

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.7051, 10.1320, 2.1124)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.7051, 10.1320, 2.1124)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.7628, 10.1610,  
2.1480)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B7001E
RGB	183, 0, 30
RGB Percent	72%, 0%, 12%
CMY	0.2824, 0.9999, 0.8823
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.84, 0.28
HSL	350°, 100%, 36%
HSV	350°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480
YIQ	58.1370, 99.4380, 48.1260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

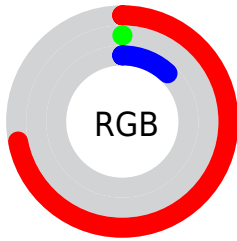
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	183, 0, 30
Decimal	11993118
CIELab	38.13, 62.90, 39.29
CIELCh	38, 74.158, 31.990
Yxy	10.1610, 0.6162, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290183198 (0xFFB7001E)
YUV	58.1370, -13.8715, 109.5049
Hunter-Lab	31.8763, 54.8835, 18.3181

# Details

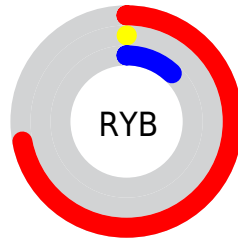
The XYZ color **19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **22.6861, 36.1679, 35.9355**, and the grayscale version is **4.0511, 4.2621, 4.6414**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.5702, 26.1670, 9.4637**, and **7.7457, 3.9931, 0.3625** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7623, 10.1608, 2.1462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.2296, 10.7025, 3.5129**.

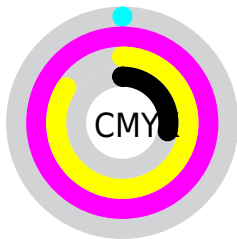
# Distribution



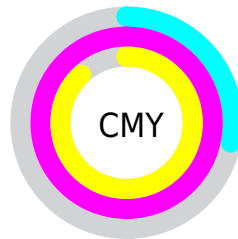
- Red (72%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (88%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.7628, 10.1610,  
2.1480


 19.7628, 10.1610,  
2.1480


243.4862,  
191.8173, 124.6342


 12.3300, 5.5058,  
0.6441


 42.5261, 26.0979,  
9.4416


 7.0426, 2.5470,  
0.0000


 58.5874, 38.1484,  
16.1026


 3.5353, 0.9001,  
0.0000

 78.2555, 53.4328,  
25.3310

 1.4428, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 101.8958, 72.3355,  
37.5454


 0.2864, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 129.8736, 95.2410,  
53.1644


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 162.5544,


122.5335, 72.6065


 200.3035,  
154.5975, 96.2903


 19.7628, 10.1610,  
2.1480


 19.7628, 10.1610,  
2.1480


 19.7623, 10.1608,  
2.1462

 20.2296, 10.7025,  
3.5129

 21.0102, 11.7002,  
5.5105

 22.1926, 13.3136,  
8.2209

 23.8236, 15.6218,  
11.7050

 25.9433, 18.6919,  
16.0167

■ 28.5876, 22.5834,  
21.2050

■ 31.7885, 27.3495,  
27.3151

■ 35.5759, 33.0391,  
34.3891

■ 39.9772, 39.6976,  
42.4663

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.0940, 10.1610, 10.1729



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



14.6601, 10.1610, 0.0189

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



3.5956, 10.1610, 2.7249



9.9810, 10.1610, 63.8928

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



22.6861, 36.1679, 35.9355

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.9464, 10.1610, 54.5018



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



3.0683, 10.1610, 12.0048

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



5.5545, 10.1610, 0.1989



3.7636, 10.1610, 31.7422



15.4038, 10.1610, 51.8933



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480



10.9986, 10.1610, 0.0000



3.7636, 10.1610, 31.7422



8.4305, 10.1610, 63.1189

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7630, 10.1617, 2.1481



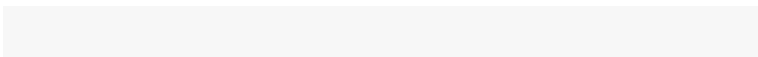
56.6139, 48.5052, 48.3183



21.5911, 10.1438, 45.6194



11.9494, 9.8853, 9.6188



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7630, 10.1617, 2.1481



35.3388, 18.1758, 3.5516



21.1984, 13.4070, 1.4715



9.0630, 9.0356, 9.6793



13.8040, 7.0954, 1.5890



0.5054, 0.2577, 0.1550



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7630, 10.1617, 2.1481



35.3388, 18.1758, 3.5516



15.5084, 17.3407, 47.3292



9.0630, 9.0356, 9.6793



13.8040, 7.0954, 1.5890



0.5054, 0.2577, 0.1550



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.7628, 10.1610,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480

### Protanopia

9.9273, 10.8669, 4.3706

### Deuteranopia

10.8697, 10.7789, 1.7374



## Tritanopia

19.4767, 10.3157, 0.9646

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480

## Protanomaly

11.3243, 8.1133, 3.0670

## Deuteranomaly

12.4922, 8.5285, 1.4780

## Tritanomaly

19.4603, 10.1863, 1.2571

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480

## Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

## Achromatomaly

6.7886, 4.4201, 3.2917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 0, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 0, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 0, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 0, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 0, 30) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 0, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 0, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 0, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 0, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 0, 30)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.7628, 10.1610, 2.1480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 0, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183, 0,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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