

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.5052, 17.5397, 48.9296)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.5052, 17.5397, 48.9296)
contains.

XYZ(19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(19.4771, 17.4554,
48.7971)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	616FBA
RGB	97, 111, 186
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 73%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5647, 0.2706
CMYK	0.48, 0.40, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	231°, 39%, 55%
HSV	231°, 48%, 73%
XYZ	19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971
YIQ	115.3640, -32.4190, 20.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

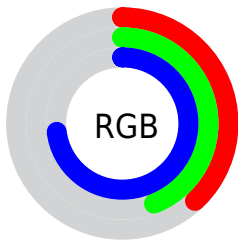
Format	Color
R _Y B	97, 109, 186
Decimal	6385594
CIE Lab	48.83, 15.35, -41.28
CIE LCh	49, 44.039, 290.393
Yxy	17.4554, 0.2272, 0.2036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284575674 (0xFF616FBA)
YUV	115.3640, 34.8235, -16.1052
Hunter-Lab	41.7797, 10.0998, -40.0028

Details

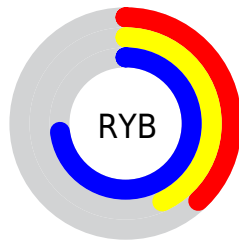
The XYZ color **19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **37.1608, 40.8085, 17.2284**, and the grayscale version is **16.3113, 17.1607, 18.6880**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.0469, 38.9871, 90.1032**, and **6.9127, 5.8042, 22.5858** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1598, 13.4255, 48.1944**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.5605, 22.3263, 49.5224**.

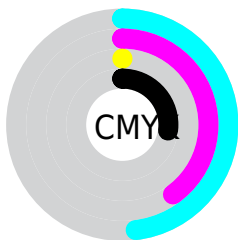
Distribution



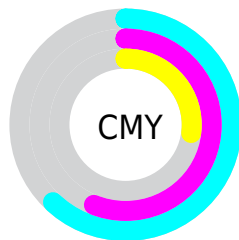
- Red (38%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.4771, 17.4554,
48.7971

■ 19.4771, 17.4554,
48.7971

241.9580,
237.7832, 398.5425

■ 12.1216, 10.5597,
34.0941

■ 42.0494, 39.1071,
89.7679

■ 6.8993, 5.7716,
22.6879

■ 57.9969, 54.6319,
116.8728

■ 3.4450, 2.7067,
14.1601

■ 77.5391, 73.8019,
148.9486

■ 1.3932, 0.9806,
8.0921

■ 101.0413, 97.0015,
186.4141

■ 0.2514, 0.0000,
4.0653

128.8690,
124.6150, 229.6877

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.6612

161.3874,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

157.0269, 279.1879

0.3340

198.9620,
194.6215, 335.3333

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 19.4771, 17.4554,
48.7971

■ 19.4771, 17.4554,
48.7971

■ 16.1598, 13.4255,
48.1944

■ 23.5605, 22.3263,
49.5224

■ 13.5579, 10.1863,
47.7063

■ 28.4523, 28.0808,
50.3753

■ 11.6177, 7.6851,
47.3258

■ 34.1941, 34.7608,
51.3621

■ 10.2767, 5.8615,
47.0445

■ 40.8239, 42.4048,
52.4881

■ 9.4467, 4.6382,
46.8521

■ 48.3775, 51.0494,
53.7585

■ 9.3086, 4.4365,
46.8205

■ 56.8887, 60.7290,
55.1783

■ 66.3896, 71.4764,
56.7520

■ 76.9107, 83.3231,
58.4841

■ 84.9363, 94.4717,
60.2130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3159, 17.4554, 50.8753



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



23.3978, 17.4554, 37.2265

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



22.1109, 17.4554, 6.4202



9.9962, 17.4554, 15.4980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



37.1608, 40.8085, 17.2284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2515, 17.4554, 7.9802



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



17.9347, 17.4554, 4.3464

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



25.0830, 17.4554, 12.2033



14.0048, 17.4554, 4.7680



10.2709, 17.4554, 27.9582

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971



25.1316, 17.4554, 27.5851



14.0048, 17.4554, 4.7680



10.2442, 17.4554, 12.4202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.4778, 17.4560, 48.7975



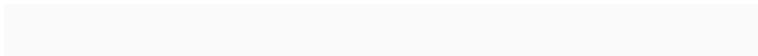
66.1343, 67.8102, 93.8044



29.8559, 40.6064, 44.8763



14.0089, 14.2917, 20.5628



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.4778, 17.4560, 48.7975



29.2392, 24.2714, 87.3452



21.8413, 16.5820, 48.5043



8.6322, 8.9415, 11.3504



6.2990, 3.0577, 31.5113



0.2581, 0.1799, 1.1229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.3942, 20.1370, 17.4824



45.4295, 30.3593, 23.1655



33.4921, 43.0826, 17.8607



9.0607, 9.0346, 9.6669



13.7931, 7.0910, 1.5315



0.5044, 0.2573, 0.1498

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

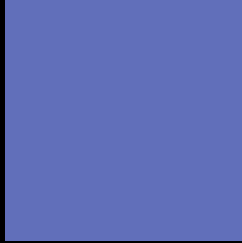
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

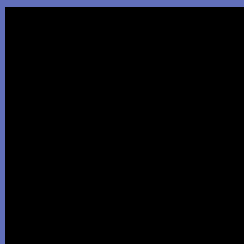
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.4771, 17.4554,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971

Protanopia

18.8200, 17.4195, 49.9473

Deuteranopia

17.9828, 17.5301, 48.3348



Tritanopia

14.5177, 17.3343, 24.4105

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971

Protanomaly

18.9803, 17.3499, 49.3622

Deuteranomaly

18.4304, 17.4222, 48.2904

Tritanomaly

16.0764, 17.2501, 32.1880

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

17.0094, 17.1459, 27.6123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 111, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 111, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 111, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 111, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 111, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 111, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 111, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 111, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 111, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 111,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.4771, 17.4554, 48.7971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 111, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 111,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor