

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.6448, 37.6684, 11.5462)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.6448, 37.6684, 11.5462)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.6439, 37.6669,  
11.5453)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BF43
RGB	0, 191, 67
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 26%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2510, 0.7372
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.65, 0.25
HSL	141°, 100%, 37%
HSV	141°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453
YIQ	119.7550, -74.0320, -79.0560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

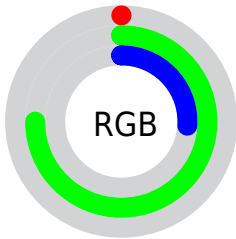
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 141, 191
Decimal	48963
CIELab	67.77, -65.48, 49.78
CIELCh	68, 82.249, 142.758
Yxy	37.6669, 0.2853, 0.5470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239043 (0xFF00BF43)
YUV	119.7550, -26.0082, -105.0251
Hunter-Lab	61.3734, -50.2705, 31.8080

# Details

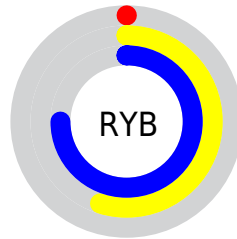
The XYZ color **19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. A complement of this color would be **25.1248, 12.5321, 20.1634**, and the grayscale version is **17.8724, 18.8031, 20.4766**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.4114, 71.7601, 29.3851**, and **8.8261, 17.6171, 3.0501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6448, 37.6684, 11.5462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3281, 37.9730, 13.7326**.

# Distribution



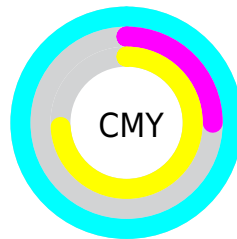
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.6439, 37.6669,  
11.5453


 19.6439, 37.6669,  
11.5453


242.8512,  
336.1889, 212.2413


 12.2432, 25.7243,  
6.3161

 42.3279, 71.5973,  
29.3161


 6.9829, 16.6175,  
2.9664


 58.3418, 94.3538,  
42.6948


 3.4977, 9.9621,  
1.0775


 77.9576, 121.4838,  
59.6271

 1.4221, 5.3739,  
0.0000

 101.5406,  
153.3716, 80.5315

 0.2719, 2.4682,  
0.0000

 129.4561,  
190.4016, 105.8266

 0.0000, 0.8607,  
0.0000

162.0695,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.9582, 135.9309

0.0000

199.7460,  
281.4259, 171.2630

■ 19.6439, 37.6669,  
11.5453

■ 19.6439, 37.6669,  
11.5453

■ 19.6448, 37.6684,  
11.5462

■ 20.3281, 37.9730,  
13.7326

■ 21.3615, 38.4483,  
16.3757

■ 22.8452, 39.1455,  
19.5028

■ 24.8317, 40.0912,  
23.1373

■ 27.3659, 41.3081,  
27.3011

■ 30.4874, 42.8162,  
32.0146

■ 34.2321, 44.6336,  
37.2971

■ 38.6329, 46.7769,  
43.1671

■ 43.7202, 49.2615,  
49.6420

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1471, 37.6669, 4.3924



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



16.6032, 37.6669, 32.7992

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



32.8049, 37.6669, 157.1724



63.4309, 37.6669, 19.4419

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



25.1248, 12.5321, 20.1634

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.9668, 37.6669, 50.4946



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



46.1231, 37.6669, 145.4860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



22.9431, 37.6669, 125.8938



59.0215, 37.6669, 99.7048



52.7412, 37.6669, 6.7007



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



16.8493, 37.6669, 58.5118



59.0215, 37.6669, 99.7048



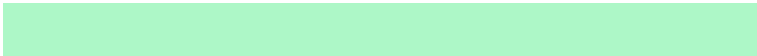
65.3543, 37.6669, 27.4050

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6448, 37.6684, 11.5462



60.9628, 79.7683, 66.3238



26.9658, 41.5596, 6.6006



12.7326, 17.1985, 13.6541



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6448, 37.6684, 11.5462



35.0788, 67.4202, 20.1322



25.1846, 39.8844, 40.7183



9.5433, 10.7034, 10.8444



12.9446, 24.7681, 7.7712



0.5385, 0.9828, 0.4699



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.1248, 12.5321, 20.1634



44.8773, 22.3963, 35.4819



21.7042, 11.1638, 2.1508



9.7839, 9.6379, 11.2513



16.5503, 8.2513, 13.4574

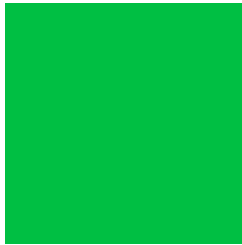


0.6782, 0.3352, 0.6845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6439, 37.6669,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453

### Protanopia

33.5933, 36.9340, 9.4961

### Deuteranopia

37.6207, 36.8835, 12.3441



## Tritanopia

28.8063, 37.6682, 56.2045

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



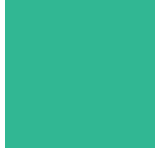
## Protanomaly

23.2080, 34.3329, 9.9612



## Deuteranomaly

24.4773, 33.5375, 11.6619



## Tritanomaly

23.4666, 36.6265, 33.4366

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453



## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537



## Achromatomaly

15.6083, 23.0339, 15.9353

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 67) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 67) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 191, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 67)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.6439, 37.6669, 11.5453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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