

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.3778, 9.8181, 8.6551)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.3778, 9.8181, 8.6551)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.3897, 9.8242,
8.6589)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B00051
RGB	176, 0, 81
RGB Percent	69%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.3098, 0.9999, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.54, 0.31
HSL	332°, 100%, 35%
HSV	332°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589
YIQ	61.8580, 78.8950, 62.5030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

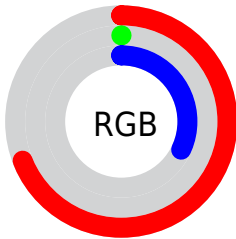
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 0, 81
Decimal	11534417
CIE _{Lab}	37.53, 63.63, 6.28
CIE _{LCh}	38, 63.936, 5.635
Yxy	9.8242, 0.5120, 0.2594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289724497 (0xFFB00051)
YUV	61.8580, 9.4370, 100.1025
Hunter-Lab	31.3436, 55.5720, 5.5612

Details

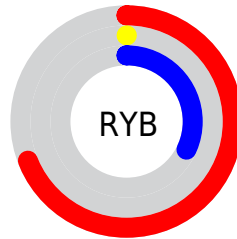
The XYZ color **19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **17.5925, 31.8775, 16.0591**, and the grayscale version is **4.5394, 4.7758, 5.2009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.8967, 25.5011, 23.8331**, and **7.5364, 3.8466, 2.0955** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3890, 9.8239, 8.6558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9817, 10.3975, 10.7390**.

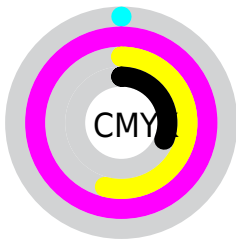
Distribution



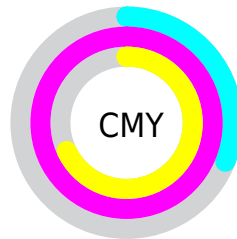
- Red (69%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19.3897, 9.8242,
8.6589


 19.3897, 9.8242,
8.6589


241.4888,
189.4127, 190.9359

 12.0579, 5.2826,
4.4256


 41.9034, 25.4643,
23.8075

 6.8556, 2.4140,
1.8616


 57.8159, 37.3316,
35.5599


 3.4175, 0.8331,
0.4681

 77.3194, 52.4095,
50.6558

 1.3782, 0.0000,
0.0000

 100.7793, 71.0824,
69.5137

 0.2406, 0.0000,
0.0000

 128.5608, 93.7349,
92.5521

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 161.0293,

120.7511, 120.1896

198.5502,
152.5156, 152.8447

■ 19.3897, 9.8242,
8.6589

■ 19.3897, 9.8242,
8.6589

■ 19.3890, 9.8239,
8.6558

■ 19.9817, 10.3975,
10.7390

■ 20.8126, 11.3658,
13.1543

■ 21.9573, 12.8758,
15.9389

■ 23.4517, 14.9964,
19.1133

■ 25.3264, 17.7863,
22.6961

■ 27.6085, 21.2972,
26.7040

■ 30.3225, 25.5756,
31.1529

■ 33.4910, 30.6643,
36.0575

■ 37.1348, 36.6026,
41.4319

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3448, 9.8242, 22.7403



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



17.1748, 9.8242, 2.2686

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



5.5056, 9.8242, 0.8903



6.4872, 9.8242, 46.4205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



17.5925, 31.8775, 16.0591

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.3426, 9.8242, 29.5825



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



3.9009, 9.8242, 3.8966

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



8.5959, 9.8242, 0.0749



3.5468, 9.8242, 13.0319



10.1208, 9.8242, 51.5832

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589



14.4408, 9.8242, 0.8335



3.5468, 9.8242, 13.0319



5.6054, 9.8242, 41.5458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3900, 9.8248, 8.6590



54.7078, 45.9284, 56.0431



12.4406, 5.5086, 41.4817



11.4004, 9.2316, 11.4093



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3900, 9.8248, 8.6590



35.0537, 17.7727, 15.1103



17.9686, 9.3581, 0.8601



8.6536, 8.5681, 9.6742



14.2551, 7.2196, 6.5032



0.4781, 0.2390, 0.3603

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.3900, 9.8248, 8.6590



35.0537, 17.7727, 15.1103



22.2367, 31.9345, 46.0661



8.6536, 8.5681, 9.6742



14.2551, 7.2196, 6.5032



0.4781, 0.2390, 0.3603

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

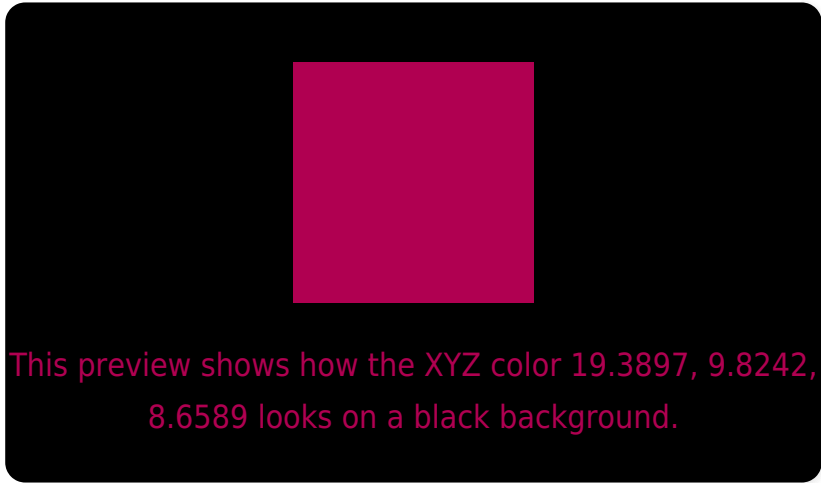
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

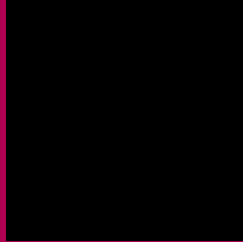
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.3897, 9.8242,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589

Protanopia

10.5232, 10.4815, 18.2981

Deuteranopia

10.6696, 10.5380, 7.9503



Tritanopia

18.2328, 10.1360, 2.3620

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589

Protanomaly

11.2979, 7.7076, 13.9890

Deuteranomaly

12.1138, 8.1895, 7.9634

Tritanomaly

18.5051, 9.8446, 3.9425

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589

Achromatopsia

4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459

Achromatomaly

7.3932, 4.7643, 6.1602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 0, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 0, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 0, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 0, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 0, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 0, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 0, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 0, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.3897, 9.8242, 8.6589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 0, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 0,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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