

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.5473, 10.0220, 3.4152)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.5473, 10.0220, 3.4152)
contains.

XYZ(19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(19.5297, 10.0132,
3.3860)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5002D
RGB	181, 0, 45
RGB Percent	71%, 0%, 18%
CMY	0.2902, 0.9999, 0.8235
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.75, 0.29
HSL	345°, 100%, 35%
HSV	345°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860
YIQ	59.2490, 93.4310, 52.3670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

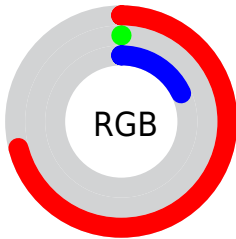
Format	Color
RYB	181, 0, 45
Decimal	11862061
CIELab	37.87, 62.86, 29.98
CIElCh	38, 69.646, 25.496
Yxy	10.0132, 0.5931, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290052141 (0xFFB5002D)
YUV	59.2490, -7.0248, 106.7756
Hunter-Lab	31.6436, 54.7896, 15.8063

Details

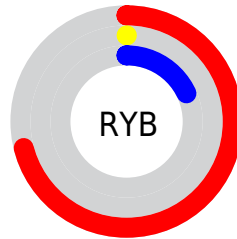
The XYZ color **19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. A complement of this color would be **20.9703, 34.8262, 28.9210**, and the grayscale version is **4.1938, 4.4122, 4.8049**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.1390, 25.8733, 12.6706**, and **7.6077, 3.9219, 0.3560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.5291, 10.0130, 3.3836**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0535, 10.5722, 5.0675**.

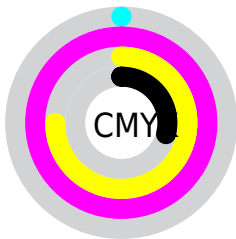
Distribution



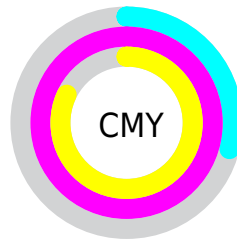
- Red (71%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.5297, 10.0132,
3.3860

■ 19.5297, 10.0132,
3.3860

242.2400,
190.7662, 141.1345

■ 12.1599, 5.4077,
1.2949

■ 42.1373, 25.8203,
12.5669

■ 6.9257, 2.4884,
0.0576

■ 58.1057, 37.7908,
20.4939

■ 3.4616, 0.8708,
0.0000

■ 77.6712, 52.9849,
31.2032

■ 1.4023, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.1989, 71.7873,
45.1135

■ 0.2579, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 129.0543, 94.5822,
62.6432

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 161.6027,

121.7541, 84.2109

199.2095,
153.6873, 110.2352

■ 19.5297, 10.0132,
3.3860

■ 19.5297, 10.0132,
3.3860

■ 19.5291, 10.0130,
3.3836

■ 20.0535, 10.5722,
5.0675

■ 20.8702, 11.5700,
7.2992

■ 22.0625, 13.1617,
10.1410

■ 23.6730, 15.4231,
13.6364

■ 25.7383, 18.4185,
17.8247

■ 28.2909, 22.2047,
22.7418

■ 31.3602, 26.8329,
28.4210

■ 34.9731, 32.3499,
34.8935

■ 39.1549, 38.7992,
42.1888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8631, 10.0132, 12.9445



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



15.2398, 10.0132, 0.5517

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



4.0603, 10.0132, 2.0749



8.8604, 10.0132, 58.1913

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



20.9703, 34.8262, 28.9210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.4434, 10.0132, 46.1810



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



3.2779, 10.0132, 9.0877

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



6.2862, 10.0132, 0.1694



3.6909, 10.0132, 25.2356



13.7003, 10.0132, 51.4094

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860



11.8274, 10.0132, 0.0000



3.6909, 10.0132, 25.2356



7.5294, 10.0132, 56.0617

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.5299, 10.0138, 3.3861



55.8573, 47.5893, 50.3399



18.4548, 8.5508, 44.3936



11.5597, 9.5095, 9.9388



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.5299, 10.0138, 3.3861



34.9003, 17.9027, 5.6586



20.0050, 11.7215, 1.2090



8.5801, 8.5388, 9.2873



13.4870, 6.9124, 2.4587



0.4481, 0.2270, 0.2022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5299, 10.0138, 3.3861



34.9003, 17.9027, 5.6586



17.1109, 20.8764, 46.8435



8.5801, 8.5388, 9.2873



13.4870, 6.9124, 2.4587



0.4481, 0.2270, 0.2022

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

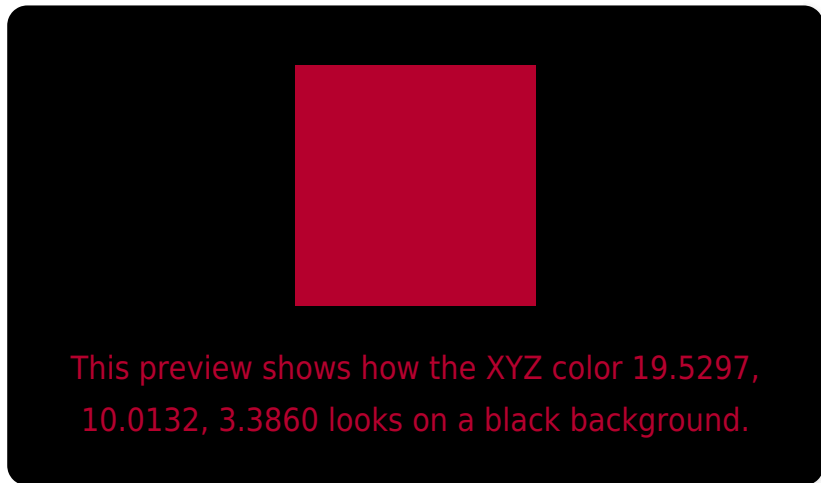
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.5297, 10.0132,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860

Protanopia

10.0161, 10.7243, 7.0109

Deuteranopia

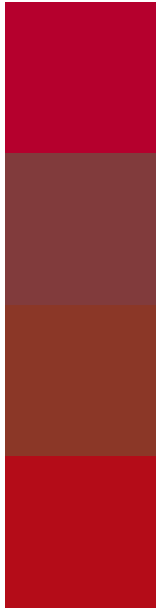
10.7818, 10.5826, 3.0645



Tritanopia

19.1216, 10.1956, 1.3079

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860

Protanomaly

11.4328, 8.1213, 5.2400

Deuteranomaly

12.3799, 8.3678, 2.8821

Tritanomaly

19.1187, 10.0322, 1.7929

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860

Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

Achromatomaly

6.9525, 4.5361, 3.9992

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 0, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 0, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 0, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 0, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 0, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 0, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 0, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 0, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 0, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 0, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.5297, 10.0132, 3.3860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 0, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 0,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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