

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.4419, 16.6590, 8.3219)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.4419, 16.6590, 8.3219)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.4372, 16.6501,
8.3202)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C6448
RGB	156, 100, 72
RGB Percent	61%, 39%, 28%
CMY	0.3882, 0.6078, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.54, 0.39
HSL	20°, 37%, 45%
HSV	20°, 54%, 61%
XYZ	19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202
YIQ	113.5520, 42.3640, 3.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

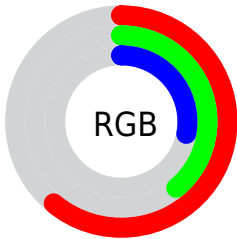
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 114, 72
Decimal	10249288
CIE _{Lab}	47.82, 19.51, 25.16
CIE _{LCh}	48, 31.836, 52.207
Yxy	16.6501, 0.4377, 0.3749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288439368 (0xFF9C6448)
YUV	113.5520, -20.4851, 37.2269
Hunter-Lab	40.8045, 13.6204, 16.4737




Details

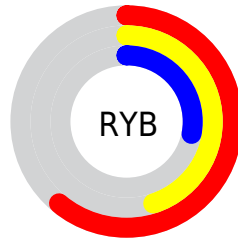
The XYZ color **19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **16.3921, 19.2156, 34.2976**, and the grayscale version is **15.9109, 16.7395, 18.2294**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.9584, 37.6598, 23.1468**, and **6.8378, 5.3920, 1.7173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0569, 14.6032, 5.6600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.0748, 19.0050, 11.7036**.

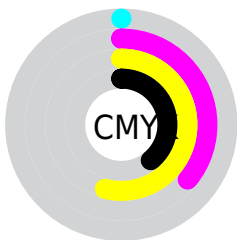
Distribution







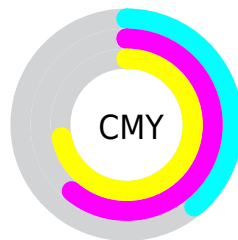
-  Red (61%)
-  Green (39%)
-  Blue (28%)






-  Red (61%)
-  Yellow (45%)
-  Blue (28%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (36%)
-  Yellow (54%)
-  Black (39%)



-  Cyan (39%)
-  Magenta (61%)
-  Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.4372, 16.6501,
8.3202

■ 19.4372, 16.6501,
8.3202

241.7439,
233.1479, 188.2498

■ 12.0925, 9.9853,
4.2098

■ 41.9828, 37.7232,
23.1403

■ 6.8793, 5.3892,
1.7411

■ 57.9143, 52.9003,
34.6870

■ 3.4324, 2.4774,
0.3887

■ 77.4389, 71.6837,
49.5496

■ 1.3863, 0.8653,
0.0000

■ 100.9217, 94.4577,
68.1467

■ 0.2465, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.7283,
121.6067, 90.8967

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

161.2240,

153.5151, 118.2182

198.7741,
190.5674, 150.5297

■ 19.4372, 16.6501,
8.3202

■ 19.4372, 16.6501,
8.3202

■ 18.0569, 14.6032,
5.6600

■ 21.0748, 19.0050,
11.7036

■ 16.9179, 12.8483,
3.6679

■ 22.9820, 21.6781,
15.8579

■ 16.0042, 11.3714,
2.2825

■ 25.1716, 24.6820,
20.8276

■ 15.2966, 10.1562,
1.4298

■ 27.6552, 28.0280,
26.6535

■ 14.9386, 9.5245,
1.0511

■ 30.4438, 31.7267,
33.3739

■ 33.5476, 35.7884,
41.0245

■ 36.9766, 40.2227,
49.6391

■ 40.7401, 45.0392,
59.2500

■ 44.8472, 50.2467,
69.8878

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4773, 16.6501, 12.8082



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



16.5823, 16.6501, 6.5803

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



10.9818, 16.6501, 16.0779



17.9944, 16.6501, 36.9501

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



16.3921, 19.2156, 34.2976

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0920, 16.6501, 38.6173



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



11.2638, 16.6501, 24.7510

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



11.8683, 16.6501, 10.0943



12.6913, 16.6501, 33.6248



20.5768, 16.6501, 29.5839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202



14.6918, 16.6501, 6.6879



12.6913, 16.6501, 33.6248



17.0159, 16.6501, 38.2699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.4376, 16.6509, 8.3205



49.0643, 49.3462, 45.6470



19.9240, 13.2613, 21.9318



10.6053, 10.6017, 9.5943



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.4376, 16.6509, 8.3205



32.2520, 25.6974, 9.2890



24.5531, 26.8819, 10.0257



6.8047, 6.9895, 6.9761



12.3340, 7.9036, 0.8755



0.2573, 0.2148, 0.0279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3921, 19.2156, 34.2976



26.0623, 30.7849, 61.6952



12.0012, 10.4337, 32.8339



6.6354, 7.1365, 8.4344



9.0525, 10.1966, 27.3983



0.1991, 0.2568, 0.5023

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

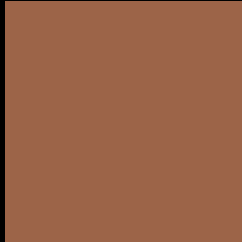
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.4372, 16.6501,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202

Protanopia

15.5608, 16.7956, 9.6295

Deuteranopia

17.0554, 16.7827, 8.1348



Tritanopia

20.7316, 16.6141, 14.9461

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202

Protanomaly

16.7648, 16.6100, 9.1599

Deuteranomaly

17.9684, 16.7827, 8.2536

Tritanomaly

20.1111, 16.4902, 12.2482

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

16.7740, 16.5053, 14.1061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 100, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 100, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 100, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 100, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 100, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 100, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 100, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 100, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 100, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 100,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.4372, 16.6501, 8.3202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 100, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
100, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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