK	0.12, 0.76, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	291°, 62%, 40%
HSV	291°, 76%, 65%
XYZ	19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603
YIQ	85.3570, 23.3260, 61.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

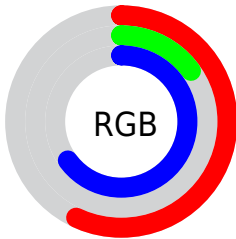
Format	Color
R _Y B	146, 39, 165
Decimal	9578405
CIE Lab	38.34, 60.03, -45.32
CIE LCh	38, 75.219, 322.946
Yxy	10.2786, 0.2926, 0.1552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287768485 (0xFF9227A5)
YUV	85.3570, 39.2640, 53.1839
Hunter-Lab	32.0603, 51.7459, -45.1699

Details

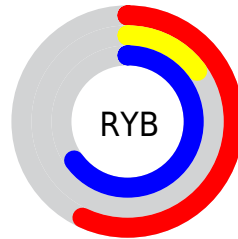
The XYZ color **19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **15.5665, 27.9565, 6.4955**, and the grayscale version is **8.6267, 9.0760, 9.8837**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.8626, 26.2827, 71.2733**, and **7.2390, 3.3940, 15.6028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5050, 9.1955, 36.3970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4833, 11.8387, 36.8030**.

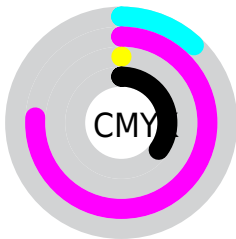
Distribution



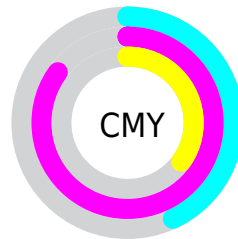
- Red (57%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3711, 10.2786,
36.5603

■ 19.3711, 10.2786,
36.5603

241.3888,
192.6491, 346.5141

■ 12.0443, 5.5841,
24.5741

■ 41.8723, 26.3182,
71.0748

■ 6.8463, 2.5939,
15.5439

■ 57.7774, 38.4321,
94.4401

■ 3.4116, 0.9236,
9.0512

■ 77.2727, 53.7879,
122.4356

■ 1.3750, 0.0000,
4.6773

■ 100.7234, 72.7699,
155.4798

■ 0.2383, 0.0000,
2.0038

■ 128.4951, 95.7627,
193.9912

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5576

■ 160.9530,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

123.1505, 238.3884

0.0000

198.4624,
155.3179, 289.0898

■ 19.3711, 10.2786,
36.5603

■ 19.3711, 10.2786,
36.5603

■ 18.5050, 9.1955,
36.3970

■ 20.4833, 11.8387,
36.8030

■ 17.8456, 8.5119,
36.2999

■ 21.8675, 13.9290,
37.1335

■ 17.6271, 8.3025,
36.2710

■ 23.5477, 16.5968,
37.5599

■ 25.5448, 19.8838,
38.0891

■ 27.8779, 23.8281,
38.7274

■ 30.5643, 28.4644,
39.4807

■ 33.6204, 33.8252,
40.3544

■ 37.0613, 39.9407,
41.3534

■ 40.9014, 46.8396,
42.4827

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9177, 10.2786, 58.8918



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



22.4043, 10.2786, 14.8391

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



10.9716, 10.2786, 0.0000



3.4125, 10.2786, 25.3340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



15.5665, 27.9565, 6.4955

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.0892, 10.2786, 8.1970



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



6.5402, 10.2786, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



16.6095, 10.2786, 0.4244



4.0185, 10.2786, 1.5395



5.1246, 10.2786, 49.4339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603



22.1134, 10.2786, 6.1736



4.0185, 10.2786, 1.5395



3.1678, 10.2786, 18.3823

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3715, 10.2790, 36.5605



51.2747, 44.9842, 69.7327



9.2444, 6.3801, 36.3417



10.8661, 9.2458, 15.1494



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3715, 10.2790, 36.5605



32.2493, 15.5208, 65.0484



19.8180, 10.8807, 19.7950



7.2589, 7.1478, 8.9002



13.3683, 6.2981, 27.4408



0.3076, 0.1461, 0.5778

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.0065, 9.7562, 4.9901



28.5026, 14.9354, 4.0541



15.7773, 27.9359, 12.3457



7.1153, 7.1026, 7.5935



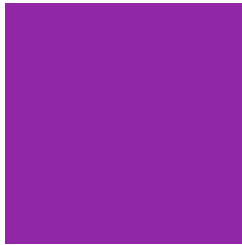
11.8828, 6.1092, 1.3078



0.2614, 0.1331, 0.0892

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

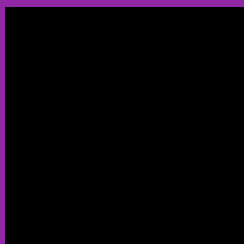
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3711, 10.2786,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603

Protanopia

12.3526, 10.5246, 47.8348

Deuteranopia

10.7827, 10.5468, 32.9199



Tritanopia

13.6842, 10.3357, 8.4815

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603

Protanomaly

11.6942, 8.3516, 43.1151

Deuteranomaly

11.9488, 8.9738, 33.9032

Tritanomaly

15.0778, 9.8465, 15.8577

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

11.1678, 8.4749, 16.9668

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 39, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 39, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 39, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 39, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 39, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 39, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 39, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 39, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 39, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 39,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.3711, 10.2786, 36.5603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 39, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 39,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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